Paramedics in Cape Town rushing to help victims outside the Planet Hollywood restaurant after it was bombed.

FBI Aid Asked in Cape Town Blast

By Donald McNeil
New Fork Times Service

CAPE TOWN - As a local Muslim group strongly and repeatedly denied that it was responsible for a fatal bomb explosion Tuesday night at a Planet Hollywood restaurant here, the South African government Wednesday in-vited the U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation to join its inquiry into the

One man died and at least 27 were injured in the blast.

A special agent assigned to the U.S. Embassy in Pretoria arrived Wednesday morning, and two bomb experts who had been investigating the larger and more devastating explosions at the U.S. embassies in Kenya and Tanzania were expected early Thursday.

Also Wednesday, a senior police of-ficial said detectives were following 'some firm leads' and implied that there might be arrests soon.

The FBI was invited not to so much to assist local investigators, the police said, but to see if there are any links between the Planet Hollywood hlast and others against American institutions around the world.

"We've had a long history of bombings in this country, so we've developed our bomh squads to quite a high ability," said the police captain, Rod Beer. "But we want to conperate with the Americans."

Security was increased here not only at U.S. Embassy and consular offices hnt at other symbols of Americana here, including the country's 45 McDonald's hamburger outlets.

The police made it clear they did not think there are any obvious links to the blasts in Nairobi and Dar es Salaam, Tanzania. Those were powerful car bombs that destroyed whole huildings, and the United States has said a worldwide terrorist network allegedly run by

See EXPLOSION, Page 10

Libya Agrees to a Trial in The Hague

TRIPOLI, Libya — Libya on Wednesday accepted a U.S.-British offer to try two Libyan suspects in the Lock-erbic bombing in The Hagne as long as there are no conditions, according to an official statement.

"The Poreign Affairs Ministry annonnees as acceptance of the development that has taken place in the pomons of the governments of the United States and the United Kingdom, which is what Libya has been demanding," the statement by the ministry said.

put an end to sanctions imposed due to UN resolutions 748 and 883," the statement added, referring to economc and air travel sanctions in force

since 1992. London and Washington, which previously insisted that the two Libyan suspects for the 1988 bombing of Pan Am flight 103 be extradited to Britain or the United States for trial, decided

Monday they could be tried in the Netherlands, under Scottish law. Tripoli has been under UN sanctions for refusing to hand over the two

suspects to London or Washington.
The bombing of Pan Am Flight 103 over Lockerbie, Scotland, in December 1988 killed 270 people on the plane and on the ground.

In agreeing to a trial in a third country, London and Washington have adopted an idea already floated by Libya for three years and supported hy numerous other countries.

The Foreign Affairs Ministry

hopes that the American and British governments are sincere in their desire to definitively solve this problem,"

The whole world can judge the sincerity of the United States and Great Britain," it added of the proposed trial, "according to whether the preparations are accompanied by conditions that would delay its taking place."

The Libyan announcement came as Ussama Baz, an advisor to President Hosni Mubarak of Egypt, was in Tripoli to discuss the U.S.-British offer with Mr. Mubarak talked with Colonel Gadhafi by telephone Tuesday abont

the offer. A number of Arab countries, including Egypt, have welcomed the proposal, and the head of the Arab

League, Esmat Abdel Meguid, said Tuesday that he expected Tripoli to accept it. The UN Security Council pressed ahead Wednesday with plans to pass a draft resolution on the Lockerbie

bomhing trial; despite a Lihyan request for a delay. There is no decision to delay anything," the council president, Danilo Turk, said after a closed-door meeting.

We are proceeding with the reso-The Lihyan chargé d'affaires Ram-adan Barg had asked for a delay, say-

ing more time was needed to study the proposal.

The draft resolution submitted by London and Washington pledges to

suspend six-year-old sanctions once the two Libyan suspects have been handed over to the Netherlands. In London, the legal team for the

suspects is to meet soon to work out a response to the U.S.-British proposal, one of the attorneys said. Stephen Mitchell, a London-based

lawyer for the two suspects, said the multinational team of lawyers from Scotland, Germany, the United States, Switzerland and Malta would meet in Libya within two weeks.

The ministry statement did not say ben the accused might be transferred or when the trial might start.

Barbara Crossette of The New York Times reported earlier from the United Nations in New York:

Earlier Wednesday, in a letter to the Security Council, Mr. Barg, the Libyan charge d'affaires, said that the country's judicial authorities needed 'sufficient time" to study the proposal, which was formally made to Lihya on Monday.

The request at the United Nations. had been seen hy a number of diplomats here as an attempt hy Colonel Gadhafi to avoid exposing intelligence agents to scrutiny in a foreign court, came in a plca to the Security Council to delay the passage of a resolution that would suspend sanctions on Libya when the two suspects were turned over for trial, but threaten to angment them if Libya rejected the deal. Some Arah diplomats believed that

See LIBYA, Page 10

With Russia Near the Brink, Chernomyrdin Pleads to IMF

By Celestine Bohlen New York Times Service

MOSCOW - As Russia confronts its worst financial crisis since the collapse of the Soviet Union, with the ruhle poised for a free fall, Acting Prime Minister Viktor Chernomyrdin made a sudden trip to Ukraine to plead with the visiting head of the International Monetary Fund not to cut off its next installment of credits to Moscow.

Alarmed by the ruble's 9 percent drop a day earlier, anxious Russians rushed to

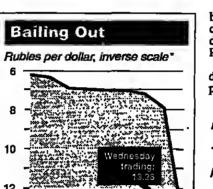
Yeltsin stays out of sight. Page 5.

their banks on Wednesday, only to be given mixed signals on when and how

they might retrieve their savings.

Dollar trading on the Moscow currency exchange was halted, and the value of the ruble dropped 40 percent against the Deutsche mark in a single

The Central Bank of Russia, under hitter attack at home and abroad for its handling of the crisis, said Wednesday that it could no longer afford to protect



14 17 18 19 20 21 24 25 26

A Hurricane Roars Into North Carolina

WILMINGTON, North Carolina -A hurricane hammered the U.S. Atlantic coast near Cape Fear, North Carolina, on Wednesday with howling winds, stinging rains and a potentially dev-

astating surge of water.

The leading edge of the eye swept ashore with winds in excess of 100 mph (160 kph) at Southport, near Cape Fear and just a few miles from Wilmington shortly after 2:30 P.M, said a National Hurricane Center meteorologist, Christopher Burr.

"The eye has moved inland over that beach," Mr. Burr said.

Designated Bonnie, the storm pounded the North and South Carolina coastline with hurricane force winds, torrential rains and a heavy surf for hours before the eye hit the coast.

It was expected to linger over coastal regions for two complete tide cycles, raising the specter of terrible damage from a surge of ocean water up to 12 feet

above normal. 'This is going to be a day-and-a-half, two-day hurricane for us," a weather spokesman said.

The storm packed sustained winds of 115 miles an hour (185 kph) as it barreled down on Bald Head Island. jntring out into the Atlantic south of Wilmington at the mouth of the Cape Fear River. A 101-mph wind gust hlasted an elevated platform on a weather huoy in Frying Pan Shoals about 60 miles offshore.

The flood-prone northern end of nearby Carolina Beach was under water and a pounding surf breached a reinforced 10-font sandbag wall protecting the Shell Island Resort on the north end of Wrightsville Beach, but officials reported no significant damage as the first rain bands moved onshore.

"Even if this storm doesn't make a direct hit where you are, it's so massive it's going to wreak havoc on a wide

See STORM, Page 10

It disclosed that it had already spent \$8.8 hillion doing so in just the last two

In another statement released later in the day, the bank said it would not impose limits on currency transactions, a move that it said would be a step back to "another economic model," an allusion to strict state controls under Communist rule.

Mr. Chemomyrdin's quick trip to the Crimean resort of Simferopol, where Michel Camdessus, managing director of the IMF, was scheduled to meet Wednesday with the Ukrainian president, Leonid Kuchma, was seen as a sign of Russia's growing concern that the IMF would refuse to issue its next tranche of

\$4.8 hillion in credits. This is due to be reviewed by the IMF

board in September. Delivery of the IMF funds is now Rnssia's only hope for a new injection of foreign aid. Western leaders warned that it would be up to the Russian gov-ernment to pull the country out of its lonming financial nightmare.

There are no short-cuts in restoring market confidence, and the next steps are up to the Russia," Barry Toiv, a White House spokesman, said.

That nightmare was already on the horizon for thousands of Russian companies, caught between the ruhle's downward spiral and a gridlock in the Russian banking system.

Several companies reported Wednesday that their banks had not forwarded payments made by customers,

"They take money out of your ac-count, and it may or may not leave your bank, you don't know,' 'the director of a Russian food-processing plant said.

"As a client of the bank, I don't care what they are waiting for, " said another Russian businessman, who asked not to be identified. "After one week of this,

they are killing me."
President Boris Yeltsin has made no further comment on the crisis since a brief televised appearance on Monday, when he gave an explanation of his reappointment of Mr. Chernomyrdin, the man he had fired as prime minister five months earlier.

"Financial and economic policy is a question to which I am giving my attention minute by minute." Mr. Chernomyrdin told the Itar-Tass news gency. "I am extremely dissatisfied with the work of the central hank over

the last two days."

As Mr. Chernomyrdin flew to
Ukraine, leaders of Parliament continued their public bargaining over the future of his government.

At a news conference. Gennadi Seleznyov, a Communist who is the speaker of the lower house, the State Duma, said Parliament was still working on its own proposal to cope with the

economic emergency.

He said Mr. Chernomyrdin must endorse this before his appointment as prime minister could be confirmed at a session now scheduled for Sept. 2.

See RUSSIA, Page 10

Turmoil Forces the Fund To Soften Its Regulations

Lenders Are Unlikely to Get Full Repayment

By Louis Uchitelle New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - Pummeled by global financial crises, the International Monetary Fund is gradually softening its policies, becoming more tolerant of arrangements it would have rejected a year ago — and even allowing some Asian debtors not to repay all they owe to foreign banks.

pushing this process, which favors the country in crisis, a step or two further. Russia has said that \$40 hillion in debt,

scheduled for repayment over 18 months, will be "stretched out" and paid over three to five years. Probable devaluations of the ruble over so long a period raises the odds that foreign lenders, such as Chase Manhattan and Bank of America. will not be fully repaid in dollars.

As a result, one of the great debates of the Asian crisis is showing signs of being settled by events.

The IMF and its mentor, the Clinton administration, have faced criticism for

months that their policies are pitched to assure full repayment of foreign lenders, at the cost of economic growth. Rescuing these lenders and investors from their risky actions only encourages more risky lending and more financial crises. Or so the argument goes, even among some Democrats and Republicans in Congress who oppose an \$18 billion appropriation to fund the IMF. But now events appear to be overtaking words.

realities that are unfolding," said John Boorman, the IMF's director of policy development and review.

Trying to revive the disastrons Indonesian economy, for example, the IMF has encouraged corporate borrowers in that country to renegotiate their debts to foreign lenders. The hope is that with a lower debt load, these companies can return to more normal operations.

In some cases, the foreign lenders are agreeing to collect less than 100 cents on the dollar. It is the first time that has

See IMF, Page 10

AGENDA

Israel Vows to Respond to Rocket Attacks

JERUSALEM (Reuters) — Israel reaffirmed Wednesday its resolve to battle "terrorist organizations" in Lebanon after the killing of a Lebanese milina official by its forces led to the heaviest rocket attacks against northern Israel in a year.

The barrages, which sent tens of thousands of Israelis to bomb shelters Tuesday night, triggered a national debate over the wisdom of targeting senior guerrillas for assassination.

"We obviously reserve the right to take continuous action against the terrorists, as we are doing continuously," Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu said during a visit to northern Israel. "We will do that until there is peace in South Lebanon, which means until the Hezbollah capability is dismantled there and Israel will withdraw from Lebanon at that time."

Security sources in Lebanon said at least 26 Katyusha rockets were fired Tuesday after Israeli helicopters fired at a car in South Lebanon, killing

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The IHT on-line	www.int.com

Hossam Amin, a top official of the Shiite Muslim Amal movement.

Israeli officials said dozens of rockets had landed in Galilee, wounding 10 civilians and two soldiers and causing damage to buildings, power lines and cars. Hezbollah, the Shiite Party of God

that leads a guerrilla campaign to oust Israeli troops from South Lebanon, said it had fired rockets at several Galilee towns and villages.

The Dollar

Wednesday @ 4 P.M. previous close

DM	1.8065	1.8005
Yen	144.225	144.315
FF	6.055	6.0345
Pound Dollars per po	1.637	1.6395
3	The Dow	
4	Wednesday close	percent change
— 79.30	8,523.35	0.92%
1	S&P 500	
- 8.67	1,084.19	- 0.79%
300	Nasdaq	

China Admits to Flood Mismanagement Waters Have Killed 3,000 and Swept Away Foundations of River Control

By Erik Eckholm New York Tones Service

BEUING — As charges mount that poor planning and official neglect worsened the disastrous flooding in China this summer, the government has made the unusual admission that its landuse mistakes are partly to hlame and announced sweeping policy changes.
Officials have clearly been shocked

by the vast scale of damage in southern and northeastern China, where severe flooding persists. While the rains this year have been torrential, heavier rainfall in some other years has caused less flooding and damage.

In the last few weeks, the official press has carried increasingly sharp ar-ticles and editorials on the harmful effects of clear-cutting timber along the

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EE 5.50 S. Africa __R12 + VAT

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upper reaches of the Yangtze River and land, would be restored to their natural the human invasion of vital wetlands along the river's course. In private, some experts are making

more pointed charges that, despite repeated warnings, the upkeep of impor-tant dikes along China's flood-prone rivers has been badly neglected. At a government news conference on the floods Tuesday, Zhao Qizheng, chief of the State Council Information

Office, said the government had decided to shut down logging activities in the upper catchments of the Yangtze River. The deforestation has led to more rapid runoff of rain waters and increased silting of rivers and lakes. He said all cleared areas would be replanted. He also said that large areas of lakes

and wetlands in the Yangtze flood plain, which have been drained to make farm-

condition.

These areas formerly absorbed huge volumes of water during flood periods.
"We have asked a lot of nature, and now we are returning what we have acquired," Mr. Zhao said.

[The official Xinhua press agency said Wednesday that the floods had killed more than 3,000 people across China this year and caused vast economic losses, Renters reported from

[Floods have submerged 21 million hectares (52 million acres) of land, Xinhua quoted a deputy prime minister, Wen Jiabao, as having told a committee of the Parliament. He put the cost of damage at 166.6 hillion yuan (\$20 billion).]

See FLOODS, Page 10

Guerrillas Brush Off Afghanistan Bombing, Calling It a Motivation

By Raymond Bonner and Steve LeVine

New York Times Service MANSEHRA, Pakistan — Guerrilla fighters who have trained at the camps hit by the U.S. missile strike on Afghanistan last week said Wednesday that the attack would not interfere with the training of Muslim revolutionaries there, nor would it harm their morale.

"It will further motivate people,"

said Bakht Zamin, a commander of a guerrilla unit that was trained in Afghanistan and is now fighting not far

Sudan has filed a lawsuit against the U.S. for its missile strike. Page 6.

from here, in Kashmir. "They consider it a matter of pride and a blessing of God to become a martyr." He said the camps, which consisted of

mud huts and tents, could be rebuilt within a week. The Clinton administration has said

that the Afghanistan camps were part of "terrorist network" run by Osama bin Laden, the man it accuses of responsihility for the bombings of the U.S. embassies in Kenya and Tanzania this

Mr. Zamin, a 42-year-old lawyer with an easy langh, rejected the notion that he and his men were terrorists.

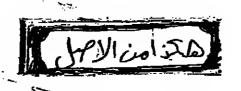
"We feel we are freedom fighters," he said, as he sat on the floor in a singlestory house in the comfields here and shared a breakfast of beans, yogurt and nan, a thick bread. A decade ago, Wash-ington would also have considered him a freedom fighter - he was part of the CIA-backed mujahidin force fighting

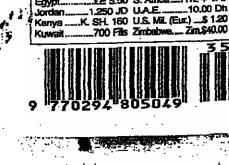
against the Russians in Afghanistan. Underscoring the fact that the distinction between a freedom fighter and a terrorist depends on one's political plat-

form, two of the three camps struck by the U.S. missiles have been covertly supported in varying degrees by Pakistan's intelligence service, Western diplomats and Pakistani government officials said.

To some degree, Afghanistan has lured an amalgam of Muslim revolu-tionaries, united by a fundamentalist faith, in a way that Cuba attracted a

See CAMPS, Page 10





Diving Deep for Signs of Life Below the Ocean Floor

By Kathy Sawyer

BOARD DEEP SUBMER-GENCE VEHICLE ALVIN Wedged inside a titanifeet, the geophysicist H. Paul Johnson strained to peer out a 5-inch porthole into a midnight dreamscape a mile and a half below the surface swells of the eastern Pacific.

Mr. Johnson and Dudley Foster, the pilot of their three-person research submarine, had been at work on the sea floor for almost six hours in badlands of jumbled hlack rock, deep fissures and hot towering fumaroles where oases of color and life bloomed crazily in the pitch dark.

The explorers had just discovered a previously unknown field of bot springs, populated by long white tube worms tipped with jaunty red plumes, scatterings of pale sea sponges and cucumbers, snow-white drifts of bacterial colonies and predatory spider crabs that seemed to watch the intruders with wizened ancient faces.

But the researchers' quarry lay even deeper. On a safari of sorts, they were hunting the smallest, most elusive game imaginable, in one of the most hostile environments on the planet. They were on an expedition to test a provocative theory: that there is a vast, clandestine horde of microscopic organisms thriving deep below the sea floor in the Earth's crust.

Mounting evidence, including newly discovered fossil signs of rock-eating microbes living almost a mile beneath the ocean bottom, suggests that this zone is a giant incubator of

This dive was part of an unprecedented effort to trap cells, molecules, DNA and other telltale evidence swept up in heated fluids that well up from this underworld.

Inside the cramped life-support sphere of the 17-ton Alvin, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Foster and a Washington Post reporter had been lowered that morning from the mother ship, the

research vessel Atlantis.
This was one of 15 deep-sea dives conducted during a 19-day cruise funded by the fledgling Life in Extreme Environments project of the National Science Foundation, the first such expedicion with this theme as its major

Atlantis would travel 1,125 miles (1,800 kilometers) during the hunt, criss-crossing a stretch of the undersea Juan de Fuca Ridge some 200 miles off the Oregon coast. The volcanically active ridge, where the landand Ashes, is part of the 46,000-mile seam that girdles Earth like stitching on a haseball

Here, the giant jigsaw plates of the outer shell pull apart and the planet's very heartbeat can be detected in pulses of sulfurous superhot water, flows of molten lava and swarms of seaquakes.

The plumbing system of hot-water (hydrothermal) vents that follow the ridge line has been a major focus of research since the first vent field was discovered by an Alvin team (includ-ing Mr. Foster) in 1977. They found sooty black water gushing out at temperatures approaching 700 degrees Fahrenheit (370 degrees Centigrade).

Researchers were astonished to discover complex food chains built on ancient, previously unknown forms of heat-loving microorganisms that thrive in the perpetual night of the sea floor amidst the very elements of hell: fiery heat and brimstone (sulfur).

Scientists now regard these deep-sea hot spring systems as a tantalizing window into conditions that may have harbored primordial life forms on Earth billions of years ago, and may closely resemble the actual "garden of Eden" where Earth's first life emerged.

The findings helped revolutionize thinking about the nature of life and the ease with which it can arise on

Earth, and on other worlds. But even these bizarre sea floor oases were not deep enough for the researchers. If the theory is correct, said Mr. Johnson, there are microbes "infesting the pores" of the vast labyrinth beneath the ocean floor.

After years of scattered attempts, Mr. Johnson and his colleagues have launched a multiyear effort to capture the first definitive biological evidence from this mysterious world, to understand its diversity, its habitats and

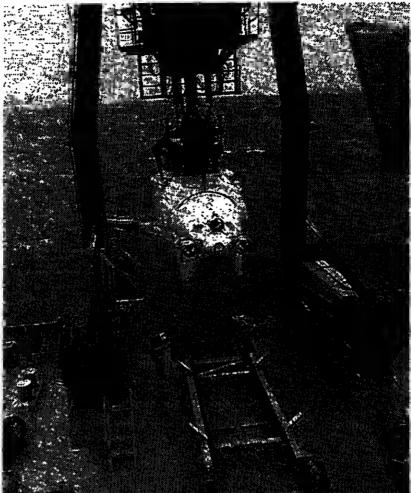
habits.
"We have just awakened to the possibilioes, It's still a frontier," the biogeochemist James Cowen of the University of Hawaii, chief scienost of the July expedition, had said during a break on Atlantis's foredeck.

The strategy of the Life in Extreme Environments researchers may seem odd: they were searching for water in

the depths of an ocean.

But not just any water would do.
They were determined to isolate the particular fluids that had percolated downward toward the planet's molten interior. Now, in an altered state, the fluids were trickling, seeping or spew-ing back up again in high volumes, but at temperatures temperate enough to preserve biological evidence of the sus-

pected microbial throngs far below.
"I call it small game hunting," said



The submersible Alvin returning to its mother ship after diving to the seabed off the Oregon coast to collect samples from vents.

University microbiologist, "We've been talking about this for years, but nobody has ever done it before in this

N SEVERAL dives, Alvin descended with hundreds of: pounds of wet cement. The pilot was under pressure to make haste to the bottom, find the selected site in the murk and dump it on target before it set.

The cement was to serve as a seal, or "grout," to keep contaminants from the ocean proper out of the warm fluids welling up from below. Using Alvin's arm, the pilot would set into the cement foundation an instrument designed to filter out signs of subfloor life. These samples would be marks have names like Hell, Inferno | Stephen Giovannoni, a Oregon State | collected by the researchers hours, 1

days, or a year later.

Shortly after the team's return to land, a lab would confirm the presence of DNA in some of the samples.

On this dive, the starboard view showed nothing but a dusty-looking, gray-black expanse, like a blank photo negative - the abyss. Then the sub turned to port and a scene of irrational color leaped out of the darkness mottled oranges, browns, reds, whites, pinks -- inches from the ports.

"Tube worms!" Mr. Johnson said.

"Jesus, what a spot!"

They had fallen into exactly the site they had planned, a field of warm water springs to the south of a major vent field called Endeavour. Humans had explored this particular spot just once before, Mr. Johnson noted.

claw in motion, filling the air with the whine of tiny motors as he "clear cut" a semilevel patch in the tube-worm jungle and moved boulders to even out the rough ground.

Soon he had laid a concrete form

and collected some worms for the biologists waiting on the surface. Nearby, he deployed another odd, experimental device: a small thermal bio-blanket" with wires and a data collector attached

Mr. Foster and Mr. Johnson worked intently down their list of tasks, using the floodlights sparingly to stretch Alvin's limited battery power. Oc-casionally, the dive coordinator on the mother ship would signal the sub, and Mr. Foster, his eyes glued to the front port, would reach behind him to key a rapid Morse code "B" for "busy," letting the surface know things were

LONG THE WAY, Mr. Johnson took a series of reveal regions where the rock below the sea floor was most porous and therefore provided the most habitable real estate for the team's quarry. To accomplish this, he had arranged for a complex gravity meter borrowed from the U.S. Navy's ballistic missile program to be in-stalled inside the sub.

As they moved northward along the wall, the divers passed rock mounds resembling huge heads sporting what appeared to be dreadlocks, or giant powdered wigs.

Each strand was a tube worm up to a

yard long. In some places, there appeared to be thousands of the animals, disappearing into the gloom. Just as plants grow toward sunlight, the worms apparently angle their plumes in the direction of the flow of hydrogen

sulfide "food," giving each community a common angle of repose.

Reaching the main Endeavour field, the divers flew past a rusty chimney, a tower six stonies high, with wing-like flanges, built up by min-erals deposited out of a fountain of hot fluids from below.

Nearby, there was a shorter vent a "hlack smoker"—that appeared to be puffing soot. (The colors of the vent emissions vary from scintillating clear, to gray, to black, even some-times glowing like flame, depending on the temperature and pressure.)

By midafternoon, Mr. Johnson had completed his final measurement and Mr. Foster dropped ballast, announcing, "Weights away." Like the Wizard's balloon departing Oz, the subbegan to rise slowly toward "home"

U.S. Indicts Cuban Exile Over Plot to: Kill Castro

By Larry Rohter and Ann Louise Bardach New York Times Service

SAN JUAN, Puerto Rico - A lead ing member of the main Cuban exile organization in the United States has been indicted here along with six other men on charges that they conspired to assassinate President Fidel Castro of Cuba last year while he was on a visit to

The indictment said lose Antomo Llama, one of the 28-member inner circle that runs the organization — the Cuban-American National Foundation, — "obtained a .50-caliber rifle" and bought a boat for the conspirators and others who were not named

Their purpose, the document charged, was "to kill, with malice aforethought, Fidel Castro at a place ontside the United States."

According to the seven-count indictment, the would-be assassins traveled in October to Isla Margarita, Venezuela, where Mr. Castro was to attend a meeting of Latin American leaders. Scouting for a location for the assassination attempt, it said, they picked a hilltop overlooking the airport.

That same month, four Cuban exiles were arrested on a cabin cruiser by the U.S. Coast Guard after one of them blurted out that they were on a voyage to

Federal investigators discovered that Mr. Llama owned the vessel, which had departed from a private dock in Coral Gables, Florida.

The dock was owned by the business partner of another official of the Cuban-American National Foundation.

One of the suiper rifles found on the cabin cruiser was registered to Jose Francisco Hernandez, the foundation's

Mr. Hernandez was notified late last year that he was a "target" of the U.S. investigation, a legal term that signified he could face indictment, officials said. A lawyer for Mr. Hernandez held a news conference last week to say that he expected his client to be indicted. He denounced the prosecution as a politically motivated attack on the exile

group.
The foundation has tax-exempt status and has maintained spec its 1981 founding that it espouses peaceful means to bring political change is Cuba.

Tuesday. But a Justice Department official axid that he was "not a minor ver" in the affair and added that he was still under investigation, along with others whom the official did not identi-

Last week, lawyers for the foundation leaders predicted that their clients would be indicted on the relatively minor offense of infringing the Neutrality Act, whose ambiguous language

makes obtaining a conviction difficult, But the charges announced Tuesday were far more serious. They are based on a federal statute applying to the murder of an "internationally protected per-son," such as a head of state, and carries a maximum penalty of life in prison.

Mr. Llama and Mr. Hernandez did not respond to requests for comment. The Cuban-American National Foundation headquarters in Miami issned a statement saying its policy was "that violence is not the answer to the Cuban crisis."

Mossad Borrowed Movie Plot, Paper Reports

ago to assassinate Yasser Arafat, an Israeli newspaper reported Wednesday.

The newspaper Ha'aretz said that the Palestinian was sent to an Arab country to shoot the Palestine Liberation the man immediately turned himself in and said the "crazy Israelis" had sent him. But, Ha'aretz said, the Mossad case officers involved

a donhle cross, they had equipped the Palestinian with a and should be climinated," the newspaper said.

booby-trapped radio. A technical fault prevented the radio from exploding and killing Mr. Arafat, Ha'aretz said, . The plot was the brainchild in 1968 of the Israeli Navy's JERUSALEM — Inspired by the American film "The Manchurian Candidate," the Mossad, the Israeli intelligence agency, tried to brainwash a Palestinian 30 years chief psychologist, Major Benjamin Shalit. He died 10

years ago, the newspaper said.

Ha'aretz said the plan was inspired by the 1962 film in which an American POW in Korea is brainwashed by a Soviet psychologist and sent home with a buried hypnotic Organization leader between the eyes. Ha'aretz said that suggestion that, when activated, turns him into a killer.

Mossad controllers spent months indoctrinating a 28-ear-old Palestinian, jailed on suspicion of membership in Mr. Arafat's Fatah faction of the PLO, with the proposition had always doubted their ability to brainwash. Anticipating that "Fatah is good but Arafat is bad for the Palestinians

Egypt Denies Abu Nidal Arrest

CAIRO — Egypt on Wednesday stood by its earlier denials that it was holding Abu Nidal, the ailing Palestinian wanted in several countries for attacks that have included the killings of many moderate Palestinian leaders.

Reports this week have contended that Egypt arrested him. ABC News said Abu Nidal — whose alias means "Father of the Struggle" and whose real name is said to be Sabri Banna — was in protective custody while receiving med-

An Interior Ministry official denied the report, adding, however, "We have no further information about this," after

security authorities denied earlier news articles last week. Aba Nidal, who is widely reported to be dying of leukemia, heads the Fatah

Revolutionary Council.
The Palestinian ambassador to Egypt,
Mohammed Subeih, said he had no involvement with the Abu Nidal case. "It is a matter for the Egyptians," he said.

Correction

A photo with the Page Two article on St. Hildegard von Bingen in Wednes-day's editions should have been credited to David Crossland.

TRAVEL UPDATE

mediation effort.

tentatively sched-

uled to start Thurs-

day, could avert a

strike at the largest

Canadian airline. which flies to des-

tinations in more

than 110 countries.

Northwest Cancels Many Flights

EAGAN, Minnesota (AP) - Northwest Airlines canceled several hundred flights Wednesday even as talks to avert a strike hy pilots continued less than three days before the "All we're saying is we're hopeful to reach a resolution and we're still talking," said Jim Faulkner, an airline spokes-man. An Air Line Pilots Association spokesman echoed his

comments, saying negotiations "are continuing and there has The pilots union set a strike deadline of 0700 GMT

Saturday. President Bill Clinton has the power to halt a strike for 60 days if it would deprive any section of the country of essential transportation service.

Canada Pilots Cleared to Strike

TORONTO (Reuters) - Air Canada pilots are in a legal position to walk off the job Sept. 1 after the Canadian minister of labor released negotiators from conciliation talks aimed at reaching a contract settlement. But a last-minute

DEATH NOTICE

RICHARD (DICK) RORABACK died on Aug. 22 aged 68 at Woodland Hills, California after long struggle with cancer A furmer sports editor & columnial for the international Herald Tribune be-ween 1957 & 1972 & later writer for the Los Angeles Times, he is survived by his wife Dorothy, daugther Amanda & son Richard A remembrance service is to be held Sept. 27 at Forest Lawn, Glendale.

ways stated we would prefer a negotiated solution," said Captain Jean-Marc Belanger, chairman of the executive council of the pilots association at Air Canada, who added, We do not want a strike." Polluted beaches and towns are overshadowing Mo-

3,000 kilometers (1,860 miles) of coastline and many historical sites and monuments attract about 2 million tourists a year to the country. But several beaches were too "unclean" for bathing, 21 percent were polluted and 50 percent were of "mediocre quality," according to a recent government re-Authorities should show no mercy when cab drivers overcharge foreign customers, according to Thimios Ly-

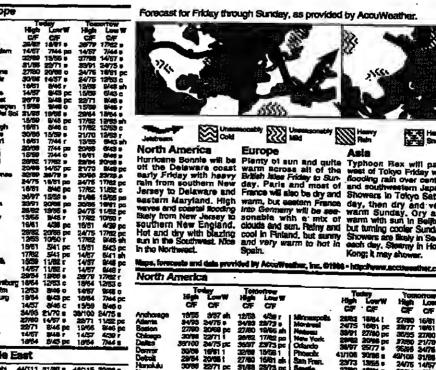
rocco's image as a key North African tourist destination. The

beropoulos, head of a taxi drivers association in Athens. The city has experienced a spate of overcharging. Last week one driver charged an Australian tourist 25 times the normal fare for a ride into town from the airport Contores Air Service said Wednesday that the civil aviation

authority had ordered it to suspend flights between Njazidja, also known as Grand-Cornore, and Nzwani, also known as Aniouan, which declared its independence last year from the small Indian Ocean island state. With no way over the water, people on Nzwani, including tourists, are stranded. (Reuters)

Complaints by British rail passengers soared 103 percent, to a record 19,792, between 1996-97 and 1997-98, according to a watchdog group. The Central Rail Users' Consultative Committee said "lack-of consistency and reliability" was the chief problem. Complaints included poor punctuality, information at stations and train reliability.

WEATHER



North America
Hurricans Bonnie will be plenty of sun and quite the Deleware coast early Friday with heavy rain from southern New Jersey to Delaware and eastern Maryland. High aways and coastal flooding rain over central warm, but eastern Maryland, High aways and coastal flooding rain over central warm, but eastern Maryland, High aways and coastal flooding rain over central and southwestern Japan. Showers and coastal flooding rain over central modeling rain over central flooding rain over central modeling rain over central flooding rain over central floodi

Latin America

Nandering Fy

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THE AMERICAS

Top House Democrat Talks of Impeachment

Gephardt Repeats His Criticism of Clinton As Party Members Say Scandal Is Not Over

By Ceci Connolly

SCRANTON, Pennsylvania — Representative Richard Gephardt of Missouri, the leader of President Bill Clinson's party in the House, said on Tuesday that impeachment of Mr. Clinton could not be ruled out if the facts

Mr. Gephardt repeated his criticism of Mr. Clinton for his behavior with the young intern Monica Lewinsky.

were to leave office, "we'll get through

In a series of campaign appearances and press interviews, Mr. Gephardt sent a not-too-subtle signal to the White House that he could not be counted on to back the president blindly.

"If Congress decides to go forward with an impeachment process, we will be involved in perhaps the most im-portant task the Congress will ever have," be said during a stop here. "We have to, under the Constitution, carefully examine the facts and then make a judgment on whether or not he should be expelled from office."

Gephardt spent Monday talking with Hoose Democrats about their concerns over the effects of the presidential scan-

Administration aides urged Democrats in Congress to declare the scandal over after Mr. Clinton admitted his "inappropriate relationship' with Ms.

But few congressional Democrats have done that in the week since the speech, and many have been openly critical of the president for the rela-tionship and his handling of it.

According to congressional aides, the House members who spoke to Mr. Gephardt ou Monday said they were "upset, disappointed, angry" with Mr. Clinton's speech and were "not willing to say this is over."

. Several told Mr. Gephardt that it was a problem for the party that Mr. Clinton had not cleared the air with a "more definitive" explanation, the aides said. Aboard his plane on Tuesday, Mr. Gephardt said, "There's going to be a lot more said and written about it before

Mr. Gephardt said be had not spoken to Mr. Clinton since the president's speech. The two men have never been close, and Mr. Gephardt never disguised his disapproval of Mr. Clinton's sexual

"I'm very disappointed in what he did," Mr. Gephardt said, echoing comments he made immediately following Mr. Clinton's speech. "There is no way to condone his behavior, the whole totality of what happened in the White House, and what he said about it af-terward."

Mr. Gephardt is a prospective presidential candidate in 2000. He was on a three-day campaign swing to help some of the party's most promising House candidates. But he and the candidates he stumped with had to spend much of the day fielding questions about the scan-

■ Party Chairman Feels Conflicted

Dan Balz of The Washington Post filed this report on another major leader of the Democratic Party:

Roy Romer, the governor of Col-orado and the national chairman of the Democratic Party, said that the presidential scandal had thrust him face-toface with the conflicting obligations of loyalty, advocacy and credibility.

Mr. Romer spilled out his feelings in an interview on Tuesday about the events of the past week and the chal-lenges ahead. Mr. Romer talked about the failure of Mr. Clinton's speech to clear the air, Mr. Romer's determination not to let the investigation overwhelm the Democratic message this autumn

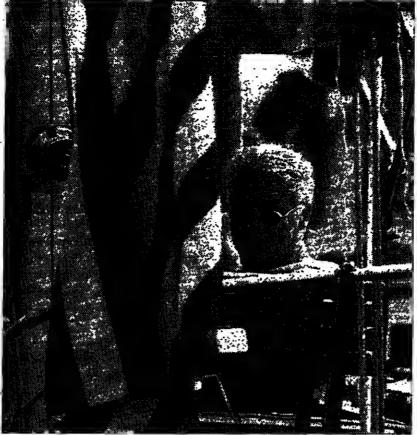
and his conviction that frank talk about the president's situation, not political

spin, was the only safe course.
"We've got to get beyond this," be said. "But the speech"—and there was an audible sigh as he continued — "didn't quite do it. And it didn't because it sounded like too much expla-

Those are words Mr. Romer knows will cause anxiety among some supporters of Mr. Clinton, so with the next Impeaching the president would in effect override the election of 1996, the leader of the House Democrats said, but Mr. Romer said of Mr. Clinton. "He's a leader of the House Democrats said, but Mr. Romer said of Mr. Clinton." breath he sought to leave no doubt that shouldn't be done. You just better be sure you do it the right way."

Mr. Gephardt said that if Mr. Clinton were to leave office. "we'll see the said that if Mr. Clinton to work again.

Few Democrats are in as difficult a position as Mr. Romer, who must lead the defense of the president and rally his party for the midterm elections. He thinks that blind loyalty to the president might lack credibility at the moment.



Bill Clinton on Walter Cronkite's boat in Edgartown, Massachusetts.

POLITICAL

Food-Safety Agency Sought

WASHINGTON - President Bill Clinton has signed an executive order calling for a new interagency council to coordinate the dozen or so federal offices that assure the

safety of the nation's food supply.

The move Tuesday came less than a week after the release of a National Academy of Sciences report that criticized the patchwork nature of the current system. That report called for the establishment of a single, powerful food safety anthority—either an individual person or a new agency—to oversee food safety.

While many advocates applanded the call for a centralized authority, they also expressed doubts that such a change would win the congressional approval that would be necessary, given the food industry's opposition to the plan and Congress's inaction on other food safety initiatives already before it.

The president's decision to establish a Council on Food Safety represents about as much as he can do on his own without congressional action, observers said.

New Inquiry in King Slaying

WASHINGTON - Attorney General Janet Reng ordered Wednesday a limited Justice Department review of the assassination of Martin Luther King Jr., the civil rights "The evidence gathered by the inquiry will be followed wherever it may lead," a Justice Department announce-

Bot it cautioned that, even if proved true, some allegations may not be prosecutable because federal statutes

of limitations may have lapsed.

The review is more limited than the national commission sought by the King family, whose members have expressed doubts about the official version — that James Earl Ray,

acting alone, shot Mr. King on the balcony of a motel in Memphis, Tennessee, on April 4, 1968.

The Justice Department said the review would examine two new allegations not covered by federal inquiries that blamed the assassination on Mr. Ray.

Mr. Ray died in prison this year while serving a life term

for the killing, but had long ago disavowed his confession and spent years futilely seeking a new trial. (AP)

Quote/Unquote

Smart Rothenberg, a political analyst in Washington, as Vice President Al Gore begins making public appearances after his vacation: "He has to walk a fine line, the nature of which is pretty clear. Bill Clinton has been Al Gore's Na. 1 benefactor. He is also the No. 1 reason Al Gore is the heavy favorite to become the party nominee for president. So he needs to remain loyal to the president but at the same time maintain a separate identity to avoid the appearance be is Bill Clinton's teady." (NYT)

Congress Studies History For a Punishment Short Of Removal From Office

By Michael Kranisb The Boston Globe Service

WASHINGTON — As Congress prepares to receive a report on President Bill Clinton by Kenneth Starr, the independent counsel, some members are studying a little-known case: the Senate's 1834 censure of President Andrew

The idea of censuring Mr. Clinton has gained favor among some Republicans and Democrats partly because polls show most Americans oppose impeach-ment. A censure is a statement of dis-

approval, but it carries no penalty.
The idea may be even more appealing to Democrats than to Republicans. Democratic leaders are concerned that the president's admission of an "inappropriate" relationship with the former White House intern Monica Lewinsky could hurt the party's effort to regain control of the House in the November elections.

Even before Mr. Clinton's televised admission last week, Senator Joseph Lieberman, a Connecticut Democrat, called censure "a distinct possibility. He said, "You can sense as you listen not just to Democrats but also to Republicans that there is not a great yearning for an impeachment here."

The staff of the House Judiciary Committee has already begun studying alternatives to impeachment. This is the committee that would hold any impeachment investigation and bearings after receiving Mr. Starr's report. Staff members have found that the House and Senate have applied a oumber of penalties to members of Congress, including the gradations of reprimand, denunciation, censure and condemnation, before escalating to expulsion, disqual-

ification or impeachment. In 1834, President Jacksoo, a Democrat, vetoed legislation that would have extended the life of the Bank of the United States. Jackson thought the bank catered to Eastern elitists. When the Whig Party asked for documents relating to the veto, Jackson refused to turn them over.

The Senate then voted to censure Jackson. But Jackson, aware that he had the support of the Democratic majority in the Honse, told the Senate it had no constitutional power to censure him.

"I have lived in vain if it be necessary to enter into a formal vindication of my character." Jackson said. After the Democrats gained coorrol

of the Senate in 1836, the Senate voted

to expunge Jackson's censure from the In receot years, some members of

Congress have recovered from similar punishment. Former Representative Gerry Studds, a Massachusetts Democrat, was censured in 1983 for his relationship with a boy who was a Senate page. Mr. Studds went oo to be reelected. Representative Barney Frank, a Massachusetts Democrat, was reprimanded in 1990 for writing a misleading memo in an effort to end a friend's probation on prostitution charges. Mr. Frank also allowed his House privileges to be used for waiving parking tickets. Mr. Frank remains in office. In fact, he sits oo the House Judiciary Commit-

Jim Jordan, the Democratic spokesman of the House Judiciary Committee said that censure might be "a logical political resolution of all of this.

If Mr. Starr's report does not "dictate removal of the president," Coogress may be lonking for a means "to voice disapproval for the president's behavior without impeachment," he said.

Away From Politics

 A 1996 crash io Northern California that killed 10 crewmen aboard an Oregon-based Air Force Reserve C-130 transport plane was the fault of the crew. which bad allowed the plane to run out of fuel, an investigation concluded. (AP)

Pennsylvania prisoo afficials must stop reading mail between a condemned journalist, Mumia Ahu-Jamal, and his lawyer, and let him write professionally while he is on death row, a federal appeals court ruled.

 Sixty-nine Americans taking Viagra died between late March and July, with 46 of these cases linked to cardiovascular incidents, according to the Food and Drug Administration. Stressing that it was not signaling a change in its view on the anti-impotence drug's safety, the agency said it would continue to evaluate the need for regulatory action.(AP)

 The Philadelphia Inquirer has fired a reporter who sued the oewspaper alleging it had defamed his reputation. his lawyer said. The reporter, Ralph Cipriand, says his reputation was sullied when an Inquirer editor claimed his reporting on the Philadelphia Arch-

Threat to Gains by Blacks Seen at Southern Colleges

By Rene Sanchez hington Post Service

WASHINGTON - On many college campuses in the South, the percentage of black students enrolling is in decline after years of gains, and their likelihood of graduating is no better than it was when the region first desegregated universities decades ago, a new study concludes.

The report, which was released by the nonprofit Southern Education Foundation, presents a damning assessment of the status of black students in higher education throughout the South. It also contends that leaders in some Southern states are becoming less interested in advancing racial equity on public cam-

"What progress has been made is halting, and this progress, modest and uneven as it has been, is now threatened," the report, issued Tuesday,

Its conclusions echo those found recently in other similar studies, but its scope and findings are more compre-

The 19 Southern states studied account for more than balf of all the black students enrolled in college in the United States and nearly three-fourths

of the nation's black freshmen attending public universities.

In Virginia, black enrollment has dropped from about 20 percent to 17 percent. In Maryland, which has one of the highest rates of black students among the states reviewed, enrollment has dropped from about 31 percent to 29

has increased in the past two decades

The report contends that in nine of the 19 states studied, the proportion of col-lege-age black adults attending public universities has declined in this de-

are earning bachelor's degrees in Southem colleges is stagnant, and it is still far from matching the rate of whites.

Blacks account for 20 percent of the college-age population in the South, yet they make up only 10 percent of those who receive bachelor's degrees.

Even though the number of black students in the South who attend college their representation as a percentage of college students in various Southern states is either largely flat or beginning

Whites, on the other hand, constitute 68 percent of the college-age population in the region but make up 80 percent of



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AMERICAN TOPICS

On Net, Wandering Eyes Find More Than Just Chat

Dear Abby, the advice column, was one of the first to take note of the trend. Now divorce lawyers confirm it: Internet romances are killing mar-Men and women, feeling stifled by uncommunicative spouses, reach across cyberspace for company;

friendly words can lead to more.

ever have imagined I would be going through this, 'said Deborah Brown,

Never in my wildest dreams would I

38, who left Florida and her husband of 13 years to marry a Maryland man she met on-line. The workplace still ranks No. I for extramarital encounters, divorce lawyers say, but computers are moving up fast. Divorce cases stemming from relationships begun over the Internet started showing up two or three years ago. "I hadn't even thought about it," said Jennifer Harrington, a lawyer in Clearwater, Florida, "and all of a sudden, boom, it's the reason for di-

Internet romances are fueled by the anonymity of the medium: On-line, double chins and unwashed T-shirts don't matter. Conversations can be held out of sight of neighbors or co-workers. "Yoo can say anything you want without having to be face-to-face," Jill Jones, 41, of Atlanta, told The St. Petersburg Times in Florida. "That cuts down on a lot of taboos and barriers." She and her husband, Keith, met on-line, then left their spouses for each other.

Bot anonymity has its dark side.

"You don't have any idea who's talk-ing" when oo-line, said Ellen Ostman,

a lawyer in Tampa, Florida. 'It could

be the man of your dreams — or the hunchback of Notre Dame."

Short Takes

Once, getting the car washed was simply a chore to be done. Now it has become The Cool Thing to Do. Taking their cue from those highly successful bookstore chains and coffeehouses, some car washes now offer espresso or

fresh juice bars, The Atlanta Journal-Constitution reports.

Others provide dry-cleaning services, even mini-massages. The trend is clear: There are 75,000 car washes in America, 14 percent more than a year ago, with \$18.2 billion in annual

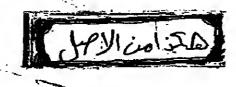
At the chic Auto Boutique in sub-urban Atlanta, customers sit under umbrellas on an outdoor deck, prop their feet up and sip gournet coffee while college kids hand-wash their Chero-kees or Explorers. "I guess you could say there are bars to be seen in," said Paula Rodgers, 34, as she watched her Lexus SC400 being waxed. "This would be the car wash to be seen in."

Brian Knowlton

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Herald Eribune



But It Says Mystery Site Won't Imperil Accord

By Dana Priest

WASHINGTON - The United States has informed North Korea that it objects strongly to that country's construction of a vast underground nuclear facility, which U.S. intelligence analysts say is being dng in a mountainside near a former nuclear research center at

However, U.S. officials added, because the precise nature of the project is not yet known, the United States does not intend to abandon a 1994 framework

agreement with North Korea.

Under that accord, North Korea pledged to freeze and eventually dismantle its nuclear program in exchange for a promise of hillions of dollars in aid and help to build two nuclear power

The officials said the U.S. position was conveyed to the North Koreans by Charles Kartman, a special envoy on nuclear affairs, during three days of talks in New York.

The talks, which began Friday, were

Bomb Threat Proves a Hoax

SINGAPORE — The U.S. Embassy here received a bomh threat on Wednesday, an embassy spokesman said.
''An embassy switchboard operator received a telephoned bomb threat,'' he

Other sources said a search uncovered no bomb.

A Singaporean police spokesman said he had received no information on the incident.

Security at U.S. establishments worldwide has been stepped up after U.S. embassies in Kenya and Tanzania were bombed by unknown persons and after the United States staged cruise missile attacks in Sudan and Afghan-

suspended Tuesday night. Officials said the U.S. delegation was returning to Washington for consultations.

The Americans were said to have told the North Koreans that the tunneling at Yonghyon was "not acceptable to the United States," as well as any other activities that would permit North Korea to restart its nuclear program at a moment's notice

About 15,000 North Koreans are working at the underground site where, experts have concluded, they intend to construct either a nuclear reactor or a nuclear- materials processing plant. But the North Koreans have not yet

begun work on a reactor or a processing plant, the officials said. Washington has concluded that the

underground facility is not sufficient cause to break the 1994 nuclear agreement and it has not given the North Koreans a deadline to stop work at the

site.

"Terminating the agreement gives them the ability to restart existing facilities, which could begin producing nuclear weapons within months," a senior U.S. official said.

The new facilities, he added, would take five years or more to complete. In July, key members of Congress on the national security committees asked the administration for classified hriefings on the subject after the administration publicly denied the existence of evidence that North Korea was not

abiding hy the agreement. The denials contradicted previous closed hriefings about the site to at least one senior member of Congress by officials of the National Security Coun-

On Aug. 4, a select House panel was hriefed by a blue ribbon delegation.

The briefing lasted two hours and included some heated exchanges, ac-

cording to people in attendance. During the meeting in New York, the U.S. team told the North Koreans that the U.S. government was committed to the agreed framework, including reconsidering sanctions now imposed on the country and delivering \$500 million worth of fuel oil to North Korea until the two nuclear reactors were completed.

BRIEFLY



HONG KONG VIGIL. - Protests at the Indonesian Consulate condemning the rape of ethnic Chinese in Jakarta riots.

Party Quits Pakistan Coalition

KARACHI, Pakistan — A key political party quit its alliance with Prime Minister Mian Nawaz Sharif on Wednesday, threatening the existence of the governing coalition in the volatile southern province of Sindh.

The Muttahida National Movement draws its main sup-

port in the port city of Karachi, which is also the commercial huh of Pakistan and the capital of Sindh. The party said it would end its 19-month alliance with Mr. Sharif Pakistan Muslim League both at the federal and provincial

The Muttahida National Movement's departure poses no threat to Mr. Sharif's federal government, which has a hig majority in the national Parliament. But in the 109-seat Sindh provincial assembly, his Muslim League, which leads the provincial coalition, has only 16 seats, compared with 35 for the Pakistan People's Party of former Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto and 28 for the Muttahida National Movement.(Reuters)

Another Water Scare in Sydney

SYDNEY — Parasites invaded the water supply for the second time in a month, forcing officials on Wednesday to advise 3 million Sydneyites to boil their tap water.

The director-general of the New South Wales Health

Department, Mick Reid, said the parasites giardia and cryptosponidium had been detected in the city's water. I'm terribly concerned," he said. "This is a major decision, to advise all Sydney residents, or a large component of Sydney residents, to boil their water."

Sydney Water said dead dogs in open canals had been responsible for the outbreak of giardia last month. The water was unfit to drink for a week. Mr. Reid said the levels of cryptosporidium detected this time were higher. (AFP)

Army Seals Off Burma Shrine

RANGOON, Burma — The military government bar-ricaded Burma's most sacred Buddhist shrine Wednesday, witnesses said. It was the 10th anniversary of a speech by the opposition leader Anng San Sun Kyi that touched off a popular uprising.
Security forces closed all entrances to the Shwedagon

Pagoda and fenced of the surrounding area, the witnesses said. Diplomars in the capital said the aim was apparently to prevent commemorations of the 1988 uprising for de-mocracy. The military rulers crushed that uprising at a cost of several thousand lives, according to most independent

Diplomats said the official explanation given for closing the pagoda was "special cleaning." Security policemen armed with batons were stationed at each of its four main

U.S. Reports Progress in Talks With **Pakistan**

ISLAMABAD, Pakistan — Talks between American and Pakistani officials in London to head off a potential nuclear arms race in South Asia were positive and also lent backing to an early international financing package for Pakistan, according to a joint statement made available here on Wednesday.

The statement said that a meeting between Deputy Secretary of State Strobe Talbott and the Pakistani foreign minister, Shamshad Ahmad, had been, "serious, substantive and construc-

The statement, issued in London said both sides had called for an early resumption of Pakistan-India talks and that the United States also expressed support for a swift International Mon-

etary Fund agreement to ease Pakistan's current economic difficulties.

The statement said that "recent developments were discussed," without velopments were discussed, without directly mentioning the uproar caused in Pakistan by the U.S. cruise missile attack last week against suspected tectrorist camps in Afghanistan and also an alleged chemical-weapons laboratory. site in Sudan.

Earlier this week, Pakistan lodged a formal protest with the United Nations that the United States had violated Pakistani airspace for the attacks on militants in Afghanistar

It said the United States also expressed support for an early agreement between Pakistan, the International Monetary Fund and members of the Paris Club, grouping major lenders.
Pakistan seeks a \$3 billion package to

avert a balance of payments crisis and a default on its \$30 billion in debts. The United States imposed economic

sanctions on Pakistan and India after. they conducted nuclear explosions in May. The move tipped Pakistan's fragile economy into crisis as foreign cap-ital inflows dried up.

The statement said that Kashmir, the

Himalayan region disputed by India and Pakistan, had been discussed.

E.G. Marshall, 84, Actor Who Portrayed Dignity in Films, Plays and TV, Dies

statesman in plays, films and television, died Monday in Bedford, New York.

Mr. Marshall, an articulate, witty man with intense eyes and sharp features, carried prominence in two weekly hourlong television series that had both artistic merit and wide popularity: "The Defeaders," which ran from 1961 to 1965, and "The New Doctors," from 1969 to

He won Emmy Awards in 1962 and 1963 for playing the father and senior partner in the law firm Preston & Preston in "The Defenders."
Then, in "The New Doctors," Mr.

Marshall played the heroic chief of a hospital research institute dedicated to achieving scientific breakthroughs. In later television specials, his hu-

mane persona glowed in portrayals of two presidents, Harry S. Truman in 'Collision Course' (1976) and Dwight D. Eisenhower in "Ike" (1986). His score of films included "The Caine Mntiny" (1954), "The Bachelor Party" (1957) and "Tora! Tora! Tora! Tora! (1970).

New York Times Service

On Broadway, he appeared in "The character actor who projected the image of a knowledgeable professional or elder statesman in place films and television

On Broadway, he appeared in "The every subject except his background.

Floyd Haskell, 82, Ex-Senator

Published records listed his birth date as June 18, 1910, but in a 1997 interview with The Associated Press he insisted

Who Championed Tax Reform

Roses for Me.' (1956).

Therefore the professional or elder statesman in place films and television

Therefore the professional or elder statesman in place films and television

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Therefore the professional or elder statesman in place films and television

Therefore the professional or elder statesman in place films and television.

Therefore the professional or elder statesman in place films and television. Though a charter member of the Acthat he was born in 1914.

tors Studio. Mr. Marshall derued using any specific acting method. "I use anything that helps me," he said in 1978. E.G. Marshall was born June 18,

1914, in Owatonna, Minnesota, to a family that had come from Norway. In interviews, he was informative about University of Minnesota.

Writers speculated that his first ha

might be Everett, while he whimsically suggested that his initials might, or might not, stand for "Edda Gunnar" or 'Enigma Gregarious."

He attended Carleton College and the

good looks made him seem chiseled for his role as a U.S. senator but who never felt quite comfortable in the part, died Tuesday in Washington.

Cokie Roberts, an ABC News correspondent and a friend of the family,

complication that arose from a brain WASHINGTON — Floyd K.
Haskell, 82, whose tall frame and rugged

hemorrhage that Mr. Haskell suffered four years ago when he slipped on an icy sidewalk.

The former Democratic senator from hemorrhage that Mr. Haskell suffered

The former Democratic: Colorado was vacationing in Maine with his wife, Nina Totenberg, a legal affairs correspondent for National Public Radio and ABC's "Nightline" program, when his condition deteriorated.

By the end of his term, he had carved

vocate for the environment.

Dr. Francesco Crucitti, 67, Vatican physician for the popes, Wednesday of cancer in Rome.

Chey Jong Hyon, 68, owner and chairman of SK Group, the fifth-largest South Korean conglomerate, Wednes-: day in Scoul.

Dick Roraback, 68, Writer and Editor in Paris and Los Angeles

Los Angeles Times Service

LOS ANGELES - Dick Roraback, 68, a feature writer and copy editor for the Los Angeles Times for 22 years until he retired in 1995, died Saturday of throat cancer after a yearlong battle.

Mr. Rorahack was sports editor of the International Herald Trihune from 1957 to 1972. His verse ode to an expatriate's longing for basehall, "The Crack of a Bat," is reprinted by that paper every year around opening day.

An adventurous soul during his early

years in Paris, Mr. Roraback helped refugees escape from Hungary after the 1956 uprising against Communist rule. He was captured by Hungarian anthorities and imprisoned for several

negotiated his release. He returned to the United States at that time hut was soon drawn back to Paris, as he put it, "by hearing an Edith Piaf song.'

weeks until the U.S. State Department

His account of how he started working for the Tribune was equally whim-

sical: In 1957, while he was a student at desk, Mr. Roraback wrote a highly per-the Sorbonne, he would read the paper at sonal and comic column on the back a sidewalk cafe. When he got to the sports page, he was constantly so ap-palled at the quality of the writing and layout, as he often said, that he finally wrote a letter of complaint to the pa-

An editor wrote back to say that if Mr. Roraback thought he could do better, he should drop by for a chat. He did, and was hired.

In later years, after he left the sports

page of the Herald Tribune. It was fall of word play, arcane jokes and such competitions as traveling the entire Paris subway system in the shortest possible

In a series of articles in 1971 he retraced 100 years later the journey of the newspaperman Henry Morton Stanley to find the missionary David Livingstone in central Africa.

Mr. Roraback moved to Los Angeles

in 1972 and joined The Times the for

A felicitous writer, he followed the ronte of the Los Angeles River in a 1985 series, recounting its history to residents of the city who scarcely know the river

He was a graduate of Dartmouth College and the Sorbonne in literature and history. He served as a U.S. Navy lieutenant in the Korean War and later as a Lutheran Church missionary to refugees in Jerusalem in the 1950s.

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EUROPE

3 Aid Workers Are Killed in Kosovo

KIJEVO, Serbia — Three people bringing supplies to Kosovo Albanian refugees have been killed by gunfire from a police vehicle in what appears to be the most serious government effort yet to harass aid workers.

The three, all ethnic Albanians work-

ing for the Mother Teresa relief or-ganization, were killed Monday as they rode on tractors pulling wagons loaded with supplies for some of the refugees who have fled a military offensive in Kosovo

Kosovo.

The number of refugees has grown to

The wagons were piled with food and white boxes with large blue circles bearing the name of the donor, Doctors of the World.

Still, a government statement explained the shooting by saying the po-lice in an armored personnel carrier could not see what was in the wagons and became suspicious and opened

The attack occurred in a field at midafternoon in the village of Vlaski Dren-

The three slain aid workers were local representatives of the Mother Teresa

The attack seems to confirm the suspicions of many relief workers that the overnment has decided to make distributing food and other aid more dangerous, both for the aid workers and the

The Yugoslav government's military offensive, which began five weeks ago, has hurt the rebels, but it has brought

International relief workers estimate as many as 20,000 homes have been damaged or destroyed by the advancing

burn villages, most refugees are afraid to return home or have no homes left. Getting adequate supplies to many of the civilians has been impossible because they have scattered into small groups in remote areas to avoid gov-

where civilians were fleeing.

Now, under Western pressure, the

Tribunal at The Hague Pushes War-Crime Probes

UN Inquiries in Kosovo Aimed at Both Sides

By Marlise Simons

THE HAGUE — As NATO threats of military action have failed to stop the fighting in Kosovo, the United Nations war crimes tribunal has stepped up its investigations in the Serbian province. The International Criminal Tribunal

for the former Yugoslavia has assembled a team of investigators, lawyers and military analysts to focus exclusively on Kosovo, tribunal officials said. Members of that team have made their first fact-finding mission to the area and are scheduled to go again soon.

The investigators have instructions to identify the people responsible for the ongoing shelling and torching of civilian areas in Kosovo. They also are examining reports that oumerous civilians, most of them ethnic Albanians, have been kidnapped and killed in circumstances that cannot be defined as military combat.

In recent weeks, thanks to additional UN funds earmarked for Kosovo, the tribunal has been able to hire about a

"Kosovo is definitely one of our priorities," said Graham Blewitt, the tribunal's deputy prosocutor. "We are doing all we can, collecting information, assembling cases and drawing op plans for indictments." He added that the tribunal was looking into war crimes by both parties to the conflict, a comment that seemed to address charges from 'Our investigation involves not just

Serbs but also the Kosovo Liberation Army," he said. "There are allegations of war crimes on both sides."

group, which handles distribution of government has relented somewhat on international supplies.

disaster to civilians.

With troops continuing to shell and

The killings on Monday seem to follow a pattern established as soon as the military offensive began. In the early stages, the government refused to allow relief convoys to go to many areas

Since the conflict in Kosovo began early this year, the Security Council, which created the tribunal in 1993, has maintained that the court's jurisdiction includes Kosovo. The tribunal's chief prosecutor has repeated the point in the face of Serbian claims that events in Kosovo are an internal affair. The dispute over war crimes, even as

they are going on, once again raises the question of the purpose of the tribunal and whether it can fulfill its role to help heal war wounds and act as a deterrent. The six trials under way at The Hague involve war crimes in Bosnia-Herzegovina and Croatia.

Human rights activists, aid workers and military observers report that 240,000 people, perhaps a tenth of the population of Kosovo, have been left homeless by the Serbian drive to secure the province from rebels who are fightfor independence.

However remote the court may be from Kosovo, some tribunal officials say it has made a difference.

We got more reports of strocities, of summary executions, kidnappings and munders by the Serb police earlier thisyear," a senior official said, "There's obviously still a lot of suffering and destruction. But we're not getting as much evidence of atrocities in the past few months since the prosecutor made itclear that the tribunal is involved." It would be hard to prove, he said, "but

it is possible that the prosecutor's several nes have lessened the crimes." "It is also possible," he added, "that still burning. the Serbian military who got more involved from June onward had different

stricting access, while tightening con-

trol in other ways.

It has blocked imports of some supplies, and delayed by weeks entry visas for additional staff members aid agencies say they need.

The police are also harassing local employees of the agencies, foreigners

report.
"All in all, we are barely staggering by already, and when they start shooting our people, that turns everything black," said an aid official.

For two weeks, aid workers have said they thought Belgrade might be trying to intimidate refugees to keep them away from places where supplies were distributed.

The workers said villagers have told them that after a delivery of supplies, the government troops often shelled nearby

"It sounded like paranois at first, but we looked a little closer and it did not seem crazy," said a senior official for a nonprofit aid agency. "There is a lot of shelling so you can't be absolutely sure, but if you look at where the supply convoys go and then see what happens the next day or so, you begin to see a

Some foreign diplomats in Yogoslavia say they believe Belgrade's strategy is to make civilians pay a high cost for their support of the rebels, known as the Kosovo Liberation

Army.

Kosovo is a province of Serbia, one of the two republics that make op what remains of Yugoslavia. The other is

Ethnic Albanians are about 90 percent of the population of Kosovo, and most of the rest are ethnic Serbs. The Kosovo Liberation Army wants to break away from Serbia to form an independ-

Diplomats say the government's tac-tics are inhumane and, with aid being restricted, are likely to cause many deaths among the refugees, especially among the infants and the elderly, and more so as the Balkan winter approaches and possibly 100,000 refugees

Aid groups will not be able to cope with the most basic needs of refugees unless the offensive stops immediately, officials of the groups say.

Western diplomacy has failed to stop the offensive, and NATO air strikes have been threatened. But diplomats and senior aid officials say that they think air strikes may be out of the question because the Yugoslav government could retaliate by blocking relief supplies to refugees.

Yogoslav troops continued their tactics of forcing civilians into flight and en destroying their homes. One valley away from the Monday killings, dozens of homes were burning

Tuesday as tanks moved along the A reporter was repeatedly blocked Tuesday from reaching the area where

the relief workers were killed. A videotape of the scene Tuesday showed two tractors that had been hit by large-caliber rounds.

Relief supplies in one wagon Villagers told reporters that the dead had been buried at night so the police



Bertie Ahern and Tony Blair pledging coordinated action Wednesday.

Britain and Ireland Vow To Defeat IRA Holdouts

Anti-Terror Measures to Boost Police Power

The Associated Press

CONG, Ireland - Demonstrating that their governments were "marching in step together," the British and Irish prime ministers pledged Wednesday to rout IRA dissidents for the sake of defending the Northern Ireland peace agreement.
Tony Blair met for two hours Wed-

nesday at Ashford Castle with his Irish counterpart, Bertie Abern, following the Aug. 15 car-bombing by an Irish Republican Army splinter group, the Real IRA, that killed 28 people and wounded more than 330 others in Omagh, Northem heland.

After their talks, Mr. Ahern and Mr. Blair promised to imprison armed opponents of the peace agreement.

They expect emergency sessions of their parliaments in London and Dublin to approve new anti-terror laws oext week giving the police a pivotal role in convicting suspected members of outlawed paramilitary groups.

The proposed powers include allowing judges to coovict suspects of belooging to an outlawed group if a senior the suspects refuse to answer questions during police interrogation. With Mr. Abern nodding in assent

beside him, Mr. Blair said such powers

were "toogh" but would be widely accepted because the public would see "the British and Irish governments marching in step together, making sure that our measures are complementary with ooe another."

Mr. Blair noted that mainstream armed groups in Northern Ireland were observing truces and that their political representatives had endorsed the peace agreement. He said the joint security crackdown was necessary 'to protect people from this small group of extremists that, as Omagh has indicated, will not stop at anything in order to wreck the prospects of peace for everyone else."

British and Irish security forces estimate that the Real IRA, founded after the IRA command called a truce in July 1997 and authorized its political arm, Sinn Fein, to join the Belfast talks, has 50 to 100 members, with senior figures residing in the Irish Republic.

The group announced on Aug. 19 that it had suspended its campaign, one step short of a formal cease-fire.

Respooding to news reports that com-landers of Real IRA had met secretly Tuesday to discoss their next step, Mr. Ahern said his government demanded a from him, but the chancellor has dedeclaration "that there will be a complete cessation of all their evil acts."

Kohl's Party Gains in One Poll, Loses **Ground in 2d**

BONN — Chancellor Helmut Kohl's Christian Democratic Union slightly narrowed the gap with the opposition Social Democrats in one opinion poll published on Wednesday, but a second survey found Mr. Kohl's party had fallen farther behind.

A survey by the conservative Al-lensbach institute found the Christian Democrats at 35.2 percent, up from 34.5 percent a week ago. It said Gerhard Schroeder's Social Democrats slipped from 42.9 percent to 42.7 percent.

But Mr. Schroeder's lead on Mr. Kohl in the campaign for the Sept. 27 elections widened from five points to six in a separate survey by the Forsa polling institute.

"We are seeing parallels between the improving economic climate and the improving outlook for the CDU," said Edgar Piel of the Allensbach institute. "An improving economy has always helped the CDU. That was a big factor in

The Allensbach survey of 2,000 voters, which was published in the Frankfurter Allgemeine Zeitung, was cooducted between Aug. 8 and 16. It has a margin of error of 2 percentage

The Forsa survey for RTL television found the Social Democrats steady at 43 percent while the Christian Democrats

slipped one point to 37 percent. The Forsa survey was conducted be-tween Aug. 17 and 21 and was based on interviews with 2,513 voters. It has a

2.5-point margin of error. Forsa had both the Free Democrats and the Greens at 5 percent, representing a rise and a fall of 1 perceotage point, respectively, and the Party of Democratic Socialism, or reformed Commu-

nists, was steady at 4 percent.

The Allensbach survey also had the three small parties oear the 5 percent threshold occded for representation. The Greens were at 6.3 perceot, down from 7.0 perceot, while the Free Democrats were up from 5.8 percent to 6.0

Meanwhile, Mr. Kohl's parliamentary chief said Wednesday that the chancellor might oot serve a full four-year term if he is re-elected.

Wolfgang Schaenble, Mr. Kohl's preferred successor, said to the weekly Die Woche that the chancellor was running for a full term but that did oot completely rule out handing over power before 2002.

"Kohl has said be's running for four ears, but at the end of the day he's also left things a little open about what could happen in those four years," Mr. Schaeuble told Die Woche in remarks released ahead of the newspaper's pub-

lication on Thursday. Mr. Kohl said last year he hoped Mr. Schaeoble, head of the conservatives' clined to say when the handover should

BRIEFLY

2 New Crosses Fuel Auschwitz Dispute

CZESTOCHOWA, Poland — Prospects for ending a row between radical Roman Catholics and Jewish groups over crosses erected at Auschwitz seemed remote Wednesday after two more crosses went up at the site.

Defying a call Tuesday by Polish

bishops to remove crosses recently crected just outside the former Nazi death camp, nationalist Catholics planted two more large crosses, the PAP news agency said.

The bishops, meeting in Cze-stochowa, had called for more than 220 smaller crosses to be removed from the site, but that a larger one, under which Pope John Paul II prayed in 1979, should stay. It was moved to its present site in 1988. (Reuters)

Le Pen Party Aids Swedish Far-Right

STOCKHOLM - The leader of France's extreme-right National Front, Jean-Marie Le Pen, is helping to fund a far-right party in Sweden ahead of Sept. 20 general elections, he told a Swedish newspaper Wednesday. Mr. Le Pen said in an interview with

Nordvastra Skanes Tidningar that his party would pay for about eight tons of campaign material for the Sweden Democrats. He declined to give the

The Sweden Democrais are a new, young and poor party," he said. "We in the National Front remember the enormous material difficulties that we were forced to overcome when we

The Sweden Democrats fielded candidates for the first time in Sweden's last general elections, in 1994, when they received 12,651 votes. They would need to gain more than 10 times that oumber to stand a chance of winning any Parliament seats. (Reuters)

Is ETA in Belgium? Madrid Casts Doubt

MADRID - Police believe the leadership of the Basque separatist guerrilla



YOU SAY 'TOMATINA' - Youths throwing tomatoes Wednesday during an annual festival in Bunol, Spain.

group ETA has moved from France to Belgium in search of a safer haven, a

Spanish newspaper said Wednesday.
Without citing its sources, the daily
El Mundo said the authorities believed
that three BTA members had set op
headquarters in Belgium. It identified the three as Inaki Gracia Arregi, Mikel

Albisu Iriarte and Eusebio Arzalluz. But a Spanish Interior Ministry spokesman called the report "pure speculation" and said the authorities had no indication that ETA leaders were in Belgium.

12 Turkish Islamists **Face Fraud Charges**

ANKARA - Turkey's chief prosecutor has begun legal action against 12 of the country's leading Islamic politicians, including Recai Kutan, who leads the Virtue Party, the biggest party in Parliament, and former Prime Minister Necmettin Erbakan. The prosecutor, Vural Savas, accused the 12 of misappropriating \$3.6 million in party funds and said be had asked that fraud cases be opened against them.

All were members of the pro-Is-lamic Welfare Party until it was banned by the Constitutional Court in January as "a rallying point for anti-secularist activities." (WP)

Conservative Forces Rally Around Juppe

PARIS — Party stalwarts rallied Wednesday behind former Prime Minister Alain Juppe as he defended himself against graft charges and sought at the same time to distance President Jacques Chirac from the scandal. "Juppe Covers Chirac," the leftist daily Liberation said in a headline, while the conservative Le Figure said more soberly that Mr. Juppe was "taking responsibility."

Mr. Juppe is under investigation over salaries that the city allegedly paid to members of his Rally for the Republic party in the late 1980s, when Mr. Chirac was mayor of Paris. In a television interview Tuesday night, he denied there had been any swindle or that he had pocketed public funds. He said parties had done "the best they could" on funding in the absence of effective legislation gov-

eming it.

While the affair dominated headlines in the French press Wednesday, several newspapers shrugged off the allegations, noting that official jobs for party activists had been general practice for decades.

Patrice Chabanet, wrote in Le Journal de la Haute-Marne that the legal system

was acting properly when it sought to track down abuses of public funds. But he wrote: "It should be noted that, in the vast majority of cases, there has been no personal enrichment just crude attempts to help out parties when the law seemed — until recently at least — to believe they could live on nothing but air." (AFP)

Yeltsin Avoids Kremlin **Amid Economic Turmoil**

Back From Vacation, but Commuting Infrequently

MOSCOW -- President Boris Yeltsin stayed away from the Kremlin oo Wednesday as the ruble and financial markets suffered sharp falls, and remained at his suhurban dacha, the Kremlin said.

'He sometimes works in the Kremlin; he sometimes works at the suburban residence," said Alexei Gromov, a Kremlin spokesman. "It's far from every day that he comes to the Kremlin."

Mr. Yeltsin, who holds the overwhelming balance of power under the Russian constitution as well as the buttoo to the country's ooclear arsenal, returned to Moscow oo Monday from a five-week vacation, amid a severe economic crisis that led to a devaluation of the ruble and an effective default on some foreign deht.

Hours before coming back to the Kremlin, he dismissed the government of Prime Minister Sergei Kiriyenko and brought back Viktor Chernomyrdin, whom he had fired in March.

The actions provoked a wave of oew criticism of Mr. Yeltsin, who has a history of heart problems and acknowledged in his memoirs that he occasionally suffers from depression. "The president is in full, constant

cootact with Chernomyrdin and the leadership of his administration and he receives all his information in a timely fashion," Mr. Gromov said. "He is up to date oo all events."

The Kremiin said Mr. Yeltsin spoke with Mr. Chernomyrdin oo Wednesday afternoon. It said Mr. Yeltsin approved of the acting prime minister's efforts to

form a new government. But economic turmoil cootinged oo

Wednesday as the central bank sus-pended sales of dollars to banks to bar further plunges in the ruble, prompting a

which rose about 40 percent against the Russian currency. Kremlin officials said Mr. Yeltsin's health, a cause of coocern since he underwent heart surgery and then caught pneumonia in the autumn and winter of 1996-97, was fine.

"He had meetings all of yesterday

surge in demand for the Deutsche mark,

meeting with ambassadors, with the Vi-etnamese premier," said Viktor Vershin, deputy to Mr. Yeltsin's chief of staff, on Wednesday. "I think all is normal. There is no cause for concern." Mr. Yeltsin has periodically disappeared from public view for weeks at a time during his presidency, which began in 1991. But his erratic behavior

and lapses of concentration have

sparked growing concern during the current crisis. "In general, he understands what is happening. But in details? I am not sure," said Boris Nemtsov, former

deputy prime minister. During his meeting with President Tran Duc Luong of Vietnam oo Tuesday, Mr. Yeltsin dismissed fears about his health.

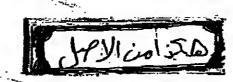
"Now everything is fine," he said. The Vietnamese leader said Mr. Yeltsin looked "younger than in photographs," to which a smiling Mr. Y eltsin replied that the fault lay with the

photographers, oot his health.

Mr. Gromov said Mr. Yeltsin's next scheduled meeting would be with Presideot Petar Stoyanov of Bulgaria on Friday and that oo meetings had been scheduled for Thursday.

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Gunfire Resounds Through Kinshasa as Government and Rebels Clash

By Norimitsu Onishi New York Times Service

KINSHASA, Congo - The sound of explosives and gunfire reverberated throughout the capital Wednesday, as government and rebel forces fought

each other on the city's outskirts. The government of President Laurent Kabila said its forces and allies had attacked a column of rebel soldiers with machine guns, mortars and rockets. The fighting was concentrated near the Kinshasa airport, about 26 kilometers (16 miles) from the city's center, and it was not clear whether the rebels were re-

In the city's diplomatic and business center, government soldiers blocked roads, prevented people from circulating on the streets, and checked the trunks of vehicles coming into the area. Government trucks filled with soldiers and armored tanks could be seen rumbling toward the residence of Mr. Kabila, leav-

ing wide white tracks on the asphalt. In La Cite, where most of the city's five million people live, residents said the streets were deserted in the morning, as government soldiers told people to stay home. Later in the afternoon, after the shelling had died down, residents said soldiers had started allowing people to travel.

"There's public transportation now and we can circulate," said a Unicef worker who lives in La Cite. "But there are barricades everywhere and the soldiers are not allowing us to carry our cellular phones."

By nightfall, after a 12-hour curfew went into effect at 6 P.M., the streets were calm and the sound of fighting had

But it was unclear. Western diplomats and local businessmen said, whether the silence signified that the government had succeeded in crushing the rebels' attempt to seize Kinshasa, or whether it meant that the rebels were regrouping and planning another assault at night or in the morning.

"It could be either of those things," said a European ambassador in Kinshasa. "It could be that we're witnessing the actions of a lone rebel holdout, or it could be something much more significant than that. I'm not planning to go out tonight to find out."

In recent days, the rebels seeking to overthrow Mr. Kabila have been in retreat in the region southwest of here since Angola and Zimbabwe began providing arms and troops to Mr. Kabila's beleaguered army. With the help of the two allies, government forces recaptured a critical military airport. And, although rebels still bold a hydroelectric

peared to have eliminated the threat to inshasa, which at one point seemed likely to fall any minute.

But even as the government and its allies made progress in the southwest, an unknown number of rebels lingered in the areas just southwest of Kinshasa.

So as not to alarm the local population, the government has downplayed the nearby presence of the rebels; it pursued that line Wednesday, saying the fighting merely amounted to steps to completely eliminate the rebeis from the area.

"It's the beginning of the end for them," said Dr. Jean-Baptiste Sondji, the government's health minister and a member of Mr. Kabila's cabinet. 'We're not completely free yet of these infiltrators. They could still inflict some small damage on us. But it's the be-

ginning of the end."

Dr. Sondji said the government Seko, whom Mr. Kabila overthrew less

than two years ago.

The rebels are led by ethnic Tutsi from eastern Congo and believed to be backed by Rwanda and Uganda, the two

dam that supplies power to this region, countries that propelled Mr. Kabila to the government and its allies had appower and then became disenchanted with the Congolese president. But the rebels in the southwest have also included former Mobutu soldiers who are not Tutsi and can mix more easily with the local Congolese population.

Dr. Sondji said that 300 of the soldiers surrendered, and 200 fied into a field near the airport. Many were killed, he said.

His report could not be independently verified. But the manager of a charter company at the airport, which has been shuttling fleeing residents across the Congo River to Brazzaville, in the Republic of Congo, said that soldiers had swarmed into the area and that all flights had been canceled.

A hotel employee, who lives near the airport and left for work in central Kinarrived in the area by that hour. But he said that the shelling had not started

The sound of gunfire and explosives began echoing in central Kinshasa after 7:30 A.M. and continued with some intensity for about an hour. The boom of explosives, and what appeared to be return fire, went on until around 2

■ Rwanda Threatens to Intervene Rwanda on Wednesday accused Mr. Kabila of ordering the killing of ethnic Tutsi and issued a warning that it might enter the conflict in Congo to protect them, Renters reported from Kigali,

"Rwanda could intervene in the

Congo crisis if necessary if Kabila pursues the initiative he has undertaken to exterminate foreign nationals or Congolese on the pretext that they are Tutsi or Rwandans," said Patrick Mazimhaka, a minister in the Rwandan pres-

ident's office. "We have no doubt that Kahila has the agenda to exterminate Tutsi, the people of Masisi and the Banyamulenge people," Mr. Mazimhaka said.

He accused Mr. Kabila of ordering his forces to wipe out the ethnic Tutsi Banyamulenge living in the Moba hills west of Lake Tanganyika.

Independent sources say Rwanda's Tutsi-dominated government is hacking rebels fighting to oust Mr. Kabila, but the Kigali government has denied it is involved in the rebellion.

strike targeted camps in Afghanistan

used by the Moslim extremist Osama

bin Laden, whom the United States has

linked to the Aug. 7 bombings of U.S. embassies in East Africa.

medicines, hut Washington charges it

was making a precursor for the deadly

VX nerve gas, possibly with assistance

Sudan insists the factory was making

Sudan Sues U.S. Over Missile Strike forces and their allies attacked a rebel column of 500 soldiers, most of them former soldiers in the army of the longtime dictator, Marshal Mobutu Sese show up in court, he will be tried in Pharmaceutical Industries Co. in North The Associated Press Khartoum on Aug. 20. A second missile

KHARTOUM, Sudan — The attor-ney general of Sudan said Wednesday that the government had filed a lawsuit in criminal court against the United States for its missile strike last week

against a Khartoum factory.

The attorney general, Ali Zaki, said that President Bill Clinton is named in

"We have filed a lawsuit against the United States of America, which is represented by President Bill Clinton," Mr.

He added that "the normal procedure is that if a person or an entity fails to

said Monday. He referred to the pres-

Bomb Probe Spotlights

pect being held in connection with the bomhing of the U.S. Embassy in Nairobi two weeks ago was described by relatives in this seaside town as a simple fish merchant and carpenter.

The suspect, Mohammed Saddio Odeh, 34, was also described, by his wife's family here, as a conservative Muslim who prayed five times a day without fail and who believed women should cover their hair and avoid talking

two weeks ago, thost who knew him here say they had no inkling that he might have any involvement in political groups that hated the United States, his

Nor, his in-laws said, had they ever heard him mention Osama bin Laden. the Saudi millionaire American invesminded the twin bombings in Kenya and l'anzania on Aug. 7 that took more than 250 lives.

" said Mariam Seif, 35, the aunt of Mr. Odeh's wife, who is a Kenyan. "He "He was very nice, very honest, very religious," she added.

Mr. Odeh, who also goes by the sur-name Howaida, arrived in Kenya in mid-1994, Miss Seif said. He said he was a

moderate Kenyan Muslims. He considered smoking and watching videos or

It was an arranged marriage, set up by a man who knew Miss Salim's uncle, Hassan Omar Hassan, Mr. Hassan is a Labor

city of Mombasa, where they took up

35 Parts of

37 Jam ingredie

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Mr. Zaki did not give details of the lawsuit. Earlier this week, the president of Sudan, Lieutenant General Omar Hassan Ahmed Bashir, accused Mr. Clinton of being a "war criminal" for ordering the missile strike.

"The American president has violated international law, and he meant to destroy a civilian establishment and to kill innocent people," General Bashir ident as "a war criminal of the first degree.

U.S. missiles destroyed the Shifa

from Iraq. The government said 10 people were injured in the missile attack. Plant of ficials said the factory sustained \$100

million worth of damages. ■ Sudan-Iraq Bargain Alleged 📑

Jane Perlez of The New York Times

reported from Khartoum: At the end of the Gulf War in 1991, when Sudan was one of Iraq's few remaining friends in the world, the government here struck a bargain with Baghdad, foreign diplomats and Sudanese said Tuesday.

In return for Iraqi financial help and assistance by military and civilian experts, Sudan agreed to allow its installations to be used by Iraqi technicians for steps in the production of chemical weapons, they said. The deal was beneficial to both coun-

tries. Struggling Sudan got economic. help, and Iraq was able to move ahead with chemical weapons far away from the gaze of UN weapons inspectors. 'Sudan is a wonderful place to do

secretive things," a former Sudanese government official said. A diplomat here said the Clinton administration had known about the Iraqi. chemical weapons activities here for-

some time. The diplomats and the former government official said it was not absolutely clear at which of several plants. the Iraqis were working on chemical;

weapons or their precursors. It was not clear either, the diplomatwhether completed weapons or only precursors were being!

produced. They said, however, that a military. complex on the southern outskirts of the city, not the plant that was attacked, was the most likely place for the production to have been taking place.

Immediately after the Gulf War, 40 fraqi government employees were sent to the heavily guarded military complex, said one diplomat, who added."
The Iraqis are there to guard chemical: weapons or substances that Iraq docsn it vant in Iraq."

Hundreds of other Iraqi experts have worked in various fields in Sudan since the Gulf War, including the manufacture of munitions, the diplomat and the former government official said.

The destruction of the pharmaceutical factory in the industrial area of : Khartoum was a surprise because the enterprise had been touted since its opening in early 1997 as a breakthrough in the local production of inexpensive medicines, the diplomat said.

Administration officials said Monday that the factory had been targeted. after soil samples from outside the plant, obtained secretly months ago, were found to have a rare chemical needed for the manufacture of VX.

Justification for Attack In Sudan Still Disputed

By Vernon Loeb ington Post Service

WASHINGTON - Employees of the current and former owners of the pharmaceutical plant in Sudan struck by U.S. missiles have kept alive the question of whether it was a legitimate tar-

U.S. officials have said that they had evidence that the plant was involved in producing a deadly nerve agent. But Tom Carnaffin, a consulting en-

gineer in London who worked for the former Saudi owner of El Shifa Pharmaceutical Industries Inc. in Khartoum from the moment the plant was huilt, said he saw no signs of chemical weapons production.

"I can put my hand on my heart and say, up until April, when I left, I know it wasn't happening," he said. Ghazi Suliman, an attorney for the current owner of the plant, Salaheldin

Idris, a Sudanese who bought it this

WWW.

spring, added, "We had no idea, and it didn't come across our mind, and we didn't hear any rumors previously, that this factory was involved in chemical

On Monday, senior U.S. intelligence officers said they possessed soil samples taken from the site that contained a chemical that could only be

used to make the nerve agent VX.

At first, the administration had said it had targeted the Khartoum facility in part because Osama bin Laden, the Saudi who is described by the Americans as their prime suspect in the bomb-ings of two embassies, held a financial

interest in the plant. President Bill Clinton said that U.S. forces had "attacked a factory in Sudan associated with the bin Laden uetwork."

Within days, U.S. officials began pulling back from directly linking Mr. bin Laden to El Shifa Pharmaceutical.



Hassan Turabi, the speaker of the Sudanese Parliament, condemning

America for bombing his country.

Instead, they said that his link was to the Sudanese military-industrial complex.
The State Department's spokesman,
James Foley, said on Monday, "We believe
that bin Laden was involved" in Sudan, "regardless of whose name may appear on a deed for a particular facility.

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RHODE SCHOOL OF CUISINE

A Kenya Fishmonger lodgings in a sprawling slum. For the next three years, Mr. Odeh By James C. McKinley Jr.

New York Times Service

MALINDI, Kenya - The main sus-

Until his arrest in Karachi, Pakistan

relatives said.

"He just talked about religious matnever mentioned Osama bin Laden.

Palestinian, from Jordan, but never talked much about his family, she added. Relatives also said that he abhorred

television to be sinful. He often chided his wife's uncle for smoking cigarettes and scolded the women in the bousehold for not covering their hair and faces. In October 1994, he married Miss Seif's 18-year-old niece, Nassim Nassor Salim, who goes by the nickname Amina.

Ministry employee in Malindi. The marriage took place in Mr. Hassan's apartment in a working-class neighborhood, Mawani. The next day, Mr. Odeh took his young bride to the

worked as a small-time fish merchant, Miss Seif said. He traveled up the coast to Malindi, Witn and Lamn, buying fish from local fishermen and transporting the catch back to Mombasa to resell to restaurants, stores and hotels. In 1997, he and his wife had a baby

boy, Yasser, and the financial burden troubled him. In February, Mr. Odeh told his relatives he wanted to move away from Mombasa, where he said he was having trouble making ends meet in the fish-mongering business. Mr. Hassan gave them a house in With and the family moved to the re-more town, north of Mombasa. It is a

desolate area near the border with Somalia where banditry, gun-running and smuggling are common. In Witu, Mr. Odeh started a carpentry shop. His relatives said, though, that he appeared to know little or nothing about

carpentry. The family lived in poverty, the re tives said. Their home in Witn is a mud but with a thatched roof.

If Mr. Odeh traveled out of the coun-

try, as one of his passports indicates, he did not tell Mr. Hassan or Miss Seif. They said they knew of him making only one trip, to Nairobi, about five months ago. His arrest in Karachi came as a surprise, they said. Mr. Odeh was arrested as he arrived in Pakistan on Aug. 7, the day of the

bombing, when he presented a forged Yemeni passport bearing the name Abdul Bast Awadah. Pakistani authorities say he confessed to having played a major role in building the car bomb that devastated the U.S. Embassy and destroyed a bank

building next door. On Aug. 14, he was deported to Kenya, and he has been in custody in an undisclosed location since then. FBI agents say Mr. Odeh has not confessed to American authorities that

he took part in the bombing, nor has he implicated others. But U.S. agents are clearly interested in Mr. Odeh's life. Acting with the Americans, Kenyan authorities have detained Mr. Odeh's wife, who is now 22, as well as his brother-in-law, Omar Nassor Salim, an accountant at the National

CROSSWORD

Museum of Kenya.

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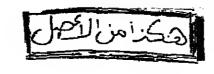
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CribTech

Computers Join You in **Driver's Seat**

They Manage Engines In New Cars as Well as **Braking and Traction**

> By Richard Stepler New York Times Service

EW YORK - After a long day. spent in front of your computer screen, you oeed a change of scenery. You get behind the wheel of your car, start the ignition and step on the gas pedal. Once on the open road, you feel the rush of freedom, leaving the world of binary code far behind. You are wrong. Chances are, if your car was built in the last 20 years, you

have traded one computer for many. ... Take, for example, the simple task of stepping on the accelerator. No con-nection of modern human beings to machinery is more visceral and familiar. It is the simplest and most satisfying of hondigital interfaces: The heavier the

foot, the faster the car goes.

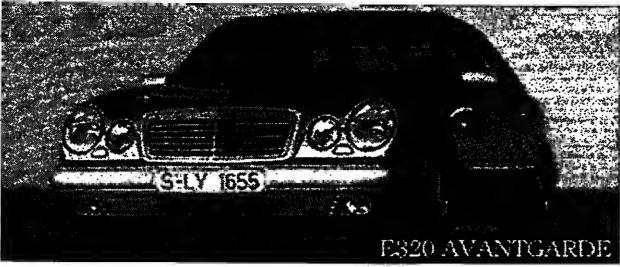
But in the new Volvo S80, the company's flagship sedan to be released this mm, there is no physical link between the accelerator pedal and the six-cylinder engine. When you depress the accelerator, you are actually sending a digital signal to the engine-management computer to open the throttle on the engine.

The benefits include smoother op-

cration and lower fuel consumption and emissions. The pedal, however, might as well be a mouse.

The accelerator is only the beginning. Computers provide the smarts for many of the S80's other components, including its electronic transmission, anti-lock. braking, traction control, climate control, navigation and communication

And in more or less the same way that personal computer can be upgraded from 16 megabytes to 32 megabytes of RAM, the S80's turbocharger can be upgraded, adding 50 more horsepower, the latest air bag innovation, a curtain



The 1999 models of the Mercedes-Benz E-Class will have computer-run side "curtains" for collision protection.

engine-management computer.

The company says that the S80 has more computers than a jet fighter." While that may be hyperbole, the car very likely represents the state of the art in the marriage of the computer and the car. It may also represent the beginning of a very different relationship between

drivers and their beloved vehicles.

The first microprocessor appeared in an automobile three decades ago, in the 1968 Volkswagen 1600. It controlled the air-fuel mixture in an electronic fuel injection system, improving fuel efficiency and engine performance. More important, it paved the way for cleaner tailpipe emissions as more powerful and sophisticated engine management computers were developed.

Since then, automotive computers have multiplied like rabbits, and while cleaning up exhaust emissions may remain the computer's single greatest contribution to automotive technology, that is far from the only important function that computers perform in cars.

Engine-management computers, networked with microprocessors, control the transmission, braking, traction and stability control systems, giving drivers unparalleled control, particularly on icy or rain-slicked roads.

Computers control front and side air bags and tighten the seat belts in the event of a collision. They also command

simply by changing the software in the that inflates in 25 milliseconds from to the car's driver and passe above the side windows. Appearing on 1999 Mercedes-Benz E-Class sedans this month and on the Volvo S80, the curtain offers protection for both front-

and rear-seat passengers. Microprocessor-controlled anti-theft ystems — combined with a Global Positioning Satellite system and a celhilar phone --- can track a stolen car and even let the police eavesdrop on conversations inside the vehicle. Instrumentation, driver information displays how far left to go until empty climate control and entertainment systems get their brains from computers.

Even the hand-held portable computer has found a home inside the car, via an infrared docking port in a prototype system. In some cars, a computer can even tell you how to fix a flat tire. Unfortunately, it still can't do it for you.

F COURSE, the progress of the computerized car haso't been a completely bump-free joy ride: Consider the annoying and short-lived fad for cars that "talked" in the early 1980s, insistently reminding passengers to fasten seat belts or that a door was 'ajar." It was as though the car had become its own back-seat driver.

Sensitive to the failure of these frivolities, automakers are taking a more pragmatic approach to the incorporation of computers in their latest offerings. Their functions are typically transparent

Take, for example, the spin-out. In the days before on-board computers, drivers were taught to turn the steering wheel in the direction the car was skidding to maintain control. That is oo longer necessary if the car is equipped with a stability control system, like those found in models sold by BMW, Cadillac, Mercedes-Benz and Lexus.

Stability control systems receive data from several sensors, typically updated every 40 milliseconds. For example, a steering wheel position sensor, as the name implies, tells the system where the driver intends the car to go.

Data on what the car is actually doing are provided by sensors for wheel speed, sideways acceleration and the yaw rate - the rotation of the vehicle around a vertical axis.

The computer compares the car's dynamic performance as measured by this data with a model stored in memory. Then it compares that with the driver's intentions. If the computer detects an incipient out-of-control situation — the car is under-steering or over-steering it orders the engine computer to reduce power or to apply the brakes on one or two wheels to keep the car going in the direction the driver intends.

"It's not a dramatic feeling," said Frank Markus, technical director at the magazine Car & Driver, "As you turn the wheel, you'll feel some momentary slipping, but there's not a lot of herkyjerky motion. You sense the car slowing down and turning in the direction you

Of course, there is oothing for the driver to do other than to trust that the system will work. "It's like an invisible hand of God has come down to rescue you," said Don Sherman, a contributing editor at Popular Science magazine.

What is the car with the most com-puter chips in the land today? According to Fred Heiler, a spokesman for Mercedes-Benz, it's the automaker's flagship S-Class sedan, which, depending oo options, contains between 35 and 40

computers.
"The auto industry has introduced so many new electrical features that the electrical systems themselves are be-coming a problem," said Sven Eck-erstein, deputy chief executive of Volvo. "The wiring has become heavy, bulky nections has increased dramatically."

One way to reduce the complexity is with an on-board computer network. In 1992, Mercedes-Benz introduced the first computer area network in its S-Class models.

"In simple terms," said Dave Acton. a director of electrical engineering at General Motors Corp., "it means send-ing a oumber of digitally coded messages down the same wire, something like the old telephone party lines. One of the benefits is to permit every electronic module in need of a piece of data - road speed, for example - to obtain that information without having to send it to each module on a separate wire."

ALT /Commentary

Netsearching Yourself Surprisingly, You May Be Hard to Find

By Gina Rarick

PARIS—I was lying awake at 4 A.M., so 1 decided to find my-

I logged onto the Internet, went to the Yahoo People Search and typed in my name. No matches, came the reply. So I tried a few more - Excite. BigFoot, Lycos — all with the same

After a few moments of existential panic, a whole raft of new ideas came flooding in. If I couldn't find myself, maybe the IRS couldn't either. I could stop paying taxes! And while I'm at it, I could stop paying a whole bunch of other pesky bills, too.

Bnt with the sunrise came a dose of reality, along with more than a little electronic indignation. Why didn't I exist in cyberspace? After all, I have an e-mail address — two of them, as a matter of fact. My hyline has appeared oo a few articles for this newspaper that have also appeared on its light of the state and in pact the s Web site, and in past years I've had hundreds of bylines for other newspapers that also have Web sites. I'm in the phone company's white

I've even left droppings of personal information scattered all over the Net; if a site asks me something, I'll usually answer, ignoring all those warnings about how personal data can fall into the wrong hands. I've even ordered books on-line from Amazon.com. Shoot, I have a Yahoo credit card. I've made no effort to hide.

It's not that I want junk mail from every cybernut on the planet or anything, but I'd always assumed that if somebody out there wanted to find me I was there to be found. I've never met my father, for example, and while I've oever made the effort to find him, I'd always thought that he could find me without too much work if be were so inclined.

But it turns out maybe that's not the case. The WhoWhere People Finder offers at least four ways to find people, hot when I input my name it says, "Sorry, no matches were found." Perhaps, it asks me, I would like to broaden my search to people with last names that sound like or might be spelled like mine? No thank you, I'm pretty sure

about the spelling of my last name. Excite's AnyWho People Finder was more blunt: Not only did no directory entries match my query, but providing more information on the query form will NOT make your search successful."

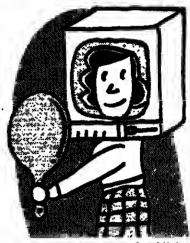
The Bigfoot directory says it is "proud to help bring all netizens found three Raricks, oone of them me PeopleFind lists "all the folks you're looking for." Except me.

As it turns out, one way to be found is to take the effort to REGISTER with these various oo-line directories. Something about that doesn't seem right in this era of paranoia about privacy. I grew up in the good old fashioned phone-book culture the one in which if you had a phone, Ma Bell would have you on her list unless you convinced her there was a compelling reason for you not to be

An unlisted number even cost extra, just to further deter you from Buddhism.html

phone numbers were the topic of whispers in the grocery-store check-out line. Somehow being listed in the phone book validated your place in

But apparently not so in cyber-space. If you want to be a netizen, you have to actually sign up some-where to exist. I couldn't help thinking about all the people who com-plain about their personal coordinates being usurped by various Internet ne'er-do-wells. How much of this did they bring about them-



selves, all because they just wanted to be found if someone were look-

And how many other people are deluding themselves into thinking that hundreds of electronic predators are craving nuggets of their personal information? Maybe those paranoid paramilitary types in Montana who are convinced the government has vast files on them ought to look themselves up on the Net — they might find there's very little information out there. Or they may not find themselves at all.

So what should I do? I'd hate to miss that chance for my 10 minutes of fame because someone couldo't find me. I mean it would be a simple matter - all Excite wants is my first and last name, my city, zip code and telephone number. It also demands that I live in a state and does not seem to allow for the possibility that I might be somewhere other than America.

On the other hand, it's kind of nice to be a little hard to find. No cell phone. No Internet listing. No U.S. whereabouts. Maybe I doo't oeed to find myself after all.

Gina Rarick is usually found on together, one search at a time." It the business news desk of the International Herald Tribune.

SITES

To find yourself on the net, the various "people searches" are at : people.yahoo.com

www.excite.com/Reference/ people.htm

search.bigfoot.com/SEARCH www.lycos.com/peoplefind/ Another way of finding oneself late at night is through Zen studies. The Internet Guide to Buddhism and Buddhist Studies is at: www.ciolek.com/WWWVL-

Chester Copeland, a Ready Trucking driver, demonstrating the video display that helps track his progress.

this industry is just unbelievable," said Seth Skydel, editor of Trucking Tech-

A truck's maintenance schedule used

to be posted on a chalkboard in the repair

depot, he said. Now, systems that mon-

itor engine performance allow techni-

cians to receive data while the truck is on the road. Technicians can determine

whether a quirky noise is cause for im-

mediate repair or can be ignored until

Ten years ago, the largest U.S. trucking company, Wisconsin-based Schneider National Inc., became the first of the

industry's major players to adopt two-way satellite communication on its 14,000-truck fleet. In for itself

14,000-truck fleet. ... for itself years ago, "said John igan, president

of Schneider's transportation division.

Despite drivers' initial suspicions that satellite tracking mean Big Brother-style surveillance, managers report that the

systems have become a recruitment tool

"They want to know that someone is looking out for them," he said. "Some employees say, 'I don't want to be watched,' but those are probably the

The satellite also tracks the truck's

progress, with an npdated arrival time

sent directly to the customer. Some

hanlers post the information on the World Wide Web.

Drivers, and especially their families,

in the fierce competition for truckers.

"Computers were unheard of in this

nology Magazine.

the driver returns.

its I35 tracks.

ones that need to be."

dispatch or maintenance."

A Big 10-4 for the Internet

E-Mail and Satellite Tracking Revamp Trucking

By Justin Bachman

1.00

117

1.0

1.02

TLANTA - Ah, the lonely, todious life of a long-haul trucker. Rest stops and road-stop coffee. Lonely phone calls home and a CB radio

Times change, Citizens-band radios are giving way to Internet sites. Truckers now punch up an electronic mail rather than wait by the phone. And globpositioning systems are used to give traffic advice in a matter of seconds. 'As far as all these computers are

pncerned, I get directions to every-here I go," Don Bnchta said as he fueled his rig at an Atlanta truck stop on his way to Massachusetts. Before his company installed a satel-

lite tracking system to manage trucks and communicate with drivers, Mr. Buchta used to spend much of his time sitting by a pay phone — waiting for load orders, directions and "calling back, dalling back, calling back," he said.

"Now, trucks are wired for e-mail, dispatchers send route changes to a display of the said. iniver's personal video display and an engine diagnosis is as likely to take place while driving on the highway as it

s in a maintenance shop.
One company, Park 'n View, provides access to cable, Internet, pay-per-view and telephone services at 125 truck stops nationwide. For \$30 per month, subscribers receive a card that

Hows them to plog in. Freight companies say that global po-litioning satellites, which can locate a fruck to within a 50-foot (15-meter) ladius, have reduced the practice of drivers' visiting girlfriends or hangouts when they should be on the road.

But most importantly to the industry, the technology cuts delays and costs. "The pace of technology coming to

BRIEFLY

COMPUTER MOM; When a baby cries, it is up to its parents to figure out what the wails mean: Hungry? Tired? Wet diaper? The answer is not always obvious, leaving frustrated adults trying to placate a screaming or sobbing

Likewise, when a cat meows or a dog bowls, humans are usually at a loss to understand the meaning of those noises. Masaomi Yamamoto, a Japanese in-

ventor, thinks that pets, like babies, have thoughts and desires to express, and he has created a device that he says will translate them into human language. Mr. Yamamoto has won a U.S. patent for an invention that uses a camera, industry 10, 12 years ago," Mr. Skydel said. "The accounting people may have had them, but you never saw them in microphone and computer to create a dictionary of meanings for the behavior and noises of babies and animals.

The camera and microphone record the mannerisms, facial expressions and voice tones, which are analyzed by the computer and compared with images and sounds in its database. Each image or sound in the database has a previously assigned meaning.

The computer selects a match between sounds in the database and sounds the animal or baby is making in real life. The computer then provides a definition, or translation.

ROBOPROF: Kevin Warwick, head of the Cybernetics Department at the University of Reading in England, appreciate knowing that help is a push of a distress button away, regardless of location, said Andy Dougherty, operations manager at Georgia-based Ready Trucking, which spent \$300,000 to wire in 135 tracks. claims Tuesday to be the first person in the world to have a computer chip surgically implanted into his body.

Professor Warwick said that a glass capsule about 23 millimeters (0.9 inch) long and 3 millimeters wide containing an electromagnetic coil and a silicon chip was inserted into his arm Monday. At is a research experiment. I don't know how long we will leave the implant in but it's looking at what's pos-sible now in terms of communicating

between a computer and myself," Mr. Warwick said. Mr. Warwick demonstrated the chip in action by walking through the front door of his department.

'Good morning, Professor Warwick. You have five new e-mails," said a computerized voice activated by the in-

The human as computer had many applications, hnt also dangers, Mr. Warck said.

Possibilities could be that anyone who wanted access to a gun could do so only if they had one of these implants. Then, if they actually try and enter a school or building that doesn't want them in there, the school computer would sound alarms and warn people inside or even prevent them having access," Mr. Warwick said. "The same could be true at work where employees could be tracked in and out of the build-

ing to see when they are there."
"This is a technology where there are hig positives but there are also big neg-atives," Mr. Warwick said. "Do we want to hand over control to machinery or to have buildings telling us what we can dn or can't do?"

Mr. Warwick said the chip was im-planted by his doctor, who advised him to have it removed within 10 days. Mr. Warwick is taking antibiotics against in-

"It doesn't hurt any. I took some Nurofen just before the operation. It feels uncomfortable — it feels as though there's something in my arm, but it doesn't feel unpleasant." (Reuters)

MULTILINGUAL SOFTWARE: Lucent Technologies Inc., a U.S. telecommunications company, this week introduced new voice-activated computer software that supports English, German and Spanish. A company spokesman said the soft-

ware, the Lucent Speech Application Platform, is used to create voice systems for personal computers and was previously available only on telephones. The software is available immediately. Lucent said its first three cus-

Tuesday close	% change previous week	% change year to date
340.46		+17.17
920.84		+ 31.56
847.61	2048	+68.12
1716.29		+4.39
	340.46 920.84 847.61	920.84 previous week 947.61 previous week 947.61

TECHNOLOGY INDEX

For technology articles from the past week, see the Technology Index on tha IHT's World Wide Web site at http://www.iht.com. Articles include:

 TV Mail for Cable & Wireless, Aug. 20 Bringing the World to Malaysia's Rural Poor,

Aurs 20

Barnes & Noble to Sell Net Stake, Aug. 21 Global Telecom Players Scramble to Connect,
 Shares Plummet for CyberGuard, Aug. 25

· For On-Line investor, the Thrills of Going Solo.

Singapore Bourse Passes 2000 Trial, Aug. 24

Telekom to Cut Back Administrative Staff, Aug. 2

To reach TribTech editors or to comment on IHT technology coverage, send e-mail to tribtech @iht.com.

tomers for the product were Intel Corp., Cambridge Consultants Ltd. and 900 News Inc./Stock News Now. (Reuters)

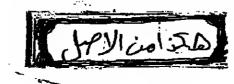
LEADING INDICATOR? The Internet edition of Money magazine reports this week that there are more bears than bulls in on-line discussion groups these days.

"Most postings indicate people remain very oervous about the market, though they're enthusiastic about individual stocks, including Dell and Cisco. Apple was getting good reviews for its new iMac. And a few investors even saw hope in the perilons situation in Russia," the magazine reported in its

survey of the stock chat boards at America Online, Motley Fool, Silicon Investor and Yahoo Finance.

ON-LINE FINANCIAL TOOL KIT: The Securities and Exchange Commission has assembled an on-line version of its "Financial Facts Tool Kit," part of a joint government-husiness campaign for investor education.
The kit is available on the SEC's Web site at www.sec.gov, the agency said

It includes an interactive version of the "ballpark estimate," a worksheet for calculating how much money people



Escalation in Africa

Troops, planes and tanks from Angola, Zimbabwe, Uganda and probably Rwanda are now intervening on one side or the other of Congo's civil war. Their actions hlatantly violate international borders and set an alarming precedent for turning other civil wars, like those in Sudan and Angola, into regional conflicts. The fighting could hasten the breakup of the hage but fractions Congo, creating a breeding ground for drug traffickers, warlords

and terrorists in the beart of Africa. The United States, which has good relations with several participants, has paid too little attendon. South Africa's Nelson Mandela has tried to negotiate a cease-fire, only to be rebuffed by Angola and Zimbabwe and their ally, the Congolese president, Laurent Kabila. All seem to think they have more to gain from continued bloodshed.

The Clinton administration should use its influence with Angola, Rwanda and Uganda to help Mr. Mandela's efforts succeed. Angola is cool to the cease-fire proposal, but Uganda and Rwanda support it, perhaps hoping to lock in the gains of their rebel allies. Washington must insist that these countries halt aid to the rebels and commit to keeping Congo unified.

It should also press the UN Security Council to take a stronger stand. Maintaining the sanctity of international borders is supposed to be one of the

United Nations' basic missions. More active interest by the Security Council would make it easier for Secretary-General Kofi Annan to lobby African leaders for a cease-fire and an end to foreign intervention when he travels to South Africa next week.

Three of the four countries inter-

vening are hoping to ease their own security problems. Uganda and Rwanda are threatened by rebels who find sanctuary on Congolese soil. They hoped that by sponsoring a rebellion they could replace Mr. Kabila with someone who would do more to keep Ugandan rebels and Rwandan Hutu militias from staging cross-border raids into their countries. Angola then sent troops to defend Mr. Kabila, mainly because it fears that a rebel victory would allow Angola's own anti-government UNITA movement to establish Congolese sanctuaries. Zimbabwe's involvement stems from President Robert Mugabe's ambidons for regional military leadership and his

jealousy of Nelson Mandela.
Yet all these intervening countries, although they may be temporarily blinded to it, have a transcending interest in allowing an Africa now finally free of superpower proxy contests to develop in peace. America, which shares that interest, should do more to help end this dangerous conflict.

-THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Will Colonel Gadhafi take the risk of

seeing the two terrorist suspects, once

they are under Western protection, turn

informer on him? No doubt he would

Terrorism on Trial

The United States and Britain have now agreed to meet Libva's demand for a neutral third-country venue to try the two Libyan agents accused of blowing up Pan Am 103 over Scotland in 1988, killing 270 people. Moammar Gadhafi had insisted that there was no other way to ensure whatever be means by fairness. It is distasteful to be snbjected to strictures on due process by a mass murderer. But it was necessary to act to prevent further weakening of the principal international lever on Colonel Gadhafi, the United Nations ban on air travel to and from Libya.

For the West, the main point always was to establish accountability for a gross crime. The mechanism was to be a trial conducted under Western standards. From the take-it-or-leave-it announcements made in Washington and London, this standard now stands to be met. A Scottisb courtroom is to be set up in the Netherlands, with Scottish prosecutor, judges and rules of law. Any sentence - the maximum is 30 served in Scotland.

be taking some grisly precautions against such a turn. The American and British sponsors of the proposal speak of adding a new hurden on Libya - an international ban on exports of crude oil - if Colonel Gadhafi repudiates his earlier openness to a third-country trial. At the least he would face new difficulty in breaking the air travel sanction already in place.

Terrorism comes in different sorts

and settings, and each combination must be addressed in its own way. Prosecution and trial of the Pan Am 103 suspects, bowever, could have a broad positive effect. It would demonstrate that dogged police and intelligence work and the practice of an open judicial system can enforce accountability. Such a demonstration serves justice and blunts the terrorists' most effective weapon - the fear that years imprisonment - would be dark forces can intimidate the light. - THE WASHINGTON POST.

A Money Machine

15 years has been in capitalism itself, rising interest rates took such a toll that and no company has been better po- the firm could only show profits of 10 sitioned to profit from it than Goldman, Sachs, the investment banking firm that has until now jealously guarded its financial details. Now, in preparation for selling stock to the public, Goldman has lifted the veil a bit.

Last year its profit came to fully 53 percent of the money its partners had invested. That is the kind of performance that one might think could not be maintained, but in the first six months of this year Goldman did even better. It made \$2.1 billion, an annualized return of 65 percent on the \$6.6 hillion the partners have invested. It should be noted that because Goldman is a partnership, the figures are before taxes and do not take into account the substanual amount of money paid out to the 189 partners of Goldman. But they are still high by any standard.

Goldman's business is inherently risky. Its profits from trading stock fell late last year, when markets briefly

The higgest bull market of the past nose-dived in October. And in 1994 percent. But overall the record has been remarkable.

Still, for those contemplating Goldman as an investment, two questions stand out. The first, which will be clarified before the offering is made, is how generous the firm will be with its employees, and thus how much of the profits will be left for those who buy stock in the firm. The more important is whether the partners have decided to sell near the top of a great boom.

Goldman's successes, after all, have come with the wind at its back. From 1982 through 1997, worldwide issuance of stocks and bonds rose at a compound rate of about 20 percent a year, and merger activity leaped at a 25 percent rate. It is obvious that this pace cannot be sustained forever. The current problems in stock markets from Russia to Mexico may be a harbinger of an early reversal.

-THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Other Comment

North Korean Madness

North Korea is a country where schoolchildren still receive three hours of "political education" per day, where enormous signs scream out ideological slogans at street corners and along highways, and "inspirational" music is played in town squares and on the single television station.

The Red Cross, the World Food Program, the Food and Agriculture Organization and various other aid agencies distribute aid and try to dispense advice on how North Korea could better fend for itself. But the most minor

proposed changes in agricultural practices assault the regime's daily mes-sage that the leader's genius is the

Every day the state media spout vitriol about the "war maniacal" Americans. Keeping up defense spending against this threat saps what remains of the economy. Yet the North Koreans need the "threat" from the United States. To negotiate it away would leave them feeling pretty empty. Meeting the threat is a waste of resources, but deciding it does not exist is ideologically unsatisfactory.

- John Chipman in Newsweek.

Herald Tribune

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Protect Refugee Women as They Gather Firewood

By Mary Anne Fitzgerald and Shep Lowman

camps are meant to be safe havens for people who have fled violence in their homelands. International organizations have a responsibility to protect refugees. But violence against female refugees has reached serious proportions.

Women are often most vulnerable while they carry out routine daily tasks, such as gathering firewood.

In most refugee camps around the world, women have only one choice in obtaining fuel for their cooking fires. They must venture beyond the camp perimeters, sometimes walking 30 kilometers, to forage for wood. Exposed and far from help, they risk brutal sexual assaults. Often the victims are shot, knifed or beaten into submission.

Statistics from the Dadaab camp for Somali refugees in northeastern Kenya show that the incidence of rape early this year shot up to almost triple that of last year. Girls of 10 and women of 50 were gang raped by groups of up to a dozen armed bandits. Similar cases are reported from other parts of the world. As most of these rape victims come

very time they most need support. At Kakuma, another camp in Kenya,

a 12-year-old girl was pulled behind a small, local businessmen and relationsfence and raped by five men as she - between refugees and local commu-walked to school. Now she is an out-nities. Bad relations between refugees cast. She says stones are thrown at her as she walks down the road. She has stopped going to school and will not leave her but.

Shame and guilt engendered by cul-tural beliefs lead to a gross underreporting of rape. This denies the victims access to treatment for the psychological and physical aftermath. Refugee women who have been raped remain tranmatized and have little bope of ever leading a normal life.

Protecting refugee women is a chal-lenge, especially when they must roam far and wide to accomplish their daily tasks. (Men won't gather firewood. The

bandits would kill them, they say.) In Kenya, refugee camps are deliberately set up far from main towns, so

from deeply traditional societies, they the logistics and transport costs for al-face divorce by their husbands and ternative fuels such as kerosene have ternative fuels such as kerosene have

ostracism from their community at the proved difficult and expensive. Contracting on the collection of firewood to large outside suppliers can undermine nities. Bad relations between refugees and communities can cause a backlash

of political and security problems. The problems associated with the simple act of providing firewood to reduce the incidence of rape are difficult. International organizations need to plan ahead for such problems.
At Dadaab, the United States con-

tributed \$1.5 million to buy firewood, but carrying out the program is com-plicated by all the factors listed above. Simply to buy firewood is expensive and can cause problems as serious as those it tries to solve. Longer-term and more cost-efficient solutions must be found.

The Great Lakes crisis in 1994 brought a sudden influx of a million refugees into Zaire and tested the system's ability to provide firewood to

a population the size of a large city. A survey conducted in the camps showed that refugees were cooking on drafty fires, did not cover their cooking pots and failed to extinguish fires after use. A first step would be to develop protocols for the refugees in firewood

Although probably not practical in conservation. rainless areas like Dadaab, one solution could be plantations of fast-growing trees. There are species that can be

harvested after only four years. One is left with the sense that international agencies still do not really know how to deal with the relationship between firewood and rape. Women are 58 percent of the world's adult refugee population. They do not shirk from their responsibility to gather firewood for their families. The international community should protect them.

The writers are senior members of Refugees International, the humanitarian advocacy organization, and recently visited refugee camps in Kenya. They contributed this comment to the International Herald Tribune.

To Combat Terrorism, Address Muslims' Real Problems

WASHINGTON — The deadly terrorism in Kenya and Tanzania and the U.S. military response in Sudan and Afghanistan threaten to draw the United States deeper

into a strategic no-win bind. The outrageous twin attacks on U.S. embassies in Africa, with their massive killing of innocent bystanders, could not go unanswered, especially when reportedly good intelligence made it clear who the perpetrators were and that further attacks might be imminent. No one could argue for inaction or a

The problem is that the issue does not end here. Sooner or later, retaliation is probable from a variety of radical and zealous groups, even individuals. Now even administration officials

C ARAJEVO — My local friends note

with bitterness that the 18-month re-

lationship between America's command-

er in chief and a White House intern

started in the month the Dayton peace

ton had not been distracted, they com-

plain, perhaps be would have been more

dedicated to enforcing Dayton. Perhaps

he would have rid Bosnia of the main

indicted war criminals who are still free.

From the moment the Monica Lew-

insky affair became known, it has been

If the attention and energy of Bill Clin-

agreement was negotiated.

failure to respond.

speak of a possible "coming Broadly speaking, most Muswar" against terrorism. But these terrorist attacks have not taken place in a vacuum. It is dangerons to divorce

terrorism from politics, yet the

U.S. media continue to talk

about an abstract "war against terrorism' without mention of the issues or context that lie behind them. If a war against terrorism is coming, Americans had better start discussing and understanding more clearly the depth and range of impulses that drive

> discussion so far stunningly absent from public discourse. There is no monolithic Muslim bloc, but a few deeply held attitudes are quite evident. Washington as oil and Israel.

people in the Middle East, a

By Graham E. Fuller lims feel belpless, weak and resentful in the face of external power at work in their region.

The Middle East, center of world civilization for several millennia, is now beset with masses of poor citizens (apart from the oil states), bad social services, poor education, absence of democracy, constant abuse of human rights, widespread corruption, police states, often brutal rulers, no voice over their own fates. They are victims of truly bad governance

in most states of the region. And what do they perceive? U.S. snr rt for almost any ruler willing to protect U.S. interests - routinely identified in

Around the World, Bitter Friends and Happy Foes

By Anna Husarska

visit would draw some of the world's

up, the Lewinsky story broke. Like

wolves following the scent, American re-

porters flew from Havana to Washington.

Television broadcasts were first split.

Soon, bowever, bimbo coverage won,

Clinton are distracting him, distracting

Forget the 'Severest Consequences' for Saddam

By Charles Kranthammer

The private wrongdoings of President

Cuba coverage lost.

distracting the media, too. In January, the the media and undermining American

Pope was visiting Cnba. Here was a foreign policy. With what delight the Ser-

golden opportunity for many journalists to report from the country. In Havana, Cubans I spoke to were hoping the papal vestigation of possible cover-up by the

sequences.

Council statement that pitiably is fully justified on its own called Saddam's expulsion of terms. When American em-

Just as the Cuban reporting was beating

attention to their plight. No such luck.

They see a Washington unwilling to act evenhandedly in the Arab-Israeli peace process and infinitely tolerant of a hardline government in Israel that denies Palestinians land, dignity and statehood. They perceive double standards that allow Israel to violate UN resolutions, but not Iraq. Israeli nukes are O.K., but not nukes in Muslim hands,

They see routine use of U.S. unilateral military power against Muslim targets that is unparalleled elsewhere in the world. They see themselves routinely humbled by use of overwhelming Israeli military power. They see U.S. military forces in the Gulf as being there to protect ruling families and not populations — the essence

leader of the only superpower. In the

spring, when Serbs in Kosovo demon-strated against American efforts to stop

Slobodan Milosevic's crackdown on eth-

nic Albanians, they carried banners say-ing "Klinton, you are sex maniak," My Albanian friends shrugged with embar-

rassment. Their negotiating position was

last July in Cambodia made angry ref-

erences to Mr. Clinton's "lady" problem

as they resigned themselves to the news

that the United States was letting a rigged

helped by America feel betrayed. Those who should fear it pooh-pooh its threats.

International Herald Tribune.

Around the globe, those who hope to be

election in their country stand.

Opposition activists to whom I spoke

obviously being hurt.

Muslims are concerned that there are no Muslim Americans involved in high level U.S. policy-making in the Middle. East but that Jewish Americans occupy nearly every senior position relating to U.S. Arab-Is raeli policy.

They perceive so interest in Washington in pushing any kind of democratizing agenda in the region, and they hear casual talk of Islam as "incompatible with democracy." They see Iraqi children dying of dis ease and starvation and hlame it, on U.S. sanctions.

They perceive widespread caricaturization and demoniz ation of Islam in Western media and films. They point to colonial regimes in the past seek ing to weaken Islam and trad ditional Muslim culture.

They point to Muslims under siege in Palestine, Chechnya, Russia, Xinjiang (Chinese Tur-kestan), Bosnia, Kosovo, Kasbmir, Eritrea, the Philippines and India, and often treated as second-class citizens in Europe.

The list goes on. These perceptions obviously do not fully reflect reality, and counterarguments can be made, in many cases. But perceptions matter mightily, since they form the increasingly poisonous psy-chological backdrop against which distraught and angry: Muslims end up championing those who overcome their impotence, stand up to the West

and assert Muslim dignity. Sadly, most Muslims in the region feel ambivalent about the embassy bombings. Whilerejecting terrorism in principla and sharing human sympathy for the loss of life, many also feel a touch of satisfaction that the United States partly got

what it deserved. Americans do not have to huxtheir rationale. And, realistic ally, the kind of terrorists tha Mr. bin Laden represents would probably never be satisfied with any kind of U.S. policy change Their angers, fears and resent ments lie deep and beyond de bate. But the dangers of getting drawn into an escalating war against terrorist groups which enjoy some public sympathy are very real. These attitudes form the backdrop that facil-

itates violent acts. Yes, terrorism has no place in our world. But Washington had better ensure that it has prepared a more sympathetic en-

The United States is quite isolated in the Middle East today. It should start by facing, the full reality of the region

The writer, a former vice chairman of the Notional Incitelligence Council at the CIAN contributed this comment to the Los Angeles Times.

Can't the Sudan Evidence Be Shared? exclusive source of sound policy.

WASHINGTON — Last week's air raids in Af-

ghanistan and Sudan served to

compensate for, and deflect at-

tention from, the total surrender

of the Clinton administration in

the face of Saddam Hussein's

determination to rebuild his

weapons of mass destruction.

On the same day the Toma-

hawk missiles went out, the

United States was forced to sup-

port a humiliating Security Council statement that pitiably

THE case against Osama bin Laden is clear-cut. Through his self-proclaimed sponsorship of terrorism against the United States, he has in effect declared war on it. So it was proper to strike at his camps in

Afghanistan without warning. The strike against Sudan is more complicated and requires detailed clarification if the Clinton administration is to garner the support it needs from the international community.

Sudan is on the short list of states accused of sponsoring terrorism. Still, it is not a failed state like Afghanistan, with no credible central government. It has diplomatic relations with most of the international community. including the United States. At the time of the bombing,

U.S. relations with Khartoum were badly strained, but discussion was possible through hack channels. Such contacts were good enough to secure Mr. bin Laden's expulsion from Sndan in 1996, before be moved on to Afghanistan. Why were those channels not tried before an attack was launched?

Sudan has protested the attack on Shifa Pharmaceutical Industries, claiming that it was not a plant to build important components for chemical weapons but a benign commercial venture that produced half of the country's medicines. In response, the Clinton ad-

ministration says it has evi-

dence that Iraqi scientists were helping to produce elements of VX, one of the deadliest nerve agents in existence, at the plant. The claim rests on a soil sample secretly obtained months ago ontside the factory.

Having announced to the

world that he would no longer

send bombers out after Iraq's

weapons of mass destruction,

Bill Clinton sent missiles out

Of course, the bin Laden raid

after Osama bin Laden.

So far, American officials have rebuffed calls from Sudan and other countries to share that evidence. On Monday, the UN Security Council put off a request by Arab nations to send nspectors to search the rubble in Khartoum for signs of chemicals related to VX. The United States seems to have rejected that remest.

If this evidence is as compelling as the administration says, why not allow others to judge for themselves? An independent UN commission, for example, might do the job. There may be legitimate con-

cerns behind the administration's insistence on keeping its intelligence operations secret - for instance, the danger of putting human lives at risk. If that is a fear, those people can probably be moved to safety. If there is strong evidence

that the Shifa plant had become a site for producing VX, the attacks can be justified. But until the administration discloses the evidence it has, worldwide skepticism will continue. - Milı Bearden, a formet

CIA chief in Pakistan and Sudan, commenting in The New York Times.

inspectors "totally unaccept- bassies are attacked by a terable" while dropping previous rorist group openly declaring warnings of "severest con- war on the United States, re-

taliation is to be expected. But for six years this administration has pursued a foreign policy of romantic internationalism, trusting American security to treaties whose purpose is to abolish all the nastiness of the world - chemical weapons, nuclear tests, global warming. with the stroke of a pen.

Its only activism has been the injection of American force into two areas posing no threat what-soever to the United States (Bosnia and Haiti) and deepening U.S. involvement in a third sideshow (Somalia). All the while, it abjured any significant use of force against those posing real and deadly threats to the United States: North Korea,

Iraq, Iran, terrorists. In 1994, North Korea broke the Nuclear Nonproliferation Treaty and embarked on nuke building. How did Mr. Clinton react? By agreeing to supply it indefinitely with free oil while the United States and allies build for it two (ostensibly safer) \$5 billion nuclear reactors in return for a promise to freeze its weapons program.
It turns out that while taking this gigantic bribe North Korea

was building a huge new nu-clear facility inside a mountain. Add now Iraq. In a televised address to the nation in February, Mr. Clinton starkly declared what was at stake if Saddam were allowed to build his weapons of mass destruction: "If we fail to respond today, Saddam and all those who would follow in his footsteps will be emboldened tomorrow by the knowledge that they can

act with impunity." That was just six months ago. And now? The speech is retrac- PARIS - [The Herald says in ted; the policy of forcing inspections is dead. Saddam can build his chemical, hiological and nuclear arsenal unmolested.

In the face of these retreats, Mr. Clinton could not remain

motionless after the bombing of two American embassies with-out forfeiting what little inter-national credibility he had left. The administration itself inadvertently made the connection to Iraq when it justified the attack on the Sudanese factory with the claim that senior Iraqi scientists were helping to make VX there.

Well, senior Iraqi scientists are making a lot more VX in Iraq. Bnt Mr. Clinton has given up the idea of raising his hand against these plants, so Sudan's served as a useful proxy.

Even a proxy attack can be useful if it signals a turning point in Clinton foreign policy. a decision to no longer permit America to be the doormat of tyrants. More likely, however, the bin Laden raids will turn out to be a spasm, a solitary and desperate attempt to divert attention from the foreign policy of least resistance, and failure. Washington Post Writers Group.

IN OUR PAGES: 100, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO'31

1898: Women Toreros

MADRID - The bull ring was overflowing to witness several quadrillas of young women, exeros. They did their work admirably, Senorita Pretel killing three bulls. The public were enthusiastic, and presents were showered into the ring. The male toreadors are furious. Guerrita shows his gallantry by pettily giving publicity to the statement that he will not appear in any bull ring where the women toreadors have been for one month afterwards. Some say that the "national festival" has been killed.

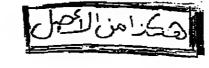
1923: Married Women

from marriage until its term

question of the efficiency of married women in the professions will not lie down. In mostof these occupations young women are really transients. The tendency of the average woman is to quit the job in the office for the more congenial one at home. Were it otherwise, with the present call to earn money and to make their late girlhood as in dependent as possible, the family ily, the basis of all civilisation would be in very great danger.

1948: White Australia SINGAPORE - Two Australia

an women whose Malayan hasbands were deported from Australia under the common-wealth's "White Australia in policy have arrived in Singa in the condition of the conditio an Editorial.] A young actress refused to sign a contract with a New York manager because it an in-laws. Deportation of their contained a clause barring her husbands, who are seamen. should have expired. The old icism of the Australian policy.



OPINION/LETTERS

People Are Getting Tired Of Rabid Investigations

By Robert J. Samuelson

WASHINGTON — By the polis, W Ashing 100 — By the polls, Americans are of two minds about President Bill Clinton. Their opinion of him as a person is sinking. A Time survey after his speech last week found that slightly more people do not respect him (50 percent) than do (48 percent). Most think he is still lainer. "Do you him (30 percent) man do (40 percent).

Most think he is still lying. "Do you believe him when he said he didn't ask anyone to lie?" was one question. The response: Fifty-one percent said "no,"

38 percent "yes."

But Mr. Clinton's job approval rating temains high. A Newsweek poll put it at 62 percent. And 50 to 70 percent of Americans (by many polls) reject im-peachment or believe that the independ-ent counsel's investigation ought to end. Many theories have been advanced to

explain this apparent contradiction. With a strong economy, it is said that Americans do not want to disturb the status quo. Another theory is that al-though people do not trust Mr. Clinton, neither do they trust the Republican Congress; they like the existing balance of power and value Mr. Clinton's ability to frustrate his opponents. Then there is the notion, supported by many polls, that people distinguish between private behavior and public performance; the anti-terrorist attack last week may increase the importance of this factor. Finally, there is "scandal fatigue."

All these theories may be somewhat re-elect Mr. Clinton despite ample true. But I think something else also accounts for public ambivalence toward Mr. Clinton and his scandal. It is a backlash against what I once called "the attack culture." This is the corruption of normal public investigations - by congressional committees, the press and independent counsels and prosecutors. They become less concerned with nacovering wrongdoing than with politically ruining the accused.

People instinctively find the process baffling, unfair and self-destructive.

They do not wish to reward and perpetnate it by making Mr. Clinton the latest and largest kill.

"I use the word "kill" advisedly, because we in Washington treat the entire. process as blood sport. We constantly speculate on the tactics and motives of the players. We handicap Mr. Clinton's chances of surviving and sermonize on everyone's ethics. This has become a booming cottage industry for the press, lawyers, politicians and publicists. Rarely has so much been said by so many on the basis of so little.

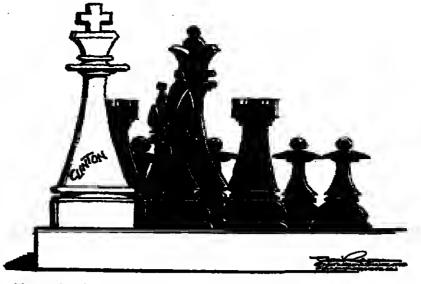
On one level, it is hard to accept all the public's expressed distaste for this. Many people enjoy the spectacle. The story is so rich in betrayal, deceit and hypocrisy — as well as sex and power — that it is inherently engrossing. Mr. Clinton, if nothing else, has achieved the final merger of entertainment and politics. But at another level, the public genu-inely disapproves of the process that

brought Mr. Clinton low. This is not just a reaction to his plight.
It is a broader rejection of the attack culture as it has been practiced by both parties and many individuals. People be-lieve that investigations, by their relent-lessness and publicity, aim to convict the accused in the court of public opinion. People see that investigations, once un-leashed, often take on a life of their own and become disconnected from common

sense and common decency. Although none of this excuses Mr. Clinton, it tempers public outrage. People sense that the process routinely converts small offenses into large crimes. A four-year investigation led to the indictment of a former agriculture secretary, Mike Espy, for accepting \$35,000 in allegedly illegal gifts. Ironically, Mr. Clinton benefits from a vague sympathy left by some earlier targets of the attack culture.

Americans believe that no one should be above the law. But they also believe that laws should he fairly administered and not strewn with so many technical prohibitions that almost anyone might violate one.

People know that investigations are frequently used selectively for partisan purposes. They are as cynical about the investigators as the investigated, suspecting that people are building reputations and setting scores. And there is a fear that the process might be manipulated to usurp democratic prerogatives. After all, Americans did



evidence that he was a confirmed womanizer and a regular liar.

The prejudice against nullifying the election is strong and, in my view, sensible. Kenneth Starr's low ratings measure popular misgivings. A New York Times poll finds that only 19 percent of

the public judges him favorably.

In Mr. Starr's defense, it ought to be noted that his "excesses" summoning Secret Service agents to testify before a grand jury, for example — flowed from Mr. Clinton's excesses in concealing the truth.

That said, the truth is not so horrifying to most Americans that they want to subject the country to a long, degrading impeachment. I doubt Mr. Clinton can take much

comfort in this. People will not easily forgive him for putting the country in this predicament. And if the evidence becomes more damning or the scandal drags on, an irritated public might see resignation as the best exit.

But today's ambivalence holds a larger message. It is a plea for a better balance between accountability in government - essential for any democracy — and politicians' instinct to attack each other. There are ways to do this: narrowing the independent counsel law; clarifying other laws; exercising self-restraint. It seems unlikely that a generation of politicians schooled in the methods of partisan loathing will heed the message.

Call Off This Politically Motivated Travesty

CASPER, Wyoming — Don't you just love it? All those moralists thumping their chests and wagging their accusatory fingers at President Bill Clinton. They have eagerly read and memorized the varied accounts of Mr. Clinton's affair and throughout it all clucked their tongues disapprovingly

— while lapping up a daily diet of alleged sexual details.

They can be trillated and self-

righteons at the same time - such is the hypocrisy of America's puritan

heritage.

Meanwhile, the media have danced like a gaggle of gleeful puppets in this long charade, playing to the sexual schizophrenia of the American public. Sex: As a nation, we Americans do not know what to do about it. Some want all references to sex eliminated from books and the Internet, others will buy something they do not need if it is sold in a sexy manner, as any adver-

tising director can verify.

Self-righteous moralists cannot get enough of the nitry-gritty on the president sex life—so they can feel and act superior. They would deny, however, any tingling sensations that might arise

poenaed Mr. Clinton finally publicly admitted that he had sex — a "not appropriate" relationship, as he

from their prurient interests. Last week, a bounded and sub-

has been no such showing. What has hampered the president is

independent counsel may have seriously diminished future presidential Mr. Starr has taken years and is

spending what some estimate will be \$50 million to uncover an illicit relationship between two consensual adults. Was it worth it? Only to those Republicans who have been harboring retribution in their dark hearts -

and Sudan, two Republican senators. Arlen Specter of Pennsylvania and Dan Coats of Indiana, cast doubt on the president's real motivation. They intimated that the attacks were to deflect the public's attention from the Lew-

nigate each state house in America, there would he many uncomfortable govemors looking for places to hide. Perhaps sex is not your Achilles' heel

alcohol, or temper, or lack of courage. A

could make you look like a fool. Why would anyone be shocked that the president denied a sexual liaison with Ms. Lewinsky? Most men and

most people deny? The real question is:

rageously rampant — from an Arkansas land deal to sex in the Oval Office — but By Charles Levendosky politically impossible for a Democratic called it - with Monica Lewinsky. president with a Republican-controlled Even so, he did not quite confess to what

Congress to stop.

Mr. Starr conducted a fishing expedition that eventually found evidence of the president's weakness. He has such latitude, money and re-sources and political motive that anyone he targets can be brought down.

Special prosecutors can be useful to the public when they bring to light fraud and illegal activities of those in high office. But Mr. Starr has crossed into a tawdry, tahloid-style investigation.

It's up to the people to put an end to this travesty. The special prosecutor law must be revised and strict restrictions put on the office. The sooner, the better.

The writer, a specialist in First Amendment issues, is editorial page editor of the Casper (Wyoming) Star-Tribune. This comment was distributed by the New York Times News Service.

Only a Shadow of Chivalry Remains in Today's Wars

By Tina Rosenberg

that the battle will be forever known for Henry V's oration to his far out-

In "Henry V," the speech Shakespeare writes for King Henry is a masterful call to honor and duty. What is less remembered is that after defeating the French, Henry grew fearful

MEANWHILE

the enemy was resuming attack. "Then every soldier kill his prisoners," Henry orders in the play. In real life his knights hesitated and Henry called on archers to carry out an act then, as now, con-sidered a violation of the laws of war.

Today the world has the Geneva conventions and the Nuremberg principles. Henry's 15th century had the rules of chivalry. A new book, "Bloody Constraint: War and Chivalry in Shakespeare," by Theodor Meron, a law professor at New York University, calls Shakespeare a defender of a system that underpins international and

humanitarian law today.
The rules of chivalry survive, practically intact, in the Geneva conventions and the code of the officer and gentleman. Shakespeare, according to Mr. Meron, tried to preserve the norms of medieval chivalry even as they slipped away in the Renaissance during which he wrote. Mr. Meron argues that modern efforts to deter and punish war crimes need help from a code of honor that is not imposed on warriors, but arises from them.

Characters in Shakespeare's historjust war, the responsibility of a leader for his troops' abuses, the granting of mercy, the keeping of oaths and the treatment of prisoners, women and the dead. Mr. Meron shows that in play after play, Shakespeare writes disapprovingly of characters who violate chivalric norms and wage unjust wars.

The great exception is Henry V, a heroic character despite his shocking order at Agincourt and his threats to the citizens of Harfleur to surrender or see his soldiers "mowing like grass your fresh fair virgins and your flow ring infants." Shakespeare's lenient treatment of Henry V's crimes and the nationalism of the play may have had to ment of Henry V's crimes and the nationalism of the play may have had to do with the jingoistic climate in which he wrote, as England mobilized for a later, he ordered his men to kill brutal campaign against the Irish.

The rules of chivalry arose to ben-

NEW YORK — Agincourt's most effit the warring class, allowing the famous chronicler has ensured loser in hand-to-hand combat to receive mercy and the winner ransom. They enforced the romantic ideal of

the loyal, courageous knight. They were largely unwritten, al-though Henry V set down some laws prohibiting warriors from raping women and harming people or property belonging to the church. There were even chivalric courts, and a French knight could sue an English knight in English chivalric court for nonpayment of ransom and win. The more efficient enforcement, however, was knightly fear of disgrace.

The rules were generally followed in knight-to-knight combat, hut did not necessarily apply to commoners. They also held only in Christendom. Wars against those considered infidels were free-for-alls.

The religious wars that split Europe after the Protestant Reformation were particularly hrutal. Hence chivalry's

decline by Shakespeare's time. It also fell because of technology, as muskets and arrows depersonalized

combat Mr. Meron points out the effec-tiveness of a code of behavior cherished by the knights themselves. But such a culture of honor in combat is unrealistic in the modern world. Today's laws of war recognize that peasant as well as nobleman, infidel as

well as Christian, deserves protection. Technology has gone far beyond the musket in depersonalizing war, now often fought against enemies half a world away and easier to demonize with each mile. Some of the most ies agonize over the requirements of a brutal recent conflicts, however, have been fought not with missiles but with hoes, machetes or pistols, as neighbor killed neighbor in Cambodia, Rwanda and Bosnia. Honor is lost in wars that attempt to wipe out a whole category of civilians, whether they are Tutsi or Muslim or class enemies.

The only way chivalric rules appeal to the self-interest of warriors today is that widespread abuses tend to create more enemies — see Kosovo for the latest example. Yet leaders will continue to commit war crimes when they

their prisoners at Agincourt.

The New York Times.

Next, Clinton vs. Congress?

By David S. Broder

TOLIET, Illinois — A Congress controlled by the opposition party is always a tempting target for a beleaguered president. In the 50 years since Harry Truman triumphed at the expense of the "good-for-nothing, do-nothing 80th Congress," his example has never been forgotten. 'About two hours before Bill Clinton

announced the retaliatory strikes in Afghanistan and Sudan, I was sitting in a restaurant in this old, industrial town outside Chicago with Republican Representative Jerry Weller. Like all his colleagues, he is acutely conscious that a shift of only 11 seats in November rather than go home to campaign. could cost them their majority.

Musing on the fallout from the
Lewinsky scandal, Mr. Weller said: "I

wonder if this will cause the president to take greater risks, to challenge Congress, to use his veto power to force a shintdown of government and divert the voters from his own problems. He might pick a couple popular issues and try to rally support for himself."

In the winter of 1995-96, when his job rating was much lower than now, he forced exactly that kind of governmental crisis. He convinced the public that he was fighting to save Medicare from the new Republican majority on Capitol Hill, and saddled the Republicans with blame for the shutdown. It was a key step in his rehabilitation and eventual re-election.

gress contains provisions obnoxious to Mr. Clinton. His own initiatives have

address — expansion of Medicare, help for school construction and hiring of new teachers, curbs on tobacco, etc. — have been shelved by Congress.

government running beyond the start of the new fiscal year on Oct. 1 and demand that Congress stay in Washington,

The Republican plan to meet this challenge is twofold. The Republican National Committee is already airing ads telling voters that President Clinton will be to blame if the government is shut down. And Republican leaders plan to respond to vetoes of individual appropriations bills by passing a continuing resolution — a catchall measure to keep all federal departments operating at current levels - and daring Mr. Clinton to reject it.

It could become a high-stakes gamble makings of high drama this autumn.

There is no shortage of issues he could use. Almost every appropriations hill now working its way through Con-

been shortchanged or killed. Measures that commanded strong popular support when he introduced them in January in the State of the Union

He could easily find a pretext for vetoing the bills that would keep the

for both sides. Add in the uncertainty over the timing and contents of the report to Congress by the independent counsel, Kenneth Starr, and you have the The Washington Post.

Some pundits act shocked; others call for him to step down - as if Mr. Clinton were the only president who had affairs while in office. These commentators act as if they are totally naive about the relationship between power and sex. Power is an aphrodisiac, to those who

he had denied previously.

have it and to those in proximity.

Others comment that Mr. Clinton's presidency will be diminished in the view of history. Have any presidencies been diminished historically because of rambunctions sexual cavorting? Not one — from Washington to Jefferson to Kennedy and Johnson, Presidents are historically judged on leadership and the state of the nation

when they ended their tenures.

Were any of the two dozen known philandering presidents forced to admit that they had affairs while in office? No. Is a president's sexual behavior the

public's business? Generally, no. The only time such revelations would be important is if there was a significant showing that the president's ability to lead the country was severely compromised by the relationship. There

Kenneth Starr's politically motivated investigation. Through his actions, the

anxious to pay back Democrats for bringing down Richard Nixon. After the air strikes in Afghanistan

insky matter. Paybacks for Mr. Nixon. If Mr. Starr's \$50 million were split

into 50 portions, \$1 million to invesperhaps it is greed, or cruelty, or

hound-dog prosecutor like Mr. Starr women when asked about an illicit

sexual relationship deny it. Imagine also that the answer is going to he broadcast to the nation. Wouldn't

Why was it anyone's business?
The Starr investigation was out-

BOOKS

STALINGRAD By Antony Beevor. Illustrated. 494 pages. \$35. Viking.

Reviewed by Richard Bernstein WITH the world talking about horrors of combat, it is useful to remember that the most terrible battle of World War II came not with the D-Day landings but with the savage four-month German-Soviet battle of Stalingrad.

Put it this way: The Normandy landings resulted in some 10,000 Allied battle deaths. During the nightmarish months of total war at Stalingrad, the combined battle deaths exceeded 1 million.

The colossal scale of Stalingrad the megalomania, the utter absurdity, the sheer magnitude of the carnage in what many military historians see as the turning point in the war - are marvelously captured in Antony Beevor's new history, "Stalingrad."

Beevor, a former British Army officer and the anthor of several studies of war, provides a vivid and detailed account of the Stalingrad conflagration, beginning with Operation Barbarossa, the 1941 German invasion of the Soviet Union, and ending with the surrender of German generals on the Volga River a year and a half later. But Beevor has also compiled a vivid record of the interior nature of the battle, from the slang expressions used by the soldiers to the Russian cult of the sniper and the German fascination with spicide rather than surrender.

If there are weaknesses in Beevor's account, they stern from the size of the operations, the staggering number of individual events that made up the hattle. Unless readers constantly shift back and forth between Beevor's text and the few maps that illustrate it, it is easy to get lost in the multiplicity of place names and unit numbers that make up the narrative.

Beevor describes a number of key commanders and sketches in the divisions among the aristocratic German officers, some of whom were slavishly devoted to Hitler while others yearned ineffectually to save Germany by deposing him.

Strangely, though, the dramatis personae of Beevor's tale remain somewhat faceless, colorless, their individual features overwhelmed by the surround-Still, "Stalingrad" is a formidable

military history, informed by Becvor's keen strategic sense and his appreciation of the complexities of battle. At the apex of his story are the two most preoccupying tyrants of 20th-century history, each of whose ntter disregard for the sacrifice of his population emerged with full force in the Stalingrad saga. In Beevor's view, Hitler was the

worse of the two dictators as a military leader. Stalin, rigid and murderously awful as he was, nonetheless listened finally to his field commanders and approved of the grand strategy that eventually prevailed at Stalingrad.

Hitler, by contrast, was a meddling fantasist incapable of seeing facts that ran contrary to his vision. Hitler's imagined enemies before had been Jews and Communists, who were treated with the usual methodical Nazi brutality during the invasion of the Soviet Union; now the enemy was the aristocratic German officer corps, which allowed itself to be defeated by cowardice and caution.

"He lived in a fantasy world of maps and flags," wrote Winrich Behr, a pan-zer division captain sent to the Fuehrer's headquarters to convince Hitler that the encircled, starving, desertion-depleted 6th Army was about to be defeated, unless the order to retreat was given. But Hitler thought only about a brilliant counterstroke. 'It was the end of all my illusions about Hitler," Behr wrote. Germany, like France under Napo-

BRIDGE

leon, was defeated by a combination of factors: the vastness of the Russian terrain, the length of the supply lines, the mud, the cold, the grit that spoiled tank engines. But as is well-known, what most foiled the German plan was the willingness of the Russians to fight on until they died. Beevor does not mythologize here. He provides examples of Russian cowardice, the desertions, the German ranks filled in with Hilfswillige, or volunteer helpers who had come over from the Soviet side. But be gives the Russians due credit for a fanatical heroism in hattle, and a discipline that was at least in part a product of the Soviet system.

"That the Soviet regime was almost as nnforgiving toward its own soldiers as toward the enemy is demonstrated by the total figure of 13,500 executions, both summary and judicial, during the battle of Stalingrad," Beevor writes. Red Army soldiers were shot if they deserted. They were also executed "if they failed to shoot immediately at any comrades seen trying to desert or to surrender to the enemy."

Stalingrad could also be seen not just

as an illustration of total war but as the ultimate in totalitarian war as well. It was warfare waged under the ideology that the utopian state is the highest value, one for which no sacrifice is too great; hence neither side tried to limit civilian casualties or to spare the lives of troops when possible. The Germans used the technique of carpet bombing pioneered at Guernica during the Span-ish Civil War. They deported some 60,000 civilians from Stalingrad to Germany for slave labor. Of the 10,000 men in the Russians' 13th Guards Rifle Division, only 320 were still alive at the end of the four-month battle.

Stalingrad is, in short, a fantastic and sobering story, and it has been fully and authoritatively told in Beevor's book.

New York Times Service

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

On Malaysian Law

In response to "Top Opposition Figure Imprisoned in Malaysia" (Aug. 26): The imprisonment of Lim Guan Eng, a member of Parliament, is a damning in-dictment of Malaysia's legal

and judicial system. Even if Mr. Lim was guilty of making some baseless allegations in his attempt to ensure justice for a minor and her family, he should not have for a Just World. been handed such a severe sentence. The court should have taken into account the to be taken as a statement Simulamental principles in-of the present law on the volved: Mr. Lim's concern for scope and limits of the right justice; his role as member of to comment on matters of

izen to express a position on a

matter of public concern.

This judgment, which has

but also a severe hlow to the sia's sedition law and other ordinary Malaysian's free- laws that fetter freedom of dom of expression. The rule of law has been cratic process that elected

trampled by this episode.
What is the meaning of rule
of law when it is not informed of public concern in the disby a sense of justice and CHANDRA MUZAFFAR Petaling Jaya, Malaysia.

The writer is president of the International Movement

Parliament; his right as a cit-public interest, will have a restrictive and dampeaing effect on freedom of speech. His imprisonment is not only a setback to democracy, gent need to liberalize Malay-

speech. It is part of the demorepresentatives should be able to comment on matters

charge of their duties. The Bar Comcil considers it time for Parliament to review the laws that hinder this process. This reform is needed if Malaysia is to fulfill its stated goal of achieving greater transparency and ac-countability in public affairs.

CYRUS V. DAS. Knala Lumpur. The writer is president of

Afghan Conflict

Conflict" (Opinion, Aug. 24) by Amin Saikal:

Ever since the Taleban appeared on the scene, the world has been wondering who gave these religious dents" pocket money to huy artillery, armor and aircraft.
Afghanistan's increasingly

worried neighbors have known about Pakistan's role from the beginning. But until the Taleban's recent sweep into the north, they reluctantly put up with Islamabad's stonewalling.

Mr. Saikal's lucid analysis shows how even an impoverished state like Pakistan

Saudi Arabia opens its purse strings and Washington winks from afar. KEWMAR BOZORGMEHR. London.

can harbor territorial ambi-

tions as long as a rich one like

By Alan Truscott

For intermediate players, a computer program that talks back when you err in play or defense has advantages over a silent book. One such program, "Bridge Trix," prepared by Bob Wolff in collaboration with Neil Cohen, will challenge players at many levels. A demonstration can be viewed at: www.bridgetrix.com .

The first subject is winning and ducking tricks and the diagramed deal would defeat some experts. North's invitational raise to four no-trump is aggressive, but the potential for making five club tricks justifies optimism. Sonth

continues to six no-trump.
A spade lead would be in-A spade lead would be in-convenient: Somh would second and third tricks. If a

The state of the s

have to play dummy's queen and hope for five club tricks if East produced the king. Luck- taking a normal second finily. West has a natural heart lead, and South has hreathing space. After winning in the closed hand, he may finesse ers following twice, South the queen or jack of clubs. When this wins, the declarer

tricks readily available in the nine, guaranteeing the slam 4 10 8 major suits. If he can make four diamond tricks, four club tricks will suffice. But if there the nine wins, East shows out, are only three diamond tricks and the declarer can take an-to be had, five club tricks are other finesse to make his

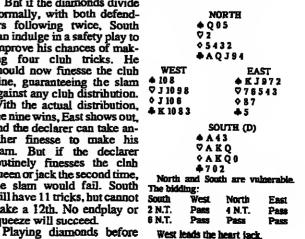
monds before he does anything else in the cluh suit. He now cashes two top diamonds, which is something make a 12th. No endplay or 2 N.T.

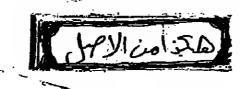
bad split is revealed, South must try for five clnh tricks hy esse of the queen or jack.
But if the diamonds divide

improve his chances of makmust change gears. ing four cluh tricks. He He knows that he has four should now finesse the cluh against any club distribution. With the actual distribution, \$ K 1083 slam. But if the declarer So South must test the dia- routinely finesses the club queen or jack the second time. the slam would fail. South will have 11 tricks, but cannot South

squeeze will succeed.

making a final commitment in clubs is a "discovery" play, an important technique that is often overlooked.





INTERNATIONAL

Bin Laden's Murky Financial Web — and a Gift by Kin to Harvard

By Anne E. Komblut and Aaron Zitner The Boston Globe

BOSTON - Long before the bin Laden name was associated with international terror, it stood for wealth, and look no further than their handbooks to

understand why. As a result of the "generosity of the Binladin family," two graduate fellow-ships were established at the university in 1992. Both are devoted to Islamic studies, and both are named after the prominent Saudi Arabian family, worth

a Harvard University Web site. But it was from this dynasty that

Osama bin Laden, who is accused of funding the bombing of two U.S. embassies in Africa, arose and inherited about \$250 million before he fled to Sudan. He departed the family construcstudents at Harvard University needed to tion empire nearly a decade ago, taking with him, U.S. officials believe, the business savvy of his father.

Now, Mr. hin Laden threatens to cast a shadow not only on the Harvard fellowships but also on a variety of connections other members of the bin Laden family have with the United States.

In addition to the Harvard fellowship. one of Mr. bin Laden's brothers is at-

shares the same father with Mr. bin Laden but has a different mother, could not be reached for comment Tuesday night.
In a greater irony, the hin Laden fam-

ily construction company has won a \$150 million contract to replace Khobar he is still in contact with some of his Towers, the U.S. military residence in Dhahran, Saudi Arabia, that was destroyed by a terrorist bomb in June. 1996, killing 19 people and injuring 160. Some U.S. officials believe Osama bin Laden was involved in that attack.

Bin Ladin beneficiaries have begun to mount their defense. A Harvard spokesman, Alex Huppe, differentiated beabout \$5 billion. The name appears as one of Mr. bin Laden's brothers is at-"Binladin," one of several spellings, in tending Harvard Business School, ac-tween the family and the alleged terrorist,

CAMPS: Guerrillas in Afghanistan Brush Off Bombing by U.S.

Continued from Page 1

cross-section of Latin America's Marxist revolutionaries in the 1970s.

And just as the United States bad some troubles fighting guerrilla wars, its missile attack last Thursday, simultaneously with one on a pharmaceutical factory in the Sudan, demonstrates that high-technology wizardry developed to fight a war against another superpower may not be appropriate for a sophisticated war against terrorism.

Whether or not the missile attack accomplished its goal of damaging Mr. bin Laden's ability to carry out terrorist attacks on Americans and American institutions, it jarred some guerrilla operations that were aimed at other

Intended or not, Washington eliminated guerrillss preparing to go back to fight in Turkey, Algeria, Egypt, Saudi Arabia and India. Earlier graduates have also fought in Bosnia and Chechnya.

The American missiles struck four camps in Afghanistan. Two, near Khost, were nsed for training Pakistanis and Kashmiris for the war against India in Kashmir. The third, Al Farooq, which was nearby, was used primarily by Arabs from many countries.

The fourth camp, Al Badr, 16 kilometers (10 miles) west, was an Arab camp run hy Mr. bin Laden; reports filtering out from Afghanistan are that this camp was badly damaged and that the casualty figure may be high.

One of the worst-hit camps was operated by a fundamentalist Islamic organization in Pakistan called Harakat Mujahidin, or Movement of Holy Warriors. At least 21 people were killed. The camp had been called Harakat

Ansar, until the name was changed after the State Department put that organization on its terrorist list last year. Harakat Mujahidin leaders, as well as survivors of the attack, have insisted that

the camp was only for religious pur-

freely across Pakistan to and from the camps for many years.
"We always told the Pakistanis there

are dangers in allowing these camps," said a senior, non-American, Western "They always denied they bad any

eonnection. Last year the Russians showed them pictures of weapons going from Pakistan to the camps.' Pakistan government dismissed the photos as fakes, the diplomat said. Efforts to get a comment from the

Pakistani government were unsuccessful. Neither the Foreign Ministry nor the Ministry of Information returned phone

A senior diplomat from another major U.S. ally said there was "no donbt" that

Continued from Page 1

How effectively the new policies can

be carried out remains a big question,

because the livelihoods of bundreds of

thousands of poor people will he affected, including loggers upstream and

approach to flood control, reflecting a

debate over strategy that has continued

drologist and flood prevention expert,

said that in 1980 an important report by

the Ministry of Water Resources laid out

plans for reinforcing and raising the

main dikes along the Yangtze. But by 1987, only \$48 million of the \$1.2 billion

that was called for had been spent on the

Lu said, "but the main dikes are in a state

of disrepair, leading to breaches this

The neglect of downstream dikes, Mr.

Lu and other critics say, reflects a bias

toward building dams and reservoirs to

battle floods despite their inherently lim-

Though the topic is too politically

sensitive for the official news media to

explore, the floods this year have re-

vived private debate about the giant

Three Gorges Dam under construction

along the upper reaches of the Yangtze.

tried to capitalize on the crisis, con-

— if not eliminate — flooding like this

Officials involved in the project have

tending that the dam will greatly reduce delays would be accepted.

'Eighteen years have passed," Mr.

Lu Qinkan, a retired government by-

in China for thousands of years.

of the river.

from Pakistan intelligence services. He training, with the exception of the heavy said that the nature of assistance changed over time and that when the situation got too bot politically, the intelligence service would back off for a while.

One of the groups that trained in Afghanistan with help from the Pakistan intelligence service was the Hizbul Mnjahidin, or Party of Holy Warriors. This is the group in which Mr. Zamin, the lawyer, is a senior commander.

More than 20,000 men from his group were trained at the camps in the last six

The training day begins before dawn with prayers, followed by an hour or two of running up and down the mountains, then breakfast. The rest of the morning is for military training, including instruc-tion in the uses of weapons: Kalashnikov assault rifles, mortars, rocket-propelled

is for the study of the Koran and sports. Then come dinner and bed. In sbort, it is standard military basic said.

grenades and explosives. After luneb and prayers, the afternoon

religious component. During what Mr. Zamin called the "ideological training," the focus is on the jihad against America and Europe,

We are not against the American people, we have no bad feelings toward them." he said. "We are against the American policy.

Speaking of his recruits, he asked, Why does it matter to the Americans if they came bere for training to fight against their regimes at home?

In Algeria, he continued, fundamentalist Muslims are at war against a goverament that refused to yield power in 1992 after an election that the fundamentalists were on their way to winning. In Turkey, the army has refused to let Islamic political parties govern, even after elections, he charged. In Egypt, the government discriminates against fundamentalist Muslims, discouraging women from veiling themselves, be

EXPLOSION: FBI Joins Investigation

Continued from Page 1

Osama bin Laden was responsible. The bomb here, apparently left on the floor in front of the restaurant's shimmery blue-tiled bar, was much smaller and left a gunpowder smell in the air; it seemed to bear a similarity to pipe bombs used in warfare hetween drug gangs and anti-crime Muslim groups in the mixed-race neigbborhoods near

Last month, a similar bomb blew up prematurely in a pickup truck, killing two men from People Against Gangsterism and Drugs whom police suspected were about to use it on someone

No Americans were hurt in the hlast. Ten of the injured were British, the police said, one was Argentinian and the The camps are only a few kilometers rest South African. The dead man, Fanie ees holding a going-away party for a colleague moving to England.

Two of the seriously injured were an 8-year-old British tourist, Laura Giddings, who had a leg blown off, and her 2-year-old brother, Jacob, who had serious spinal injuries. A witness said "It looked like someone just took an ice cream scoop out of the little boy's

Representatives of Muslims Against Global Oppression repeatedly denied

that the group was responsible. "We unreservedly condemn the attack, we don't have anyone named Jihad al-Haq in our organization as far as I know and we sympathize with the vic-tims of the attack," one said.

In a 5 P.M. talk show on Muslim the groups that had trained in the camps community radio, members of the group

said the bomb might have been "a means to divert people from attending a march" on the U.S. Consulate here that

is planned for Saturday.

The minister of safety and security,
Sidney Mufamadi, said, "There are firm leads which are being followed, and the firmness of the leads gives rise to optimism that there will soon be a breakthrough.'

The South African Broadcasting Corporation said it had a tape of possible suspects but would not air it because of the ongoing investigation. Local newspapers said videotapes had been retrieved from security cameras inside Planet Hollywood.

The front of the restaurant was wrapped in rolls of concertina wire Wednesday to keep the curious back. About from the Pakistani border, and people Schoeman, 50, and some of the worst 30 bunches of flowers had been left

The normally bustling Waterfront tourist area was very subdued. Restaurants that usually turn away anyone without reservations had tables beg-

"Normally it's busy now, but it's very quiet," said Marilyn Fick, a waitress at Delectable Deluxe Donnts. She said she was across from Planet Hollywood when the bomb went off. "There was a lady screaming 'I can't see! I can't feel my face! " she said.
"They carried out a lady with her foot

off. I was shocked. I just started erying and walked away. They had to give me sugar water at the medic statioo, I was so

Police said Marcus Dudley, a cbef, was a hero, rushing into the smoking in Afghanistan bad received assistance suggested other possible scenarios. One building to belp remove survivors.

shrunk drastically. Its capacity has fallen by nearly half since 1949.

Decades ago, a large basin near the

Yangtze in Hubei was designated as the

major emergency water diversion area:

When floods grew too high, dikes there

would be intentionally breached, reliev-

Osama bin Laden was officially banned from Sandi Arabia in 1991. A former CIA analyst, Kenneth Katzman, said the family link is now tenuous at best, but several U.S. specialists say that he is still in contact with some of his "That doesn't exist," he said. "There brothers. Officials believe his siblings may number as many as 52.

Following those attacks, and later threats by a spokesman for Mr. bin Some of his financial interests are

known: Mr. hin Laden poured \$50 million into the Al-Shamal Islamic Bank in Khartoum, for example. He also established Wadi al-Aqiq Company Ltd., a Sudanese import-export company that markets agricultural products, according to the U.S. State Department.

Then there are shakier reports: that Mr.

bin Ladin has played a major role in providing American manufacturers with gum arabic, a substance used in soft drinks, company was "completely baseless."

cording to a report in the British news-paper The Independent. That brother, who money is being put to good use here." candy and other products. Or that he has secreted millions in Swiss bank accounts. The problem, said Yossef Bodansky,

director of the U.S. House of Representatives' Task Force on Terrorism and Unconventional Warfare, is that "there

is not something you can go to and say, That belongs to him 100 percent.
"He also knows that everyone will go

Mr. bin Laden, 41, is accused of masterminding the Aug. 7 bomb attacks on U.S. embassies in Nairobi and Dar es Salaam, Tanzania, that killed 257 people.

"He also knows that everyone will go after him," Mr. Bodansky said, "so he has carefully concealed what he has."

The Stare Department says it has

tracked down at least some of Mr. bin Laden's business dealings, and it credits him in a 1996 report with having "sewell as several other products.

cent of the world's gum arabie, but Sudanese and U.S. companies deny that Mr. bin Laden has any role in the gum

the allegation of a bin Laden role in the

The chairman, Omer Mubarak, and general manager, M. M. Karama, wrotethat Mr. bin Ladin was not an investor, trading partner, financier or beneficiary of the company's activities "in any form."

Meanwhile, others contend that Mr. bin Laden's wealth has been wildly exaggerated and point to the decision by the Sandi government to freeze his bank accounts after pulling his citizenship.

Barri Arwan, the editor of the Lon-don-based Arabic paper Al Quds Al Arabi, said that when he spoke with Mr. bin Laden in 1996, the Saudi exile said and he had also invested badly in Sudan, greatly diminishing his wealth.

According to a State Department renounced their intent to strike at the heart of his operation: his fortune.

Some of his fortune.

Some of his fortune.

Some of his fortune.

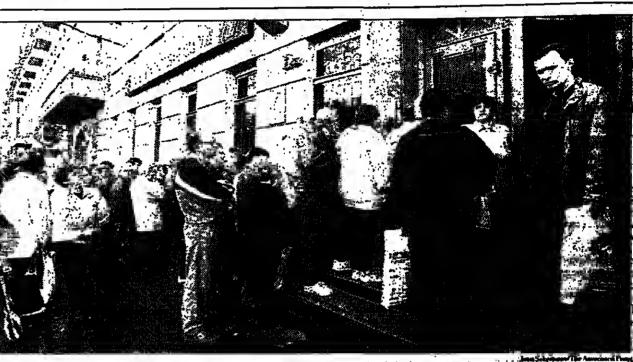
The fortune of his fortune of his fortune.

The fortune of his fortune of his fortune of his fortune.

The fortune of his fortune of h major road between the Sudanese cap-Sndan produces 70 percent to 90 per-ital, Khartourn, and Port Sudan, a contract that would normally bring a handsome return. But Mr. bin Laden claims he was never paid for the 1994 project. the editor said.

arabic trade.

The chairman and general manager of Gum Arabic Co. Ltd., which holds the monopoly on Sudanese production, sent a monopoly on Sudanese production, sent a the biggest problem investigators have the biggest problem investigators. The monetary pursuit, he said, faced so far. The monetary pursuit and the said of the convoluted financial web as the biggest problem investigators have the biggest prob is in its "very early infancy." He added, "They're not even off square one."



He declined to say what he meant by Russians waiting outside a Moscow bank Wednesday to enter, one by one, to take money from their accounts.

IMF: Russia Crisis Forces Fund to Bend Policy on Debt Repayment.

Continued from Page 1

happened with IMP blessing since the Latin American debt crisis of the 1980s. What's more, the find has shifted away from demanding of the Indonesian measures: a budget surplus. That demand and supplies, including weapons, moved injured were all Standard Bank employ- there, some of them hanging on the razor ended last month when the IMF agreed administration and the IMF brokered an ment that stretched out repsyment of instead to enough extra government agreement that guaranteed repayment, short-term debts over several years, but spending to run up the deficit to 8 percent

to 10 percent of the total budget. "I don't think we have ever at the IMF had a program where we targeted a fiscal deficit as large as 8 to 10 percent," Mr. Boorman said.

Russia puts the fund much more on the spot. The fund had authorized a \$22 billion loan to Russia, only to have the Russians, earlier this month, devalue their afternoon," said Mr. Seleznyov, refercurrency and change the repayment terms for much of its debt, including the \$40 billion in short-term government paper.

Foreign investors, converting dollars to rubles, had bought about \$10 billion of this total, and now that the repayment has been prolooged, ruble devaluations are likely to wipe out some of their investment. The stretch-out terms, announced Tuesday, provide for interest payments in the 20 percent to 30 percent range, annually — probably not high enough to offset ruble devaluations.

Stanley Fischer, the fund's first deputy managing director, offered an angry characterization of the Russian initiative. "The IMF regards the fact that Russia was unable to meet its commitments and has had to restructure them unilaterally as extremely unfortunate and regrettable," Mr. Fischer said. "The nature of the international economy will change if this

is the way business has to be done." Does that mean the IMF will not make its next scheduled loan payment to Rus- scale," a North Carolina emergency sia of more than \$4 billion, scheduled for next month? Not necessarily.

The fund does not pressure banks to swallow loan write-offs against their wisbes, but this time something like that could happen.

Russia must comply with some loan conditions, Mr. Fischer and Mr. Boorman said. Above all, the Russian Duma, or lower house of Parliament, and Prime Minister-designate Viktor Chernomyrdin must accept the IMF-imposed goal of a uated and thousands streamed into 85 balanced budget in two or three years. But repayment to foreign lenders, in full, may be allowed to slip — if the government can demonstrate that it has no choice in southern coast sent officials scrambling order to revive the economy.

'If markets are going to operate properly," Mr. Boorman said, "and if markets are going to price risk appropriately, then in some circumstances that risk is going to materialize, in nonpayment of some debt, as it is materializing now."

Such issues are almost certainly on the table in the continning discussions in Moscow between IMF and Russian government officials, and in related talks involving David Lipton, the Treasury Department's undersecretary for international affairs, who has traveled several times to Moscow in recent weeks, and is tish judges had been discussed for returning next week for President Bill Clinton's summit meeting with President Boris Yeltsin of Russia. The IMF has relaxed its opposition to

> endorsement of unrestricted short-term lending across borders, recognizing that

The IMF's shifting stance is not with- met with stiff resistance on the part of the: but of a greatly reduced amount.

out precedent. Years of stagnant econ- IMF and the Clinton administration to: omies in Latin America followed the debt, any debt print offs or concessions in crisis of the early 1980s, when most Lane; standard IMF practices. The same re-American nations: defaulted, on debig; action greated the Asian eriors.

owed to foreign banks. After nearly eight. When South Korean banks, for ex-

government one of its standard ansierity years in which the banks tried to force ample, renegotiated their foreign debti repayment of the entire debt, the Reagan late last year, the IMF blessed an agree- called for repayment of the full dollar; But the Mexican debt crisis of 1994 amount, with interest.

RUSSIA: Prime Minister in Plea to IMF

Continued from Page 1

"We might be ready by next Monday ring to the crisis document. "But we would not want to rush things since we are speaking about a very serious doc-

In a television interview Wednesday

Most analysts attributed the heavy week to lower the banks' minimum capital requirements.

the bankers then exchanged for dollars. to CCC.

With the banking crisis threatening a collapse of the entire financial system. the central bank took its first tough and tion Wednesday by withdrawing the banking license of Bank AB Imperial, Russia's 13th largest bank, which had reportedly defaulted on loan payments."

An anti-crisis program, announced Ang. 17 by Mr. Chernomyrdin's prenight, Mr. Seleznyov again appealed for decessor, Sergei Kiriyenko, included a Mr. Yellsin to resign — a call that a spokesman dismissed as "stupid." 90-day moratorium on debts owed by spokesman dismissed as "stupid." commercial banks to foreign lenders.

The government's plan to exchange. trading on the Moscow currency ex- \$40 billion held in Russian short-term. change Tuesday to the central bank's Treasury bills for other longer term socontinued supply of credits to Russia's curities has also left foreign investors, troubled banks, and by its decision last with a bitter taste.

Fitch IBCA, an international ratingagency, lowered Russia's long-term cur-This move freed ruble reserves, which rency rates on Wednesday from B minus

Continued from Page 1

More than 50,000 people in eastern North Carolina and thousands more along the South Carolina coast near Myrtle Beach were without power.

With sirens waiting, police and firefighters tried to encourage any stragglers to leave the resort islands east of Wilm-

southern coast sent officials scrambling

wind and the rain start, and then they all come on at the same time," said Cecil Logan, emergency coordinator in Brunswick County, home to Calabash, where 2,000 people were evacuated.

At 2 P.M. EDT on Wednesday, forecasters pinpointed the center of the storm's eye about 55 miles south of Wilmington, North Carolina, just off Cape Fear. The storm was centered near latitude 33.5 north, longitude 77.9 west, the Miami-based National Hurricane Center said. The storm was heading north at about 10 mph and forecasters said it would make a gradual turn toward the north-northeast on Wednesday night, It was expected to slow as the eye budget deficits. It has pulled back on its swirled over land. The eye was expected to go back out to sea at about 8 A.M. Thursday. Damage assessment teams

center and tropical storm force winds up to 230 miles from the eye of the storm. Hurricane warnings remained in efnorthward to Chincoteague, Virginia, including the lower Chesapeake Bay and. Paralico and Albemarle sounds west of the Outer Banks. A burricane watch was,

another hurricane, designated Danieller was strengthening over the Atlantic ---645 miles east-northeast of the Leeward Islands - and moving toward the northnorthwest at 21 miles per hour.

It was much smaller than Bonnie but already had steady winds reaching 105 miles per hour and was expected to strengthen as it moved.

land, forecasters said.

The nation's most vivid recent images, of hurricanes are those from 1992, when a hurricane designated Andrew demoly ished large sections of South Florida and Louisiana and set a record as the nation \$ costliest hurricane, with damage worth:

Just a few years earlier, another storm; Hingo, caused more than \$7 billion worth. of damage after slamming into South Carolina, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgino

Islands and other Caribbean islands. A Those storms arrived after days of

It was not always that way.
On Sept. 8, 1900, a hurricane struck

STORM: Hurricane Hits North Carolina

spokesman, Jeff Winstead, said

ington devastated by the burricanes Bertha and Fran in 1996. More than half a million people evaccoastal emergency shelters ahead of Bon-

to open additional shelters there. People just won't evacuate until the

also was posted from Chincoteague north to Cape Henlopen, Delaware. While the storm approached the coast,

It was still too early to tell whether Danielle would threaten the U.S. main-

more than \$30 billion.

warnings, resulting in relatively lowedeath tolls — 26 for Andrew and 56 in the case of Hugo.

such loans set off the Asian crisis, when the lenders tried to call them in. And it is publishing, on the Internet, the texts of various agreements that in the past were winds extending up to 115 miles from the various that in the past were winds extending up to 115 miles from the various to the control of the city. The total number of the city of the city. The total number of the city of the city of the city. The total number of the city of the

ited capacity.

Mr. Ln. who was involved in feasibility originated, obliquely warned the Libystudies for the Three Gorges Dam but ans against obstructing the compromise who refused to sign the recommendation on a trial. to proceed, said its effect could only be small. In 1954, he said, in the previous flood comparable to this year's, nearly 14 times more water flowed into the dam site than the dam would be capable of retaining. And much more water flowed into the river below the dam site.

CHINA: Mistakes Admitted in Flooding That Has Killed 3,000 Along with improving dikes, critics of the dam-centered approach say, more Environmental Protection Agency, the must be done to protect natural wa- lake borders, again because of drainage terways that can soak up water and to set for farms and the inflow of silt, have aside basins downstream where overflows can be diverted. But intense pop-

farmers in the middle and lower reaches difficult. Hubei Province, on the middle A number of water experts are also calling for fundamental changes in the reaches of the Yangtze, where the damage this year is worst, was once known as the province of 1,000 lakes, many of ing pressures elsewhere. The waters them linked to the Yangtze system, said Zhou Kuiyi, vice director of the gov-ernment's Research Center on Flood

> simply disappeared, he said. The bage Dongting Lake in Huhei is

> > Continued from Page 1

Colonel Gadhafi wanted assurances that

questions only about the bomb attack

over Lockerbie — and no other Libyan

activities - would be asked at the trial,

and that his intelligence network, which

many accuse of supporting international

In announcing the trial proposal Mon-

day, the U.S. secretary of state,

Madeleine Albright, bad explicitly

warned that no compromises would be

made and that no time-consuming

The Arab League, where the proposal

"Libya has counted on the support of

the Arab, African and Nonaligned coun-

tries to bring about a solution to this

problem," Hussein Hassouna, the Arab

for a Scottisb trial in the Netherlands

terrorism, would not be scrutinized.

ulation pressures and poverty make this

Disasters. But because of draining projects and siltation, many of the lakes have

were so diverted in the great floods of 1954, when 170,000 people had to be evacuated. Today, 550,000 people live in the diversion zone, said Mr. Zhon, making it nearly impossible to open the

taining excess waters along the Yangtze. prevent breaches at the dikes.

The proposal to try the Libyan suspects in The Netherlands but with Scotmonths and was well known before it was made public in July.

day. "I don't expect them to take a case.

position that will lose them this support in coming phases of the case."

Libya's pleas for time were largely ignored by the Security Council, which

the world as well as in the Security

floodgates.
Instead, bundreds of thousands of the most important single lake for re- troops are working around the clock to LIBYA: A Trial in Netherlands Is Accepted

> moved ahead to debate on the resolution, which may be adopted Thursday. Stephen Gomersall, the deputy British representative, said that London was very encouraged" by the support for the proposal that his country and the United States were getting from around

There had been pressure on the United States and Britain to make the offer before a meeting of the Nonaligned Movement in South Africa beginning this weekend, where member nations were expected to declare that they would League's representative at the United no longer abide by sanctions against Nations, said in an interview Wednes- Libya if there were no movement in the

How Will Hong Kong Get Out of Its Market?

By Thomas Fuller

KUALA LUMPUR — With Hong Kong well into its second week of what has become a billion-dollar experiment in the government's buying shares in private companies, analysts say the most interesting part is yet to come: how and when will the territory stop without apsetting the stock mar-

"The government has basically hit the tar baby," said Marshall Mays, the chief strategist at Nikko Securities Co. 'How do you get unstuck? The more you try, the deeper you get in."
Since it announced on Aug. 14 that

it would buy shares of large Hong Kong companies in an effort to stabilize the tumbling stock market, the government has accumulated an estimated \$2 billion in stock. Now

"They're in a really difficult position," said Seema Desai, a regional economist at Schroders International Merchant Bank in Singapore. "If yon get out, that could precipitate a further

The intervention, which began nearly two weeks ago, was the first time that Hong Kong — seen as the bastion of free-market capitalism in the region — has bought shares in its own stock market. Critice say the move has artificially inflated prices on the Hong Kong market and raised the risk of investing there, because market players are now wary of further in-

Hong Kong officials defended the move as necessary in their battle against speculators.

Analysts say it could be months or years before the government can un-load its stock purchases. If Hong Kong officials decided to stop intervening soon, the market could follow other markets around the region - and tumble again.

"You wouldn't see it fall hy 2 percent a day. It would be much sharper than that," said Deep Kapur, a market strategist at Salomon Brothers Singa-pore Pte. Ltd. in Singapore.

Indeed, when the government seemed briefly to curb its purchases last Friday, the market's main index fell by 2.8 percent — after soaring by 16 percent in the days immediately following the intervention.

"If they want stability, they will have to be in the market," said Mr. Kapur. "This situation will have to continue until the real economy turns

Hong Kong economy has bottomed ont, that corporate profits will begin to recover — until all the bad news is out of the way."

Mr. Kaper said that could be up to

2 months away.
That is not what Hong Kong had in mind. The intervention was designed as a measure to combat the immediate threat of speculators - not as a longterm commitment.

The territory's chief executive called the interventioo "a defensive effort targeted specifically at this particular action," referring to the attacks

of market speculators. Hong Kong has the means to huy stocks for many months to come. Its foreign currency reserves stand at al-

See BUY, Page 15

Diana, Princess of Sales: From Mugs to Margarine

By Stuart Elliott

New York Times Service NEW YORK - As the first anniversary of her death nears, Diana, Princess of Wales, has become a powerful princess of sales, unexpectedly developing into the equivalent of a strong worldwide brand.

The merchandising of Diana's themory has grown rapidly into a multimillion-dollar business for scores of companies that are busily churning out tems at all prices bearing her name, likeness or affectionate sobriquets such as "the people's princess" or "England's rose." Those products, of varying taste levels, are being promoted in advertising campaigns that have run almost continuously since her death last Aug. 31, appearing most frequently in mass media outlets like Sunday newspapers and women's magazines.

She is the consummate brand, available to everybody," said Nick Shore, partner at a New York consulting company named Nick and Paul The Brand:

Agency.
There are a lot of iconic aspects to what she was all about the panie, the she has been in our living rooms more Garbo.

goods generated by the phenomenon are described in Britain, includes dolls, coins, stamps, collector plates, books, jewelry, candles, music boxes, video-

tapes, flowers and compact disks. Still more collectibles - exploitative or commemorative, authorized or other-

wise — are on the way.

"As popular as Diana was alive, the outpouring since her death has been mind-boggling," said Jay Coleman, president and chief executive at EMCI, a company in Stamford, Connecticut, that specializes in entertainment and celebrity marketing campaigns.
"There a a whole industry out there and it wouldn't surprise me if we see an ongoing Diana presence.

By one estimate, sales of products inspired by Dianamania are running at \$200 million annually. That is already equal to the yearly sales of licensed merchandise associated with Marilyn Monroe, another blonde whose sudden demise at age 36 drew international attention.

"Diana died a tragic death, somewhat similar to a Marilyn Monroe or a James Dean," said Mark Roesler, chairman and chief executive of CMG Worldwide in Indianapolis, which handles licensing and merchandising rights for more than 200 stars, such as Miss Mouroe, Mr. Dean, Humphrey hair, the dress, the eyes," he said. "And Bogart, Ingrid Bergman and Greta

than our own family members."

"And the unprecedented media coverage of her death undoubtedly made an "And the unprecedented media covimpact," he said. "People buy things to

See DIANA, Page 15

Diana for Sale

The Image of the late Princess of Wales has become a cottage Industry. It appears on, among other things, coins, plates and stamps. Diana dolls are the icons of the cult of Dianamanla.





The Princess Diana Solid Silver Memorial Coin, available from the Franklin Mint, costs \$55. It has a



A set of nine stamps sells for \$9.95 and is legal for postage in the Republic of Togo.

Deutsche Bank Slips From Top of Ratings

S&P Acts as Investment Banking Woes Fester

By John Schmid

FRANKFURT — Deutsche Bank AG slipped from the pinnacle of the world's financial houses Wednesday when Standard & Poor's Corp. downgraded its

credit rating for the first time.
Until S&P reduced its rating to double-A-plus from the coveted triple-A, Deutsche Bank, the leading bank in Germany, was one of only two private commercial banks in the world holding the agency's highest ranking.

Now the lone bank with that distinctioo is Rabobank Nederland NV of the Netherlands, said Barry Hancock, managing director in London of S&P's financial institution ratings.

"The ontlook is negative," S&P concluded, citing Deutsche Bank's "costintensive" expansion into global investment banking, which has weakened its profitability. "Deutsche Bank's former preeminent position has suffered to an extent which is no longer compatible with Standard & Poor's highest rating category.

The German bank now compares "unfavorably with international

peers," the ageocy said. Even with the markdown oo Wednesday, though, Deutsche Bank enjoys higher S&P ratings than its largest German rivals. Dresdnet Bank AG has a double-A rating and Commerzbank AG has a double-A-minus rank. Moody's Investors Service Inc., another ratings agency, downgraded Deutsche Bank in December 1996.

The downgrade is more painful to the prestige of a bank that once towered over the rest of Europe than it is to its balance sheet, analysts said. The merger of Union Bank of Switzerland and Swiss Bank Corp. this year displaced Deutsche Bank as the higgest bank in

"It is a prestige matter to have a triple-A rating and then to lose it." said Georg Kanders, an analyst at West-deutsche Landesbank in Duesseldorf.

S&P acted oo what many see as Deutsche Bank's higgest stumbling block; its inability to break into the top leagues of global investment banks despite years of staggering investments, acquisitions and hires.

This business has been a drag oo the parent-company bank, the ageocy said in a toughly worded critique. Fierce competitioo "poses significant chal-leoges for the bank to achieve its amhitious goals," the agency said.

strategy has lacked credibility for over a

year now," said Matthew Czepliewicz, European Banking analyst at Salomon Smith Barney. "And the pace of setbacks has accelerated in 1998.

The downgrade, which is the first for Deutsche Bank since S&P began covering the bank in 1986, coincided with a plunge in the bank's stock, which closed at 122.60 DM (\$68.09), down 6 DM.

Investors cited the bank's exposure to financial upheavals in Asia and Russia for the sell-off, factors that pushed stock indexes around the wnrld into negative territory Wednesday.

A spokesman for Deutsche Bank said the downgrade was not a surprise after S&P served notice that it was considering such action when it put Deutsche Bank on its "watch list" in January.

The downgrade will ratchet up pressure on Deutsche Bank to come up with a credible and possibly radical solution to its investment banking problems. S&P faulted Deutsche Bank's latest restructuring efforts, which are meant to integrate that business into the main commercial banking operations.

'Deutsche Bank also failed so far to successfully integrate the different cultures of its investment and commercial banking activities, 'S&P said. The bank's stock has collapsed in the

four weeks since it published its halfyear earnings, which showed only a small increase in operating profit. Analysts now assume that profit margins in the investment banking unit are thinner and more precarious than assumed.

Some analysts believe that potential losses in investment banking could force Deutsche Bank to cut staff bonuses as a way to control costs, a move that could exacerbate an exodus of star financiers. Among other staff defections, it has lost a once-prized 132member technology investment team in California.

Some analysts said the ratings down-grade would increase the pressure on Deutsche Bank to find a stronger partner

in investment banking.

The bank already is believed to have held talks with J.P. Morgan & Co. in New York. Analysts believe that Deutsche Bank appears willing to go to humbling leogths to re-establish the credibility of its investment bank. They say Deutsche Bank might be prepared to relinquish cootrol of its global operations and allow them to be managed by J.P. Morgan under a merged bank. Both companies have declined to comment oo the speculatioo.

Some believe that Deutsche Bank at "Deutsche Bank's investment bank this stage might even consider a merger with its archrival, Dresdner Bank.

Germans Fear Panic in Russia Could Spread and Threaten Global Economy

By William Drozdiak Washington Past Service

BERLIN — As Russia's financial crisis continues to spin out of control, there is growing alarm in Germany and other European countries that it could soon have damaging economic consequences for the world's leading industrial democracies.

Leading German economists said that if Russia's problems can be isolated, they could be manageable in the long term. But they warned that if panic in Mos-cow triggers further instability in Asia

and Eastern Europe, the impact could be devastating for the world economy.
"We are in the throes of a global currency crisis," said Lutz Hoffmann, president of DIW, the top German eco-

nomic institute. He predicted that an economic collapse in Russia would force a devaluation in the Chinese yuan, which would

cause "the carousel to start turning again in Asia" and altimately inflict a serious blow to the United States and western Europe.

As Russia's leading trade partner and biggest lender, Germany has been strug-gling to protect its substantial stakes there by trying to convince investors and the public at large that any melt-

down would only have minor reper-

But reaction Wednesday in European markets to the ruble's dwindling fortunes suggests that nervous investors are not heeding that message and see Russia's problems as a harbinger of further monetary turnoil.

Germany's leading commercial bank saw its credit rating slashed Wednesday and shares on the Frankfurt stock exchange plunged more than 3 percent in value, reflecting investor fears that Russia's troubles could prove contagious.

German banks have by far the largest foreign exposure with \$30.5 billion in

sages from the German government.
A few days ago, top cabinet officials were insisting that the West must help

"An unstable, collapsing Russia is much more dangerous and would be much more expensive than a Russia which we support on its difficult path to a market economy," the economics minister, Guenter Rexrodt, said after the de facto devaluation of the ruble last week.

billion package assembled last month by the International Monetary Fund.

'Russia must do it by itself,' Theo Waigel said. 'Lasting stabilization of the financial situation in Russia is only financial markets and in the Russian

The "tough love" approach adopted by Chancellor Helmut Kohl's govern-

outstanding loans to Russia, represent-ing about 40 percent of foreign credits. The looming confidence crisis has not been helped by contradictory mes-

Russia at all costs. facto devaluation of the ruble last week.

But Wednesday, the German finance minister warned that Russia should not have sought to turn Mr. Kohl's vaunted

expect any further bailout by wealthy friendship with President Boris Yeltsin ed that Mr. Kohl had placed domestic Western partners in the wake of the \$22.6 of Russia to his disadvantage with political interests ahead of an emer-

possible if new confidence is created on

ment represents a dramatic turnaround by Russia's most important economic For years, Germany opened its coffers to provide generous amounts of aid

and state-guaranteed credits to Russia, largely out of gratitude for the bold political decision by Mikhail Gorba-chev, the last Soviet president, not to thwart German reunification.

But with Mr. Kohl facing a difficult re-election campaign before national elections next month, his governing center-right coalition has balked at shelling out more money to rescue Russia. Such a gesture is now seen as a grave political liability in Germany, where budgets are tight and joblessness is run-

voters by charging that their much-publicized chats in the sanna have accomplished little to ward off a potential economic nightmare for both nations.

"Russia is becoming a bottomless pit for our money," said Ernst Schwanhold, the Social Democratic Party's economic spokesman. "There is a major risk of a total default, and the German taxpayer

could end up footing the bill." Stanley Fischer, the IMF deputy managing director who is leading the drive to restore stability to the markets, said that prompt action by the Group of Seven industrialized nations could have avoided the economic and financial chaos now afflicting Russia. He told the Frankfurter Allgemeine newspaper that Germany's standoffish attitude indicat-

gency rescue operation for Russia.

As the ruble continued to fall in value, dropping more than 40 percent against the Deutsche mark, German investors joined the massive exodus from Russia. Even though the shares of German banks have been hit hard, their interests remain largely protected because Bonn

has guaranteed most of their credits to Russia and Asian countries. But if those nations default on their loans, the impact on the German Treas-

ary could be substantial. Besides the hefty \$30 hillion in outstanding loans to Russia, German banks

are still seeking repayment of more than \$70 billion in shaky credits to Asia. "Until now, Western countries have

gas, oil and other commodities from Russia and Asia," said Axel Siedenburg, an economist for Deutsche Bank. "But now, we all could be facing a oasty downturn. With almost every investor running scared, the stability of the glob-al financial system may be at stake."

■ Russia Losses Weigh on CSFB

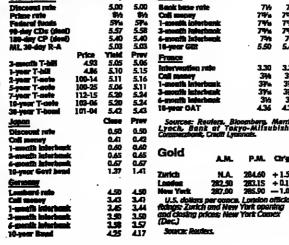
Credit Suisse Group said its invest-ment bank had lost \$254 million in the past two mooths because of global market difficulties, mainly in Russia, where the value of investments has plunged,

Bloomberg News reported from Zurich. Credit Suisse Group said its Credit Suisse First Boston unit's net profit for the first eight months of 1998 declined to \$500 million as of Tuesday from \$754 million in the first half. It earned \$623 been compensated by lower prices in million in the first half of 1997.

CURRENCY & INTEREST RATES

Cross Rates Other Dollar Values Per \$
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2,035
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3,7519
1,7715 1.4383 143.33 1.4935





Soros Funds Lose \$2 Billion In Russia Slump

NEW YORK - Billionaire George Soros's group of investment funds lost about \$2 billion on its investments in Russia in the past year, Stanley Druckenmiller, manager of Soros' flagship Quantum Fund said Wednesday.

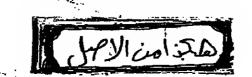
The worst of the market effects from Russia's financial crisia is probably past because most Russian investments have been essentially "marked down to zero," he told CNBC.

He said the U.S. stock market was the most attractive in the world and he saw "com-pelling" evidence that U.S. stocks have hit a bottom. With turmoil in other markets around the world, money will pour into U.S. assets, he said. The Federal Reserve Board is more likely to cut its target for overnight lending rates than to raise it, he said.

Purchases of Hong Kong stocks by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority probably will not prevent a slide in the Hang Seng Index, he said. Asked whether he was taking short positions on Hong Kong stocks short, he said, "You can draw your own conclusions."



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Very briefly:

The Trib Index

Jan 1, 1992 a 100

World Index

Asia Pacific

N. America

S America

Energy

Capital goods

Raw Materials

Consumer goods

Europe

Regional Indexes

— or 34 percent — in nine months.



• The loternet, once the domain of the young and technically

inclined, is taking root with a wide cross-section of Americans. A new study estimates that more than a third of adult

Americans now use the Internet, a rise of more than 18 million

Netscape Communications Inc and Siogapore Network

Services signed a partnership agreement on Wednesday to provide software to businesses in Singapore and the region.

· Quark Inc. said it had offered to acquire Adobe Systems

Inc. at a premium to its rival's current stock price but had been

turned down, Privately held Quark, which makes QuarkX-

-1.12

-5.88

-4.28

-5.14

-4.11

-3.11

217.69

126.67

140.03

Pross as of 4:00 P.M. New York time

-1.58

- 1.53

-2.63

-0.16

- 4.05

-0.45 -2.18 -3.27

-- 3.54

-243

year to date

+ 6.59

- 24.74

+ 12.77

+ 16.85

-- 39.50

+ 22.32

+ 7.53

+ 3.02

-6.57

-1.20

+ 14.26

downturns in the worldwide semiconductor industry.

Was Microsoft Bullying Intel?

U.S. Investigates Possible 'Vague Threats' by Bill Gates

By Steve Lohr and John Markoff **New York Times Service**

Microsoft Corp. and Intel Corp. are so intertwined, so seemingly dependent on each other for their success, that they are often referred to as a single entity - "Wintel" - in recognition of the degree to which Microsoft's Windows operating system and Intel's microprocessors dominate the technol-

ogy of personal computing. But the government is investigating whether Microsoft has used its market muscle to force even Intel, its only real peer, to shelve new technology efforts that con-flicted with Microsoft's ambitions.

Federal and state investigators appear interested in an August 1995 meeting between Intel executives including the chairman, Andrew Grove, and Microsoft executives led by the chairman, Bill Gates.

Intel competitors, according to one The case, scheduled to go to trial of many internal Intel memos the Sept. 23, focuses mainly on Micompany was required to hand over to investigators.

Mr. Gates, according to a memo written by an Intel executive who attended the meeting, was "livid" about Intel's "investments in the Internet, and wanted them In the past few weeks, federal

and state investigators have been taking depositions from Mr. Grove and three other Intel employees, people close to the inquiry said. The investigators are pursuing additional evideoce that might be in-cluded in the sweeping antitrust case against Microsoft filed by the only and for consumers. Justice Department and 20 states.

The suit accuses Microsoft of using anfair business practices to systems and to extend that mono-

At the meeting, Mr. Gates made poly into the new markets for In-"vague threats" about supporting ternet software and commerce. crosoft's tactics in the market for browsing software for navigating the World Wide Web.

The Justice Department and the states say that in addition to thwarting competition, Microsoft has the clout to cootrol the pace of innovation in computing, which is the focus of the investigation of Microsoft's dealings with Intel.

The public policy implication of Microsoft's power, the govern-ment says, is that technology makes its way into the marketplace

Calling the suit misguided, Microsoft says it is a champion of innovation that benefits the highprotect its monopoly in operating technology economy and coo-

Nike Vows to Phase Out a Plastic

By David S. Hilzenrath Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON - Nike Inc., · Applied Materials Ioc., a supplier of equipment used to the world's largest maker of athletic make computer chips, plans to cut 2,000 jobs, or about 15 percent of its work force, amid one of the longest-running shoes, says it will purge its products of the widely used plastic substance polyvinyl chloride, which it called • PepsiCo Inc. completed its \$3.3 billioo purchase of Tropa threat to humans and the enicana Products Inc., but was unable to persuade the top executive of the world's largest branded juice company to stay

Nike's plan, poblicized Tuesday by the environmental group Greenpeace, was a symbolic milestone in a campaign to reduce the use of the plastic, known as PVC.

For now, Nike's gesture is more symbolic than substantive, though. Nike said it had "barely just begun" Press, the software rival of Adobe's own PageMaker, said it to look for materials to substitute for was making the offer public after being rebuffed by Adobe last PVC and would make the change "as supplier capacity and viable re-placements allow."

The manufacture and disposal of PVC can release toxins known as dioxins, which are linked to birth defects, cancer, decreased fertility and other problems, Nike said.

In a statement prepared for use hy Greenpeace, made a point of denying that it was trying to divert atteotioo from criticism of its labor practices in low-wage countries. A company spokeswoman said the elimination of PVC was a workplace safety issue. The Vinyl Institute, which rep-

U. S. STOCK MARKET DIARY

resents PVC producers, said the impact of Nike's action on the industry

A Nike spokeswoman, Dawn Le-

might be insignificant. But Mark onetti, said the company did not know how much PVC it used. The for the group, took exception to material is used in various parts of Nike's comments. "Vinyl's been in shoes, in the logos that appear on commoo use for nearly 70 years. It's Nike garments and as a laminate in used safely every day in thousands duffel bags, among other things.

Harnischfeger to Cut Jobs

MILWAUKEE - Harnisch-

machinery for pulp production going weakness affecting all of and mining, said Wednesday it our businesses," said the chairplanned to cut about 3,100 jobs, or man and chief executive, Jeffery 20 percent of its work force, as Grade. weak demand from a paper glut resulted in a third-quarter loss.

Shares of the Milwankee-based

said the "depressed" conditions ing expenses with the current low sales levels," he said.

Harnischfeger's cost-reduction initiatives are expected to gen-

The company posted a loss of \$38.6 million for the three months the beginning of fiscal 1998, and ended July 31 compared with a 85 percent of the curs are expected \$35.9 million profit a year earlier. to be made by the end of the Revenue fell to \$503.2 million financial year. (Bloomberg, AP)

from \$704.2 million.
"Harnischfeger's results for feger Industries Inc., a maker of the third quarter reflect the on-

"In the face of these depressed conditions, which we believe will Shares of the Milwaukee-based cootinue into 1999, we are ag-company fell \$3.3125 to close at gressively reducing Harnisch-\$16.9375 in New York after it feger's rate of spending and align-

2,350 more to save \$110 million. erate \$110 million in savings. The 20 percent job reduction began at

Global Anxieties Hold Wall Street From Gains

Compiled by Our Stuff From Disposities

NEW YORK - Stocks fell Wednesday on concern that slowing economies and slumping currencies around the world will cut into corporate profits.

U.S. companies "are tied to ecooomic activity abroad, which is slowing, so eventually we are going to see slowing here, too," said Don-ald Coxe, chief investment

U.S. STOCKS

strategist at Harris Investment Management Inc. "Analysts will realize profit estimates are overstated." Banks fell on concern that Rus-

sia's debt-swap plan will result in huge losses on their overseas bond holdings. Stocks pared losses on optimism that low interest rates and a growing U.S. economy will support earnings. The Dow Jones industrial aver-

age closed 79.30 points lower at 8,523.35. The Standard & Poor's 500 Index fell 8.67 points to 1,084.19, and the Nasdaq composite index dropped 30.09 to 1,765.08.

The credit market rose after the

Russian government announced a plan that forces investors to take big losses on some ruble debt, enhan-

cing the appeal of U.S. government securities as a refuge.

Thirty-year bond yields, however, were not reacting to the recent news as much as their shorterterm counterparts because "there is a little rate protest going on," with long-term yields so low, said George Adell, a trader at Philadelphia-based Starboard Capital Markets.

The benchmark 30-year Treasury bond rose 4/32 to 101 6/32, taking the yield to 5.42 percent from 5.43 percent.

Traders also paid little heed to a government report showing durable goods orders rose a bigger-than-expected 2.4 percent in July after rising a revised 0.2 percent a month ago.

Stocks pared some losses as drug and computer shares rallied. Dell Computer rose 49/16 to 128 1/2 and Bristol-Myers Squibb rose 314 to 112 5/16.

Drug shares are prized because their steady profit growth does not depend on economic growth, while many investors expect computer companies to benefit from businesses's need for productivity-enhancing equipment. While the exposure of U.S. banks

to Russian economic problems is small, compared with that of their European counterparts, some of the biggest U.S. financial companies, including J.P. Morgan and Citicorp, stand to lose money. Russia's plan forces debt holders to swap ruble government securities for new bonds, an exchange investors said would leave them with about 30 cents on the dollar.

A SHOP

J.P. Morgan, one of the U.S. banks doing business in Russia and other emerging markets, fell 21/2 to 1181/2. Citicorp fell 21/2 to 1331/4 and Bank America dropped 13/16 to 78: 3 ging with Citicorp, fell 1/2 to 541/4.

Fore Systems declined 5% to 18% after the networking services company agreed to acquire Berkeley Networks for stock, options and cash in a deal worth up to \$250 (Bloomberg, AP)

Dollar Rises As Traders Seek Haven

Compiled by Our Sadf From Despotche NEW YORK - The dollar rose against major currencies on Wednesday as traders sought safety in the dollar after the Russian government announced a plan that forces investors to take huge losses on billions of rubles in government debt.

Russia also canceled rubiedollar trading on Wednesday,

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

heightening concern that its financial crisis is worsening. The mark was hit hard because Germany is Russia's biggest lender and trading partner. Mike Faust, money manager with Bailard, Biehl and Kaiser, said: "The question is does this become a negative for all of Europe, and then that is definitely a beneficial scenario for

In 4 P.M. trading, the dollar climbed to 1.8065 Deutsche marks from 1.8005 DM. It was at 144.225 yea, down from 144.315 yea. The dollar was at 1.5053 Swiss francs, up from 1.5045 francs, and at 6.0550 French francs, up from 6.0345 francs. The pound was at \$1.6370, down from \$1.6395.

(Bloomberg, Bridge News)

NYSE

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e-mail potorex 3 pachell	net US-Tell 949-376-80	2n Fax 0-0-376-8025

AMEX

Wednesday's 4 P.M. Close

INTERNATIONAL FUTURES

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inday, Aug 2%

EUROPE

Lower Fuel Prices Help Lift Profit at Lufthansa

Airline's Cost-Cutting Plan Yields Results

FRANKFURT — Lower avi-

Wednesday.

Lufthansa's profit after tax and one-time gains rose to 924 million

Deutsche marks (\$514.1) in the six months ended June 30, much higher than analysts' expectations, from Looking abead, the airline said it than analysts' expectations, from 157 million DM in the year-earlier period. The results, posted late fuesday, also showed sales grew 16 percent, to 10.63 billion DM.

This year's figure includes the 377 million DM that Lufthansa received from selling its 18 percent stake in ping company, to Preussag AG in the first quarter. In 1997, Lufthansa had

hallar Ri

ll-year profit of 835 million DM.
The figures were clearly better han expected," said Uwe Weineich. BHF Bank's Lufthansa anaures were simply excellent."
Lufthansa's shares fell 2.30 DM,

ation fuel prices and a rigorous program of cost-cutting combined to belster group net profit at Lufthansa and the first half, the airline said going downward trend in prices on the crude oil markets and the group-

> expected a clear rise in full-year earnings, while sales were expected to grow in line with first-half results. The group said the positive earn-

ings development continued in July, with passenger business growing From seiting its 18 percent stake in beyond expectations and above the previous year's levels.

Lufthansa's group profit from or-dinary activities before tax more than doubled, to 928 million DM from 397 million DM.

Passenger income rose by 7.6 percent, to 7.4 billion DM, while freight This is one of the world's income rose 2.7 percent, to 1.8 bilpost profitable airlines, and the fig- lion DM. (Reuters, Bloomberg)



GAME BOY -- Sitting in a futuristic reclining seat, a youthful visitor enjoys a 3-D computer game Thursday at the CeBIT

Home Computer fair that opened in Hannover, Germany.

U.K.'s Yardley in Bankruptcy

counting firm KPMG while a company had identified a number

make the favorite perfume of the Queen Mother, is now dogged lion) in 1990. with an old-fashioned image.

Last year, the Yardley group switched its advertising model brands due to cash constraints," from actress Helena Bonham Carter, who has traditional English rose looks, to sculpted international supermodel Linda Evangelista.

LONDON - Yardley Group, lotions scented with lavender, the venerable British perfume rose and spring flower. It also

maker, went bankrupt on Wednesday after failing to adapt to the highly competitive and changing fashion market.

Yardley, which was founded in 1770 and has 300 employees, will be run by receivers from the accounting firm KPMG while a company had identified a number. It also makes brightly colored lipsticks and nail varnishes aimed at the younger generations.

KPMG said the company had suffered from a heavy debt burden since a change of ownership in the counting firm KPMG while a company had identified a number. of possible purchasers.

buyer is sought.

Although Yardley products
were highly fashionable in the former owner, SmithKline
Beecham PLC, to Old Bond Street

1.5 Company was some of the company was s

"In recent years, Yardley bas been unable to fully develop its said the receiver, Tony Thompson. This receivership offers the opportunity for the right buyer to acquire them and unleash

BNL Freezes Merger Plans With Banco Di Napoli

ROME --- Banca Nazionale del Lavoro SpA, Italy's sixth-largest bank, officially froze plans Wednesday to merge with Banco di Na-poli SpA amid disagreements over

who would become the bank's

largest new shareholders following its sale to private investors. BNL also reported an 18.6 percent rise in net profit to 82 billion lire (\$46.2 million) from last year's 69 billion lire, and it approved a

business plan until 2001. That plan, exclusively for BNL, does not "foresee merging with Banco di Napoli" and considers BNL's 49 percent stake in Banco di Napoli Holding, which controls almost 60 percent of the bank, "exclusively of financial nature.

"The fact the merger with Banco Napoli was put on hold is certainly not positive," said Michele di Marco, analyst with Rasfin Sim in

BNL savings shares, the only kind traded, fell 396 lire, or 6.2 percent, to 6,012 lire in a falling market. Banco di Napoli feli 125 lire, or 4.5 percent, to 2,686.

Earlier this month, the Treasury Ministry named a prospective investor, Banco de Bilbao y Vizcaya SA, Spain's second-largest bank, as the linchpin of its efforts to create a

stable shareholder base. A merger of BNL and Banco di Napoli would have created Italy's fourth-biggest bank. The merger plan was supposed to be totally independent of the government's sale of most of its 85 percent stake in BNL. That plan was derailed after the Treasury Ministry rejected an offer to buy a BNL stake by Istituto Nazionale delle Assicurazioni SpA, or INA, Italy's third-biggest insurer, which owns 51 percent of Banco di

Napoli Holding.
"I don't think INA will just abandon its efforts like this. It may just buy shares on the market," said Mr.

di Marco. In June, INA said it would reevaluate the merger plan, diminishing BNL's potential attractiveness

Investor's Europe Frankfurt DAX FTSE 100 Index London -CAC 40 4000 Wednesday Prev. Exchange Closs 1,133.56 1,163.17 -2.56 AFX. Ameterdam 3,358.83 3,393.90 -1.27 5,231.61 5,371.76 -2.61 DAX Copenhagen Stock Market 574.19 676.99 -0.41HEX General 4,707.57 4,878.63 556.25 OBX 582.81 Lossoon FTSE 100 5,545,40 5.654.40 Madrid Stock Exchange 869.22 836.10 23012 Pads. CAC 40 3.913.17 4.029.32 Stockholm SX 16 3,891.43 3,980.77 -2,24 Vienna ATX . 1,254.65 1,307.17 -4.02 4,531,98 4,685.85 -2.24

Very briefly:

 Avesta Sheffield AB, a Swedish-British stainless-steel producer, said plunging prices pushed it to a net loss of 314 million kronor (\$38.1 million) in the quarter ended June 30. compared with a profit of 151 million kronor a year earlier.
The company 51 percent owned by British Steel PLC, plans to cut 1,000 jobs.

 Metro AG shares fell sharply after the German company, the largest retailer in Europe, said its department store unit lost 158.4 million Deutsche marks (\$88 million) in the first half, compared with a loss of 69.1 million a year earlier. The shares fell 4 DM, to 94.5 DM.

• Asher Edelman, the American investor, has taken an option to buy 12 percent of Taittinger SA from another U.S. investor, Guy Wyser-Pratte, and companies with which Mr. Wyser-Pratte is associated, a person familiar with the transaction said. Mr. Edelman has been aiming for control of Taittinger's Societe du Louvre unit, whose assets include the Baccarat crystal brand and the Paris hotel Le Crillon.

 Canal Plus SA, the French pay-television company, confirmed speculation that it was interested in PolyGram Filmed Entertainment, but indicated that it would bid with a partner if admitted to the short list of bidders by Goldman, Sachs & Co., which is handling the sale of the film business for Seagram Co., which recently acquired PolyGram NV.

 France's June trade surplus unexpectedly rose 15.5 percent from May, to 15.03 billion francs (\$2.49 billion), lifted by exports to other European countries and strong sales by Airbus Industrie, in which Aerospatiale SA of France is a

• Britain's trade deficit narrowed 24 percent, to £1.437 billion (\$2.36 billion), in June from May because of gains in the service sector.

France Prepares to Launch **An Inflation-Linked Bond**

PARIS - France said Wednesnove designed to help it compete for funds on world markets.

The wider the range of securities France is able to offer, the better it bond's annual interest payments will get harder in January once the sumer price index minus tobacco bulk of European debt is issued in prices, up 0.7 percent in July, euros, cutting the ties that currently In case of deflation, or falling ind investors to their domestic narkets.

France will sell a minimum of 20 illion francs (\$3.31 billion) next nonth of a bond maturing July 25,

syndication process via Banque Na- Bloomberg News reported. ionale de Paris, Barclays Capital nd Societe Generale. Other primary dealers will be September futures contracts on losely associated with the sale, the Bunds.

Wednesday, Aug. 26

Amsterdam

High Low Close Pres.

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government said. The inflation-linked bond will day that it would start to sell an hold a fixed-rate coupon, Interest inflation-linked bond on Sept. 15, a payments move in line with the principal value, which is indexed with the inflation index.

The government has said the an compete for funds, a task that will be linked to the French con-

consumer prices, the coupon and principal value will decline.

■ German Bonds Fall

Prices for German bonds fell Wednesday as yields near record The bond will be sold through a lows drove some investors away, The decline was exacerbated by the approaching expiration of

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Hong Kong

Market Closed L. The Bombay stock market Was closed Monday for a hol-may.

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Continued on Page 16

ASIA/PACIFIC

Executive Charged in **Hong Kong** Investigation

HONG KONG - A former nairman of Allied Group Ltd., one of the largest property and consult-ing companies in Hong Kong, was charged Wednesday with nine fraud-related offenses after his arrest at the border with mainland China in connection with the territory's biggest corporate investi-

was arrested Tuesday, five years after a special investigator's report contended that he used a network of offshore firms to evade Hong Kong disclosure laws and avoid paying for

Mr. Lee, a Malaysian-born Australian, was charged with four counts of conspiracy to defraud and five other counts in a deception case. which the prosecution said involved a total of 700 million Hong Kong dollars (\$90.4 million).

The charges follow the most ex-pensive inquiry in the history of the Hong Kong stock market, the Com-mercial Crime Bureau said, costing 46 million Hong Kong dollars in legal fees.

Allied Group came under scrutiny in 1992, when a special investigator was appointed to look into its affairs. A 600-page report from the investigator contended that Mr. hee and his nephew, Lee Seng-Chay, used a string of offshore companies to buy stock in Allied between January 1990 and May 1992 without meeting some public disclosure laws or paying for some

Names appearing in the investi-gator's report included Chim Pui-icism of the government's plans for chung, a jailed Hong Kong legislator, and the Riady family of Indonesia, which controls the Lippo Group.

Mr. Lee was publicly reprime The debate was delayed until anded by the Hong Kong Stock Ex-

change in 1996. rector of Allied who has been in market in recent months and forced police custody in Australia, has been into a rescue merger, an effective deported and faces 22 charges in takeover, by Sumitomo Trust & Hong Kong, including allegations Banking Co. that be acted as a co-conspirator with Mr. Lee.

The former chief executive of Althe charges, but has not been ar-rested. (AFP, Bloomberg) The government v



FLYING UNITED - Richard LaVoy, president of American Airlines' Allied Pilot Association. left, shaking hands with Mike Oldham, chairman of the British Air Line Association, as pilots from 11 airlines met in Tokyo on Wednesday to sign a pact protecting pilots' working conditions.

Legislators Assail LTCB Rescue

TOKYO - Leading political op-

position forces in Japan's lower house of Parliament threatened Wednesday to derail the government's rescue plans for the Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan Ltd.

Three opposition groups are to submit a bill as early as next week to tackle Japan's crippling loan crisis and their bill challenges the govemment's proposals, officials said.

LTCB, suffering from huge bad Ronald Tse, a former finance di- loans, has been ravaged on the stock LTCB's share price tumbled 5

yen, or 8.8 percent, on the Tokyo stock market, to close at 52 yen. lied, Chan Chun-on, is also named in Sumitomo Trust slid 29 yea, or 7.4 The government wants to inject a

vast amount of taxpayers' money more radical solution than the gov-into LTCB to keep it affoat until the ernment's and would ban the use of

The plan would also set up bridge banks to take over failed banks. Opposition groups insist on a fail.

public money to support a troobled but still solvent bank. They would rather see weak banks forced to

South Korean GDP Falls 5%

Agence France-Press

SEOUL - South Korea's economy shrank an estimated 5 percent in the first half of 1998, its biggest drop since the Korean war, as living

standards plunged to an eight-year low, officials said Wednesday.

The country is likely to suffer another sharp contraction in the second half as the economic crisis takes a growing toll on what was once the world's 11th biggest economy, the central bank chief, Chon Chol Whan, warned.

First-balf gross domestic product is estimated to have contracted by 5 percent from a year earlier, he told a meeting of businessmen here. The decline was the deepest since data compilation began after the Korean war ended in 1953. The largest previous drop was 3 percent in the second half of 1980.

Second-quarter contraction was "far bigger" than the 3.9 percent slump of the first quarter, Mr. Chon said. The sagging economy is expected to wither again in the second half amid a freeze in investment and consumption as well as sluggish exports, he said,

The Bank of Korea governor added that growth prospects would come under additional pressore from growing unemployment.

Telstra Net Surges 86% As Firm Plans 2,000 Job Cuts

Agence France-Presse

SYDNEY — Telstra Corp. posted the largest annual net profit in

Australian corporate history Wednesday. The telecommunications giant then announced it would cut 2,000 jobs next year. Net profit surged 85.8 percent

from a year earlier to 3.04 billion Australian dollars (\$1.75 billion) in the 12 mooths to June, with revenue climbing 8.9 percent to 16.8 billion

Among the best-performing di-visious were mobile telephony and its associated products, and Data and Internet services.

Frank Blount, the chief executive, said that flat-to-declining revenue from traditional telephony would continue to be offset by growth in nontraditional services.

But he warned that if events in Asia slow economic growth in Australia, profit could be affected. He also cited future risk from regulators and intensified competition.

Mr. Blount said more than 70 percent of Telstra's costs were labor-related and 2,000 jobs will be

The company originally planned to squeeze its work force by 25,500 over four years, but now "it will be 27,500 over five years."

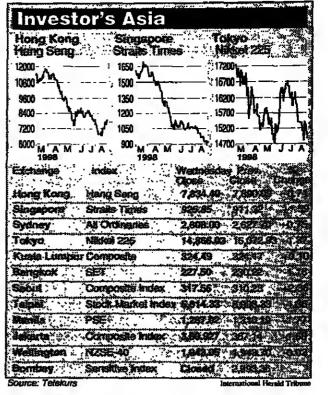
Unions assailed the move, saying profit came at the expense of labor. 'Staff have oot had a wage increase for over 17 months because of Telsura's intransigence, yet Telstra is obviously massively profitable," the Communications, Electrical and Plumbing Union said.

The result, which exceeded the prospectus forecast by 7.1 percent, was in line with analysts forecasts. The bottom line was bolstered by the absence of abnormal

losses. The company was one-third privatized and triumphantly floated on the Australian Stock Exchange late last year. The majority owner is still the Commonwealth of Aus-tralia, although plans to float the remaining shares have failed. Shares fell 14 cents to 4.47 dollars

in a market weakened by global uncertainty.

The company confirmed that it is searching for a replacement for Mr. Blount wheo his contract runs out later this year.



Very briefly:

 Penas Corp., a Malaysian property developer and construc-tion company, said it obtained a court order to hold its creditors at bay for six months while it and its 26 units found ways to repay debt. The company did not disclose the size of the debt.

· Wella AG, the world's second-largest maker of hair-care products, said it had bought the 50 percent stake of its long-standing partner Dong-A Pharmaceutical Co. in their South Korean cosmetics joint veoture, Myungmy Cosmetics.

 Nissan Diesel Motor Co. said it might add extra bolidays for some of its employees in an effort to reduce inventories.

 Netscape Communications Inc. and Singapore Network Services signed a partnership agreement to provide electroniccommerce software to businesses in Singapore and the region.

Asian business leaders expect the Chinese currency to be devalued within six months, according to a poll. Eighty-four percent of respondents said they anticipated a devaluation of the yuan within the next two years, with 51 percent expecting China to devalue within six mooths.

• Hong Koog mortgage lending fell again in July, reflecting gloom in the local property market, but the pace of decline slowed from the previous month, official data showed. New mortgage loans fell 0.7 percent in July, to 9.38 billion Hong Kong dollars (\$1.21 billion), compared with a 1.5 percent drop in June, the Hong Koog Monetary Authority said

• Amcor Ltd., an Australian paper and packaging group, said it was targeting cost reductions of 80 million Australian dollars (\$46.1 million) in the year ending June 30.

• India will open its highly protected insurance sector to foreign insurers, but only as minority partners in joint ventures with domestic firms, said B.K. Chatturvedi, the Finance Ministry's special secretary for insurance.

Sichuao Chaoghong Electrical Appliances Co.'s net profit plunged 32 percent, to 634 million yuan (\$76.7 million), in the half eoded in June. The Chinese company attributed the decline in profitability to the impact of the Asian financial

DIANA: A Year After Her Death, Cash Registers Ring Out for Her

Continued from Page 11

does not include the revenue derived by Fund, which was formed after her death, television networks, magazines and newspapers that are devoting special that the company was not authorized to on the Diana brand? The experts seem to programs, issues and sections to the accident that killed her and two others in products.

Among those Dianaphilic media are Good Housekeeping, MSNBC, NBC, the New York Post, People and TV 🕷 Guide.

The demand for the Diana brand is also evinced in efforts to cross-merchandise her with other puissant commercial properties, as if she were a Mc-Donald's or a Pepsi-Cola being linked with a Walt Disney or "Star Wars." For instance, Ty Inc. brought out a Beanie Baby devoted to Diana, a purple bear with a white rose over its heart. And a necklace by Asprey London inspired by the Heart of the Ocean, the gem worn by Kate Winslet in the film "Titanic," was auctioned at a benefit for the Diana memorial fund.

. The interest in Diana as a brand is not completely unexpected because in life, she also moved the goods. First there Prince Charles, which were sub-money is tied up in long-term agree-sequently followed by trinkets like tea ments with central banks around the wels, magnets and coffee mugs. Most of that merchandise, however, was sold on a small scale in souvenir shops; the post-death products are being distributed far more broadly.

Diana brand extend beyond the abrupt and well-publicized nature of her death. Otherwise, consumers would have been higher than some of the speculators had buying Princess Grace products for the expected, they may have to take a loss. last 16 years.

al Icons, a Los Angeles company that bandles licensing and merchandising for such celebrities as James Cagney, Sammy Davis Jr. and W. C. Fields. "She was the first member of royalty in my time that you felt you could touch."

immume from business problems. The ate and tacky" commercial exploitation The estimate of Diana brand sales Diana, Princess of Wales Memorial of Diana. sued the Franklin Mint in May, charging

> The mint, a unit of Roll International, is fighting the suit and proclaiming in ads that it had "pledged a minimum of \$4 million worldwide to charity in trib-

> ute to the beloved Princess Diana." Some decisions by administrators of the fund, which has raised \$132.8 million from fees from sales of authorized Diana merchandise, have been secondguessed as being in questionable taste.

> Critics in Britain decried lottery tickets and margarine tube bearing Diana's name even though proceeds from their sale were donated to the fund

Prime Minister Tony Blair com- can go on forever.

Like other brands, Diana has oot been plained in February about "inappropri-

Will such difficulties, as well as the inevitable fading of memories, take a toll

"I expect there will be a market for a long time," said Marty Brochstein, executive editor of The Licensing Letter, a newsletter published by EPM Commu-

nications in New York. 'For those killed at an early age, their images are frozen in time," he added, invoking John F. Kennedy, who "hasn't gotten older in people's minds; he is still

the youthful, vital president." Paula Scher, a partner at Pentagram, a design company in New York, said: "Diana's longevity as a brand depends on how effectively she is managed. If the management of the brand is good, Diana

BUY: Will Hong Kong End Intervention?

Continued from Page 11

were items issued for her wedding to most \$100 billion, although some of that

Ultimately, analysts say, it is a ques-tion of how much Hong Kong is willing to spend propping up its stock market. The government has focused on trap-The reasons for the prominence of the ping speculators who bet against stocks termining which companies emerge Diana brand extend beyond the abrupt in futures contracts that come due at the from the current trouble healthy and end of this week. With share prices now

Rather than be deterred, however, 'People identified with Diana," said many of these speculators have simply affrey Lorman, chief executive at Glob- closed out their August contracts and med new ones for September — set-

ting the scene for a protracted battle.
On the sidelines of this battle, Hong Kong's market regulators must deal with the prickly ethical issue of holding stakes in companies that they are

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charged with overseeing.

Their job is to reprimand companies that break securities laws, for instance. But as shareholders, they are presumably interested in selling their stocks higher than they bought them.

The government must also decide which companies to protect and which to let be exposed to free marker forces decisions that could be important in de-

In the end, the government's total stake in companies listed on the stock market is not expected to be high. Analysts say the government is unlikely to own more than 15 percent of Hong Kong's biggest companies.

And given the territory's massive reserves, the government can take its time in unloading the shares. 'They can wait longer than the market can," Mr. Mays said.



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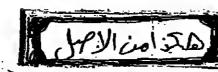
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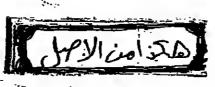
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The data in the list above is the max supplied by the fund groups to Micropal SA, it is collected and reformated into the list before being transmitted to the HT. Micropal and the HT do not wearant the quality or eccuracy of the list, the data of the performance of ideas of the Fund Groups and will not be listle for the list, the data of the performance of ideas of the Fund Groups and will not be deared to be an other by the HT or Micropal to sell securities or investments of any kind, investments can fall as well as use. Past performance does not guarantee future success. It is advisable to seek advice from a qualified independent advisor before investing.

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U.S. Open Draw Pits Sampras vs. Agassi

TEMNIS Pete Sampras was drawn Wednesday to face Andre Agassi in the quarterfinals of the U.S. Open, and the road to a fifth Open offe could get tougher from there for the world's No. I player.

Sampras starts play with a rel-atively easy foe, Marc Goellner of Germany, in his bid for a recordtying 12th Grand Slam tournament singles crown when the Open begins its two-week run on Monday.

But to reach the final, Sampras would have to get past the 15th-seeded Alberto Berasategui of Spain in the fourth round, No. 8
Agassi, and the defending champion, Patrick Rafter of Australia.
He then could face No. 2 Marcelo Rios of Chile for the title.

Also with Sampras in the top half of the draw are the hard-serving Goran Ivanisevic of Croatia, who is seeded 14th, Greg Rusedski of Britain, last year's runner-np, along with No. 9 Karol Kucera of the Czech Republic and No. 12 Jonas Bjorkman of Sweden.

In the women's draw, the top-seeded Martina Hingis will begin the defense of her otle against a qualifier, while No. 2 Lindsay Davcoport will play Romania's Catalina Cristea in an openinground match.

Cheaper Tickets in Sydney

OLYMPICS Sydney Olympic organizers have increased the prices of prime seats but have made more cheaper seats available for the 2000

Organizers announced the ticket prices for all sports Wednesday and they range from about \$6 to \$800. While the top ocket price is high-

er than it was four years ago in Atlanta, there are also significantly less expensive tickets available for the Sydney games. The Sydney Organizing Committee said 75 percent of the 9.6 million ockets would be made available to Australians. with 70 percent costing less than \$34.80 and 80 percent priced at less than \$58.

Five million tickers will be put on sale through a mail-order offer set to start in mid-1999. The balance will be divided between children and disadvantaged groups. media and interna letes and officials.

49ers Suspend Brown

FOOTBALL: The offensive tackle Jamie Brown skipped a game, apologized, paid a fine and was welcomed back to the fold. When be showed up late to another game, the San Francisco 49ers weren't so for-

Brown, who cost the 49ers' their 1999 second-round draft pick in an April trade with Denver, was suspended for three weeks for conduct detrimental to the team.

The 49ers imposed the suspension without pay because Brown showed up late for Sunday's exhibition game against Miami. (AP)

WORLD ROUNDUP McGwire Drug Affair A Bum Rap for Him

Slugger Is Not Cheating With His Steroids

By Dan Shaughnessy The Boston Globe

OSTON - No wonder ballplayers loathe the media. Mark McGwire is stalking one of baseball's most cherished records - until now the feel-good story of the baseball summer - and suddenly he's engaged in a

VANTAGE POINT

tabloid-driven controversy that's painting him as a cheater and a bad role

It's unfair. If you just dropped in from a two-week trip to Guam, here's the back-ground: An Associated Press reporter noticed a jar of androstenedione in McGwire's locker last week. He asked the slugger about the stuff, did some

homework and wrote about it. Androstenedione, known in baseball clubhouses as "andro," is an all-natural, over-the-counter steroid (not of the dangerous anabolic steroid family) that is used to belp an athlete train harder and recover faster. It is banned by the National Football League, the National Collegiate Athletic Association and the International Olympic Committee, but allowed by the Naoonal Hockey League, National Basketball Association and Major League Baseball.

There, McGwire takes something that can be sold at any drugstore and is permitted by his sport, and suddenly he's lumped with the Olympic swimmer Michelle Smith-de Bruinand the sprint-

er Ben Johnson. Wake up. The International Olympic Committee has limits on caffeine intake. Juan Antonio Samaranch would strip McGwire's medal if he went to the plate after consuming eight cups of strong coffee.

The story of McGwire's historic home run chase is being tarnished because folks are hearing bits of stories and reading wild headlines and concluding that Big Mac is a pharmaceutical creation.

McGwire is oot some 98-pound weakling who went on the juice and came back as Rambo. He is a huge, muscular man, who hit 49 home runs in his first big league seasoo 12 years ago. In Tuesday's Boston Globe, a doctor

said that andro is part of McGwire's substance is adding 40 feet (12 meters) to McGwire's long fly balls. This is

Chasing the Record

in 1961 by Roger Maris (right).

MARK McGWIRE

Latest

0-for-4 with

a walk vs.

Home run tally for two contenders to

break the season record of 61 homers set

Maris through 132 games: 51

ridiculous. Andro might help McGwire stay healthy and aid his recovery time from injuries, but the same could be said

Herald Eribune

SPORTS

about aspirin or any other pain reliever.

If a slugger eats Wheaties cereal (sold over the counter, not banned by MLB) wouldn't it be true that Wheaties are part of his success? What about steak? Is eating prime rib part of McGwire's suc-

In McGwire's case, it is misleading to write that be's using a "performanceenhancing drug." He's a baseball play-er, not an Olympic sprinter. There's nothing sold at drugstores that would help any of us hit a home run in the big leagues (unless the store has a book on hitting written by Ted Williams). Facing Randy Johnson and hitting a ball over the fence requires bravery, timing, hand-eye coordination, reflexes, leverage and strength. Most of all, it requires

Meanwhile, bow many other basehall players are taking the same stuff? McG-wire probably doesn't go more than a couple of days without hitting against a pitcher who nses andro. While we're at it, what about creatine, another dietary supplement sold over the counter, also used by McGwire? What about MET-Rx (endorsed on radio and in print by Mo Vaughn of the Boston Red Sox)?

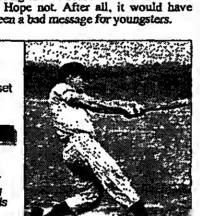
McGwire's been a good citizen, never one to disgrace the uniform. Most recently he's dedicated his charity efforts to awareness and funding for abused children. And now he's got to read that he's a bad example to young athletes? Please.

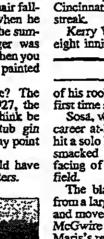
Perhaps andro will be proven unsafe. That is an issue for the Food and Drug Administration and for Major League Baseball and its Players Association. In the meantime, McGwire should be left alone oo this issue.

E'VE all heard the stories ing out from stress when he chased Babe Ruth's record in the summer of 1961. Turns out Roger was lucky. He didn't play in 1998, when you can do something legal and be painted

And what about the Babe? The Bambino hit 60 bomers in 1927, the seventh year of Prohibition. Think be might have had a little bathtub gin coursing through his veins at any point

been a bad message for youngsters.





from a large part of the crowd of 20,315 and moved Sosa to within one of Mark McGwire as they close in on Roger Maris's record of 61. Sosa has homered in each of the

Cubs' last 13 series. His 23d homer oo the road this season matched the club record shared by Hack Wilson (1930), Ernie Banks (1960) and Dave Kingman

In games played Tuesday:

Cal Ripken, the Orioles' third baseman, missing a ball hit by Magglio Ordonez of the White Sox, giving Ordonez a double and two RBIs.

Sosa Blasts 52d Homer

Solo Shot Helps Cubs in 9-2 Rout of the Reds

The Associated Press

against Brett Tomko, hitting a towering shot for his 52d homer on Wednesday as the Chicago Cubs beat the Reds, 9-2, in Cincinnati to end a four-game losing

Kerry Wood (12-6) struck out 16 in eight innings, the second-highest total

NL ROUNDUP

of his rookie season, as he won for the first time since July 31:

Sosa, who had struck out in his four career at-bats against Tomko (11-10). hit a solo homer in the third inning that facing of the third deck in left-center

The blast drew a standing ovation

Giants 7, Mets 3 Barry Bonds and Ellis Burks bomered as host San Francisco overcame Mike Piazza's three-run bomer. The victory was the fourth straight for the Giants and pulled the team within a game of New York in the NL wild-card race.

Sammy Sosa finally made contact Mark McGwire remained at 53 homers, going 0-for-4 with a walk. He has 31 games remaining. Twenty of those games are at home, where McGwire has 27 homers this season. Pades 5, Phillies 3 In Philadelphia

Ken Caminiti homered twice, Mark Sweeney went 4-for-4 and Kevin Brown (17-4) pitched seven innings of five-hit ball to tie Greg Maddux and Tom Glav-ine for the NL lead in victories.

Astros 3, Braves 2 Mike Hampton (19-6) struck out a career-high 12 as host Houston won its fifth straight. Carl-Everett broke a 2-all tie in the sixth with an RBI double off Kevin Millwood (14the ninth for his 25th save.

Reds 10, Cubs 9 In Cincinnati. Sammy Sosa drove in three runs to tie Texas's Juan Gonzalez for the major league lead in RBIs at 129 but failed to hit a home run.

Rockies 11, Brewers 6 Todd Helton broke a 6-all tie in the seventh with a two-run double after host Colorado overcame a 6-1 deficit.

Dodgers 4, Expos 3 In Los Angeles, Dave Mlicki (7-6) allowed two runs and seven hits in 61/2 innings, and Eric Karros's sacrifice broke a ne in the sixth.

Pirates 9, Diamondbacks 6 In Phoenix, Freddy Garcia hit a three-run bomer and Sean Lawrence won in his major league debut as Pittsburgh won its eighth straight. The victory was the 400th for Gene Lamont, the Pirates'

Royals Yield To Clemens' 18 Strikeouts

Roger Clemens struck out 18 and won his 11th straight decision as he pitched the Toronto Blue Jays to a 3-0 victory over the Kansas City Royals.

Clemens, who has struck out 20 in a nine-inning game twice and shares the record with the Chicago Cubs rookie Kerry Wood, had 14 strikeouts in the

AL ROUNDUP

first seven innings on Tuesday night in

It was the 89th double-digit strikeout game of Clemens' career. He allowed three hits and walked none while im-

proving his record to 16-6.

The Blue Jays took a 1-0 lead in the first when Kansas City's Chris Hancy (5-6) walked Jose Cruz Jr. with the bases loaded. Craig Grebeck hit a two-run

ren Lewis hit a tie-breaking home run leading off the seventh inning and Nomar Garciaparra went 4-for-4.

Garciaparra, who went 0-for-5 in his previous game Sunday, singled in his first three at-bats before doubling in the seventh to equal his career-high hit game, accomplished four times during his 1997 AL Rookie of the Year season.

Manny Ramirez was 4-for-4 with his 31st homer and five RBIs as the Indians defeated Seattle. Ken Griffey Jr., who leads the AL

with 44 homers, was 1-for-4 with a single and a walk, failing to homer for the first time in three games.

Ramirez singled, doubled twice and hit

a 432-foot homer, missing only a triple in his bid to become the first Cleveland player in 20 years to hit for the cycle. -

Twins 4, Devil Rays 1 Frankie Rodrig-nez, starting because Minnesota traded Mike Morgan earlier in the day, pitched 73/s shotout imnings to lead the visiting

Twins over Tampa Bay.

Rodriguez (4-2), who had been scheduled for long relief since beating the Yankees last week, allowed five hits, struck out eight and walked two. He was pressed into action after Morgan was sent to the Chicago Cube for cash

and a player to be named.

"Wastel Series, Orintes 4 in Chicago, Prank. Thomas and Albert Belle homesed in the same game for me seventh time this season, and Chicago beat

streak. Mike Mussina (12-7) lost for only the second time in 10 starts since the All-Star break as the Orioles dropped nine games behind Boston in the AL wild-

Angels 7, Vanhous 6 The Angels handed New York a rare three-game losing streak, relying on Troy Percival, a reliever, to survive a tense ninth inning to beat the host Yankees.

The Yankees had their chance to win this one when they loaded the bases with two outs in the ninth, but Percival hunged to grab Derek Jeter's grounder for the final out.

Tigere 8, Rangers 7 Frank Catalanotto had three doubles and Luis Gonzalez doubled twice as visiting Detroit took a seven-run lead and held on to beat

SCOREBOARD

BASEBALL MAJOR LEAGUE STANDINGS

83 50 624 71 61 538 63 68 481 62 69 473 62 70 470 61 71 462 11% 19 20 20% 21%

Clemens and Fleicher, W—Clemens, 16-6.

L—Hanry, 5-6.

Milanesofe 900 112 000—4 10 1
Tampa Bay 900 000 901—1 7 1
F. Radriguez, Trombiley (8), Aguilera (9) and Steinbuck Arrole, Yan (7), Mecir (8), R. Hernandez (9) and Floherty, W—F. Radriguez, 4-2. L—Arroja, 11-11.

Sv—Aguilera (32), HRs—Minnesofa, Ortiz (8), M.Condova (10), Meanss (8).

Oaldond 005 807 169—2 7 0
Beston 200 000 181—3 10 6
Rogers, T.J.Mathews (7) and Minch Wolsfield Lowe (7), Swindell (7), Gordon (9) and Varifiek, W—Swindell, 4-5. L—Rogers, 12-6. Sy—Gordon (77), HRs—Oaldond, Blowers (11), Baston, D. Lewis (7).

Brocoll (8), To.Jones (9) and Baker Stattlemyre, Levime (4), D. Patterson (8) and I. Radriguez, W.—B. Powell, 3-4, L.—Skritierwyre, 3-2, HR.—Tesse, W. Clark (19), Anathein, 601 662 408—7 12 6 Haw York 202 808 116—4 17 2 OBcares, Watson (4), P. Hantis Cr.), T. Wilson (8), Perchal (8) and Watsock: Institut, Sharken

SAMMY SOSA

solo homer

in 3d inning

vs. the Reds

52 Latest

Thurmon, M. Batista (6). Bennett (7), Urbina (8) and Herdey: Milick! Rodinsky (7). Show (9) and C. Johnson, W.—Milick! 7-6. L.—Thurmon: 2-3. Sh.—Show (38). HR.—Attorthesi, V. Goerrero (22). New York 309 600 909—2 7 2 San Francisco 167 113 6th—7 12 1 R. Reed, Cook (6). McNichoel (7). Wended New York 300 Son Francisco 161 R.Reed, Cook (6), McM

R Reed, Cook (a), McNichoel (7), Wendell (8) and Plazzar Oriz, R.Redrigvez (8), Neo (7) and 8. Johnson, W. Oriz, 2-3, L.-R. Reed, 15-8. HRs.-New York, Plazza (2-0), San Francisco, Bonds (27), Borbs (18).

Son Francisco, Bonds (27), Borbs (18).
Pürbsburgh 600 222 288–9 11 1
Artsene 110 603 115–4 10 0
Lawrence, McCurry (6), Milwillioms (6),
Christiansen (7), Loiselle (9) and KendalliSodowsky, Fand (5), Mikhalak (6),
F.Rodriguez (6), Small (7), Embree (9) and
Miler, Stimett (9), W—Lawrence, 1–0.
L—Sodowsky, 2–5. S—Loiselle (16),
HRs—Pütsburgh, F.Garcia (8), Artsene, D.
Write (19), Miller (3), JAPANESE LEAGUES

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L T Pd. 65
1 507 20
1 507 20
51 0 490 11.9
52 0 448 15.3
55 0 448 15.3
55 0 45 0 375 23.0

PCL 51 44 2 567 — 57 48 0 547 25 50 46 2 571 5.0 53 51 1 500 7.0 45 55 2 .450 12.0 42 59 1 .06 15.5 WEDNESDAY RESERTS CENTRAL LEAGUE Yesruft S. Hiroshina 1 Chunichi 1 Yorduni 3 Honshin & Yekohoma 2

SOCCER **UEFA CUP**

RECORD GUALIFYEND ROUND, RECORD LEG

LATE TUESDAY RESULTS

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Andertecht Seig., 2. Osigiet, Cro., 0.
Andertecht Wein Lo on oweny goals.
AEK Affrent 4. Ferentvortos, Horn. 0.
AEK Affrent 4. Os on oggregots.
Fenerbohot. Tot., 1. IPK Goleborg, Swe., 0.
Fenerbohot. Tot., 1. IPK Goleborg, Swe., 0.
Fenerbohot. Tot., 2. Vooste, Fin., 0.
Grozer AK win 3-0 on opgregots.
Index Brothelborg, Style., 2. Slovita Progue 8.
Storia Prague win 4-2 on opgregots.
PADK Salonitus, Grat., 0. Rangers Scot., 0.
Roppers win 2-0 on opgregots.
Robot Voograd, Dust., 1. Ovens Zweds, Yuga., 2.
Creens Zweds win 4-2 on opgregots.
Serveite win 5-3 on opgregots.
Signatic Orinous, Crach R. J. Kimarnott, Scot., 0.
Signatic Orinous, Crach R. J. Kimarnott, Scot., 0.
Signatic Orinous, Crach R. J. Kimarnott, Scot., 0.
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Signatic Domose, Crach R. J. Kimarnott, Scot., 0.
Signatic Domose, Crach R. J. Kimarnott, Switz., 2.
FC Zurich win 2-0 on opgregote.
Silkeborg Dermant Z. Marn Slovenia 0.
Silkeborg Win 2-1 on opgregote.
Shaddard Donests, Ust., 3. FC Zurich, Switz., 2.
FC Zurich win 6-7 on opgregote. SECOND CULLIFYING ROUND, RECOND LEA

Stromsgodaet, Noz. 1, Happel Tel-Aris, 0 Stromsgodaet, Noz. 1, Happel Tel-Aris, 0 Stromsgodaet win 42 on percentles. Trubonsgot, Tur. 1, Wisto Kratow, Pal. 2 Wisto Kratow win 7-2 on oggregate. CHAMPIONS CUP

SECOND GUALIFYING ROUND, SECOND LEG Beffor Jerusolem 4, Bentico, Port. 2 Bentico wite 84 on aggregate Spartix Moscow Riss. 6, PC Lifelies Bul., 2 Spartix win 11-2 on aggregate

PROTEALL LEAGUE

ARIZONA -- Wolved Dt. Breat Bornstein, LB Aoron Collins, WR Joson Duffel, S Keeny

TRANSITIONS

Harris, OL. Josephan Himebauch, RB Ronald, Moore, DE George Perry, QB Cory Statler, CB Deder Seigher, DB Dorary Thomas, We Pes-cal Yolz, K. Cory Weeld and OL. Jan Zirechka. Pur WR Chad Carpenter, OL. Thomas Guynes

Put WR Chad Cerpenter, OL Thomas Guynes and LB Marchani Kerney on Infrared reserve.

ATLANT—Referenced WR Corry Allen and TE Brian Scaton.

BALTIMONE—Released GB BB Ward, RB Ben Snest, WR Shevie Anderson, WR Deans Gregory, WR McAuffur Johnson, WR Deans Gregory, DB Tanor Lyons, DB Robert Mack, DB Ryon Sother and PK Nelson Gamer, Dut FB Rob Robertson, PB Tony Vinson, DE Kareen Robinson, DT Mortin Chase and OL Sale Isalia on injured reserve.

CAROLINA—Released FB Soulf Greene and DB Donnell Woolford, Released LB Percell Gooldn's wiff an injury satilement.

CHICAGO—Walved RB Jemes Allen and WR Randolf HB. Pet DT Karmy Anderson, FB Tim Tindole and WR Thomas Levils on injured reserve. Calmed QL Aaron Taylor off walvers from the Indianapora, Colts.

CRICHWATI—Released CB Jesny Speniols.

Walved WR Mille Jenkins, FB Macrous Perfect, P Bred Costinia, and S Kelvin Moore. Pri OE John Copeland and DE Ramonde Stollings on reserve-physically-unable-is-perform lidentife.

John Copeland and DE Ramondo Statings on reserve-physically-unable-to-perform list. DALLA-Released FB Dwayne Chandler and LB K.D. Whitens, Released TE Soon Stanss with an injury settlement. Acquired DT Artle Smith from the New England Patricts for future considerations.

DENVEN-Released FB Ryan Christopherson, WR Andre Cooper, WR St. Mayor Wilson.

18. Jan Messes. 18. Says Mayor M. 19. Denven.

LB Jon Hesse, LB Sara Morsoe, LB Ryan McCoy, OB Jason Kater, DB Tail Real, DE Danieson Jeffries and OT Median Trien. Pyt QB Jeff Lewis on the reserve-non-football bytay list and DE Alfred Williams on the reserve-physically-mobile to perform list, of Treory — Signed DL, Milke Chalenski, Put TE David Sloat on physically-mobile to per-form list, Released DT Matt Keneley and DE

wille Whitehead of Heal Actions and or ereme say-released 08 David Kingler, G Daug Widel, DE Past Fram, WR Lee Dormans, WR Magk Senton, WR Mac Sow-

man. DE David Hostacher. LB Jim Nelson and FB Michael Blair. Part 6T John Michaels and DT Denter Nothage on Injured reserve. Hispanian LS.—Released TE Metvin Pearsal, WR Note Jacquet and WR Albrichel Rumaing. Released DB Jerney Jeckson with an injury selflement.

MARAIL—Signed DT Tim Bowers to 5-year contract. Released P John Kidd, RB Jertin Alchool. B Bood Jackson. G Sort Show. C Nothan Strikewards, WR Kevin Alexander, WR Andre Rone, OL Duriston Anderson, OL Duriston Anderson, OL Duriston Anderson, OL Duriston Anderson, OL Duriston Strikewards, WR Andre Rone, OL Duriston Anderson, OL Duriston Strikewards, WR Andre Rone, OL Duriston Research, WR Andre Rone, OL Duriston Roman, DT Borry Stokes and LB Ronnie Ward, Put LB Miles Crowford on the reserve-physically-unchie-to-particon fist. Put G Randy Whoeler on reserve-ron-football injury list.

HEW ENGLAND—Released CB Terry Billips. CB Mark Toles. JerfCompac, LB Dana Cottale, WR Anthony, Lodd, WR Tony Galter, QB Jim Ausphy, DT Curtis. AndGee and C Jean Porter. Put LB Ron Meriterson on Injured reserve.

NEW CHEANS—Released WR Alter Stepple.

HEW HAMEL EINDridge, Put OT Plo Sagopoblate on Injured reserve.

RY, JETS—Released DT Ronnie Ditum and LB Cony Allier on Injured reserve.

RY, JELYS—Released TO Ronnie Ditum and LB Cony Miller on Injury let.

LAUGHEYS—Put CB Casey Deliey on Injury let.

CANLAND—Released K Cole Ford. WR Hatt Gaston, WR Joson Shelley, WR Chodien Cooper, WR Edward Hervey, QB Mile Mc. Query, QB Jisson Davis, C Danny Ville, C Greg Engel G Tim Kohn, LB Shoy Multimoxie, DE Torse Familian Control.

PHILADELPRIA—Put DT Ciric Aldies, G-T Makin Thomas on the non-football injury list. Put WR Sheddrick Wilson on Injured reserve.

PHILADELPRIA—Put DT Ciric Aldies, G-T Makin Thomas on the non-football injury list. Put WR Sheddrick Wilson on Injured reserve.

PHILADELPRIA—Put DT Carie Aldies, G-T Makin Thomas on the non-football injury list. Put WR Sheddrick Wilson on Injured reserve.

Released CB Alumdria Brica, WR Kigo Concriton, DT Makin Thomas on the non-foo

WHAT VER

Maligna

physically-unable-to-perform fist. Walved 95 George Jones, Ot. Tony Orlandini and LB Ryan Olson. Traded CB J.B. Brown to the Authora Cardinals for 1999 conditioned draft pick.

57. LDUB—Released QB WIB Forrer, C Douid Kempfert DE Corey Sears. LB Danyl Bush and LB Mundianeths Kazadi. Pet OT Regler Chanoline on Injured reserve.

SAN DIEGO—Signed LB Steve Towar 100year contract. Wolved OT Henry Taylor and DE Van Tolnel. Pet DT Revisen Davis sted DT Tony Berti on Injured reserve. Wolved BT Bruce Wolker and DT Ben Bordelov with Injury settlements.

SAN FRANCISCO—Released TE Stown Ba5 Tony Blevias. DT BiB Dark. DT Brandon Nobia. DT Curit Ecson. DE Michoel Mason. RB Pepe Persona. RB RES as Sessons. WR Ryen Thelevell. WR Curits Sherverer. DT Davelt West. LB Ins Scherozer.

NO 1º596 Peorson, RB Ed Scissum, WR Ryan Thebrell. WR Curlis Sherarer. DT Durat West, LB Jim Schwantz, LB Verman Shick-land, Acquired C Steve Gordon and OT Dujid Richie from the Deniver Brancos for past con-aldeautions. Suspended OT Jamie Brown3 weeks for conduct distintantial to the team. SEATILE—Put C Frank Beede on higherd reserve. Released CB James Burion and QB Jim Arelianes.

seeks for conduct destination to the team.

SEATTLE—Put C Frank Beede on injured reserve. Released CB James Burion and QB Jim Arelianes.

TAMPA NAV—Wolved T Eric Anderson, EB Kantony Barber. TE Rickey Brody, LB Jimmy Clements. DT Anthony DeGrade, K Peter Eszovic LB Scott Fields. TE Lamont Hail. TE Andrew Jordon, WR Kendrick Lee, CB Tyrethe Legate. WR Marvin Masshall. DE Chango McCarly, RB Leeland McErroy, WR Gegly Strong, 5 Shevin Smith, WR Robb Thomass. S Eric Vanco T Jamie Vunderveid and QB State White. Put QB Jeff Brohm on injured reserve. TENNESSE—Released CB Ron Powlas. DB Lee Wigglas. LB Jamey Sprotte, TE James McCaethon and G Lamie Gibert.

WASHINGTON—Salesced RB Norman Miller, PK Jeff Source, PK Danny Kigla. G Parick August, OT Robert Borr. S Gregory Evans. TE Henry Lust, FB LeStol Masslar, T Jeff Miller, PK Just Brown, WR Jusior Lout, WR Eff. Matthews, QB Brad Otton, DE Neal Smith. S Morcus Stanton and WR Ossamer Townian, Released CB Kelth Thibadeans with an ladary settlement. Te G Bob Dahl and DE Rich Owerk on Injured reserve. Put C Jeff Uniterhale and LB Partse Alexander on physicalisms.

Football Champions League Round up tune in tonight 20.45 (CET)

Eurosport, Europe's No.1 Sports TV Channel, available on cable and satellite

SPORTS

Buckeyes Are No. 1, But Michigan Looms

They're ranked No. I in the preseason poll, have a tested quarterback and a veteran defense returning nine starters. But for the Ohio State Buckeyes to win

the Big Ten.
That means beating Michigan, something the Buckeyes have done just once in the last decade.

a national title, they must first conquer

Circle Nov. 2I — the Buckeyes aiready have. That's when they play host to Michigan, which is 8-I-1 in the

COLLEGE FOOTBALL.

last 10 games against Ohio State, in-

cluding three straight victories.
"We need to win that game. We need to do a better job, we need to make plays, coach better, play harder or whatever," Ohio State coach John

Cooper said.
Ohio State defensive back Ahmed Plummer said the Buckeyes don't be-lieve in jinxes or mental blocks when it comes to playing their biggest rival.
"I don't want to blame it on psy-

chological things," Plummer said. "It's something we have to get over, we have to believe in ourselves. When we do get to Michigan, hopefully we'll be at the top of our game.

Michigan coach Lloyd Carr, whose team won the national title last season, said the Wolverines' domination of the Buckeyes is the result of several factors, including luck.

"It's the greatest rivalry in college sports," Carr said. "The last few years both schools have had a lot on the line. The more meaning it has, the better. They all come down to a guy mak-

ing a play or getting a break."

The Buckeyes have one of their toughest openers in years - on the road at West Virginia on Sept. 5. The Wolverines, ranked fifth in the preseason, go to Notre Dame.

'It's not like all of a sudden we're No. I and people are going to be up for us," Cooper said. "I don't know if we've ever caught anybody on an off day when we've played them. Everybody we play I'm sure has us under-lined. If there is a big game on their schedule, I'm sure we're it."

Ohio State has 17 returning starters overall, although Butkus Award winner Andy Katzenmoyer had to attend summer school to be eligible along with safety Damon Moore and guard Rob

Murphy.

Joe Germane, who shared the starting role with Stanley Jackson for two years, is now the No. 1 quarterback. He completed 61 percent of his passes last season and has thrown for 3,040 yards and 31 career touchdowns. He's got two top peceivers in Dee Miller and David Boston, and a quick running back in Michael Wiley.

Michigan returns 15 starters from its

national championship team, but Heisman Trophy winner Charles Woodson Tom Brady, Scott Dreisbach or freshman Drew Henson will replace Griesc. Dreisbach has the most experience. He started all 11 regular-season games in 1996, but lost the job to Griese. Based on a strong showing in spring drills, however, Brady should get the starting positioo this fall even though he attempted just 15 passes in a backup role

.. Penn State, meanwhile, lost its final two games last season and the Nittany Lions face a brutal schedule that includes seven bowl participants from last season and trips to Columbus and Ann

Troubled running back Curtis Enis left for the NFL and the Nittany Lions are inexperienced on offense, especially

Coach Joe Paterno, two wins sky of 300, will rely on a defense led by end Courtney Brown, linebacker Brandon Short and defensive backs Shawn Lee and David Macklin.

Iowa Iost running back Tavian Banks and kick returner extraordinaire Tim Dwight. The Hawkeyes' defense features defensive end Jared DeVries, a three-year starter.

"When we're not supposed to have a shot, we're usually at our best," coach Hayden Fry said.

Michigan State is playing a 12-game schedule for the first time in school history. The Spartans lost key offensive performers in quarterback Todd Schultz, tackle Flozell Adams and guard Scott Shaw.

They do return tailback Sedrick Irvin, who gained 1,270 yards last season, and defensive end Robaire Smith, who had 11½ sacks.

Purdue was the surprise team of the Big Ten last season with an offense that averaged 460 yards per game. The Boilermakers, winners in the Alamo Bowl, return just four offensive starters and Drew Brees must make the jump from backup to starting quarterback.
"Big" is the word at Wisconsin,

where the Badgers have 260-pound Ron Davne back for another season, running behind an offensive line that includes 370-pound Aaron Gibson and 311pound Chris McIntosh. Both linemen are 6-foot-7.

Dayne was slowed by injuries last season but still managed to gain 1,457 yards, one season after he picked up 2,109 as a freshman. The Badgers also have an experienced quarterback in Mike Samuel and a soft early-season schedule.

For the first time in years, there's no Autry in Northwestern's backfield. Adrian Autry, a 1,000-yard-rusber, is gone, but the Wildcats hope to be bolstered by the return of wide receiver D'Wayne Bates, who broke his leg in the season opener last year.

Sophomore quarterback Gavin Hoff-man, who is 6-6, is the starter. Linebacker Barry Gardner, the Big Ten's leading tackler a year ago, heads

the defense. Minnesota must replace receiver Tutu Atwell and count on linebacker Parc Williams to lead a defense that was one of the most improved last year under coach Glen Mason, entering his

Cam Cameron is also to his second season at Indiana. Defensive end Adewale Ogunleye, who has 181/2 sacks in two seasons, and quarterback Jay Rodgers, who completed 58 percent of his passes last season, are keys for the Hoosiers if they want to improve on a 2-

Illinois coach Ron Turner suffered through an 0-11 season to his first year. And now the Illini, with a school-record 17 straight losses, have lost Robert Holcombe, the leading rusher in school history.

Turner wants to find a quarterback and stick with him, something he didn't do last year. He said he hopes Mark Hockstra, who started five games last season but was inconsistent, will be the



Vassili Baranov of Spartak, left, battling Altin Haxbi of Litex in Moscow.

Spartak Drubs Litex, 6-2

MOSCOW — The Russian cham-pion Spartak Moscow thrashed Bulgaria's Litex Lovech, 6-2, in the European Cup on Wednesday to advance into the Champions' League with an II-

aggregate score.
The Russians made the return match a formality after winning the first leg, 5-0,

Spartak picked up where it left off two weeks ago by scoring its first goal

SOCCER ROUNDUP

less than seven minutes into the game when Andrei Tikhonov calmly slotted the ball past Litex's goalkeeper, Vitamir

After Bulgaria's Dimcho Beljakov equalized for Litex in the 28th minute. Tikhonov struck again just three Veselin Ignatov added to Bulgaria's

woes when he was sent off for his second yellow card to the 35th minnte before Spartak's Brazilian striker, Robson, finished off the Bulgarians with two goals in the second half.

Vietnam 4, Laos 1 Vietnam, the host of the Tiger Cup, moved to the top of group standings on Wednesday with a victory over Laos. Playing to front of a vocal home

crowd to Hanoi, Vietnam's top striker, Le Hyunh Duc, put his team at the top of Group B ahead of Singapore with two goals to the last seven minutes. Nguyen Hong Son and Hguyen Van Sy had given Vietnam a 2-0 goal cush-

ion before the break but Keolakhone Channiphone of Laos got one back just before the hour. But Le, whose status for the game was initially unsure because of an injury, saved his best for the end when be restored his team's two-goal advantage with a powerful left foot drive and then added another with a fierce diving head-

er on the stroke of full time. Singapore, coached by the Englishman Barry Whitbread, beat its archrival Malaysia, 2-0, in the smothering mid-afternoon heat.

Mohd Rafi Ali opened the scoring after just 12 minutes with a looping header and the 19-year-old Ahmad Latif claimed the second, doing well to finish after showing superb poise in front of

German Goalkeeper Quits

The German national team's goalkeeper, Andreas Koepke, capped 54 times by his country, said Wednesday he was retiring from international soccer, The Associated Press reported from

Koepke, 35, is the ninth player to have quit the German national team since it lost, 3-0, in the World Cup quarterfinals against Croatia. Like many other aging stars of the team, Koepke came under criticism for his performances during the tournament.

Coach Berti Vogts, under fire after Germany's second successive early World Cup exit, has promised to rebuild the national team with young players. Koepke starred at the 1996 European

Championships in England, saving a penalty in a shootout against the host nation to send Germany into the final. where it beat the Czech Republic.

He currently plays for French first division club Marseille. But after two years as its first-string goalkeeper, be has been on the bench for the first three matches this season, replaced by Stephane Porato. Koepke met with Marseille officials

Tuesday to discuss his future, and later said he was prepared to remain with the clnb but that he would consider any offers from other clubs. The German veterans Andreas Moeller and Thomas Haessler announced Saturday they were quitting the team, although both left the door open for a return.

Meanwhile, in Rome, Captain Paolo Maldini could miss Italy's European Championships qualifying game against Wales next month because of an abdominal muscle injury, the ANSA news agency reported.

Maldini burt himself Tuesday night

during a Serie A exhibition game that his AC Milan clnb lost, 2-1, to Juventus.

Up Close, Golf Is Great There's Nothing Like Eyeballing the Tee

By George Vecsey
New York Times Service

NEW YORK - What I did on my summer vacation: I watched the best male golfers in the world, from a few feet away. I have been raving about my experience ever since, so now I want to

Anybody reading these gushing sentiments may very well say, "Where have you been, you twit?" But that's exactly the point. In 16 years of writing a column, I had never seen a single stroke in person. We have good people

VANTAGE POINT

who write about golf, and it just never

Asked why I never cover the sport, I would flippantly say, "I don't do golf," but I never bashed the sport, ever. I have played five times in my life, always visiting somebody, and I loved the physical and mental challenge, but just couldn't see having the time, the money,

the psychic energy, to do it justice.

The week before last, while I was visiting family in Seattle, the PGA Championship happened to be nearby, so I volunteered to write a column on the final day. On a drizzly Sunday morning, a press official graciously handed me the yellow armband that allows a handful of journalists to walk the course -'inside the ropes.

Unbelievable. The trend these days is to move reporters farther from the action, to sell the seats to wealthy fans, but I was given the visceral equivalent of standing on the sideline of a football

I could have followed Tiger Woods or Mark O'Meara, or watched everybody play through one specific hole, but I opted to start with the final pair, Vijay Singh and Steve Stricker, who were four strokes ahead. Following my colleague, Fred Klein of The Wall Street Journal, I ducked under the rope, and bunkered down just a few dozen yards from the

There was Stricker, a relatively lean, standard-issue white-American-male golfer, and Singh, a more fleshy, seemingly boneless man of Indian ancestry, who was born in Fiii.

I am used to being around the Jordans and McGwires, athletes who use blatant grace and power to control a moving ball. Now I watched two rather ordinary-looking humans turn themselves into compact, tightly wound instruments of delivery of a stationary ball.

Thwock, So great was their aim that thousands of people up close felt to no before I catch another round.

danger of being skulled as the balls rocketed down the narrow fairways

lined with fir trees. Click-clack. Occasionally, a ball wound end np facing thick trunks and branches looming like a forest full of the Chicago Bulls. If Stricker or Singh needed to get below a Pippen-like branch, they hit a vicious line drive with

no arc at all. If they needed to get above a Rod-manesque tree, they hit a soaring shot that invoked the word "parabola." And usually the ball would land, plop, near some distant green, or maybe a few feet

from the cup.

The next thing I noticed was the interplay between golfers and caddies.
Once, I heard Singh's caddy say, ''lt's too far," and then shake his bead neg-atively when Singh putted short, and at the end, Singh would praise the man for his wisdom. Stricker also used hand gestures that could be taken as imperious to ask his caddy to make a sighting for him.

In the trek along the course, the re-porters and officials were careful to leave space for Singh and Stricker, but sometimes you would hear a dainty little clatter, and you would scamper to the side to let the caddies move ahead.

Stricker seemed more tense, but also more friendly, occasionally waving his arms in response to applause. Once during a lull. I heard him chatting with a course official, asking him what he did for a living. Singh was more distant, barely acknowledging his surround-

The fans in designer clothes, who had paid hundreds of dollars to be there. were racially mixed, including dozens of Indians, and one man in a bright purple turban. I'm just guessing Tiger Woods had a larger percentage of African-Americans, but I never caught a glimpse of him. This was where the action was, as Singh won the major title by two strokes over Stricker.
As I wrote my column that afternoon,

my legs tingled from walking four miles, often on steep hillsides. I have great respect for Casey Martin, the talented professional with a debilitating leg ailment who has received legal permission to use a golf cart.

However, the pleasant ache to my legs confirmed my outsider's opinion that walking 18 holes is as much a challenge for top golfers as bunkers and

After the distinct privilege of walking to their spongy footsteps, I will follow these athletes with even greater respect. I doubt it will take another 16 years

Court Still Holds Soccer Fan

The Associated Press French authorities placed Elscher DOUAI, France — A French court to custody on June 23 but released Wednesday refused to free a German him about a month later. He was again soccer fan suspected of beating a incarcerated on Aug. 5.
French policeman during the World French judicial autho

Cup.
The ruling means that Karl-Heinz Elscher will remain in custody while an investigation into the attack on Daniel Nivel, who fell into a coma for

six weeks after the beating, continues. Elseber was arrested after the artack on Nivel, who was hit on the bead with an iron bar shortly after a June 21 World Cup match between Germany and Yugoslavia in the northern town

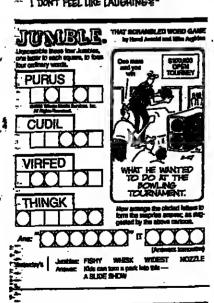
French judicial authorities are investigating whether to press charges against Elscher for "attempted hom-icide" of a member of the French police force. Doctors say that Nivel's condition has improved since he emerged from a coma earlier this month but that he still has difficulties

understanding.
Four other suspects are in custody in Germany, facing charges of at-tempted murder, causing serious bod-ily harm and disturbing the peace.

DENNIS THE MENACE



I JUST HIT MY FUNNY BONE! HOW COME I DON'T FEEL LIKE LAUGHING?"



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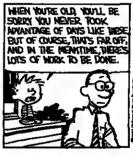




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CALVIN AND HOBBES







WIZARD of ID









NON SEQUITUR













VIDEOS

The Faces of Apes

By Peter M. Nichols New York Times Service

NEW YORK — Early in "Planet of the Apes," the 1968 science-fiction film that spawned four sequels, two televisioo series and all manner of girncrackery through the 1970s, a tall, lithe astronaut named Taylor corrects the misimpression of two intellectual chimpanzees who are trying to determine who this supposedly primitive human is and where he fits into the cosmic puzzle.

"I am not the missing link," he informs them. Having crashed-landed a spaceship on an unknown planet he believes to be 320 light-years from Earth, Taylor, portrayed with abrasive strength by Charlton Heston, and a cowering band of mutant humans have been rounded up by ferocious gorilla cavalrymen and tossed in a cage as if they were --- well, gorillas.

Throughout all five films, the species are at each other's throats. Interestingly, though, this culture clashing had no negative effect on the films' popularity as family entertainment. Critics hold that the science-fiction settings gave the

"Planet" movies latitude to confroot dicey social situations in ways that may have turned off audiences of more Planet of the Apes' spawned conventional movies. Whatever the case, watched end to four sequels. end in a new set of videos

from Fox, together with an informative documentary, "Behind the Planet of the Apes," the films reflect an extraordinary accommodation of messages burning to be dramatized in the era of Vietnam protest and violent racial unrest, on one hand, and the restraints and sweeteners required for a family movie on the other.

Adapted from a novel by Pierre Boulle and written by Rod Serling and Michael Wilson, who had been blacklisted in 1951 for supposed Communist connections, "Planet of the Apes" was relentlessly promoted from the time it was just a concept hy the producer Arthur Jacobs. Hollywood, however, found the idea of costumed apes uncomfortably close to Saturday morning cartoons. Only Richard Zanuck, the head of 20th Century-Fox, was willing to make the film.

'We chose it strictly for its entertainment value,' he said recently, "It was something that we'd never seen before."
Zanuck oversaw "Planet of the Apes," which was directed by
Franklin Schaffner, and its first sequel, "Beneath the Planet of the Apes" (1970), before he moved on from Fox.

With writers like Serling and Wilson, message was inevitable. In "Planet of the Apes," by far the best film of the series, humans are the primitive, speechless primates; the apes, neatly compartmentalized in their own social classes (gorillas do the fighting, chimpanzees are the intellectuals and orangutans are political leaders) and busily engaged in all the power games humans play, defensively rule the roost, Taylor, a smart, tough, can-do kind of fellow from an order of humans developed eons earlier, electrifies his highly prejudiced captors with his first words: "Take your stinking paws off me. you damned dirty ape."

Only Zanuck was willing to make the film.

ter man, Taylor is a refugee from a human society he suspects has long ago destroyed warfare. "He's disgusted with life and the human race," Heston said.

But always there are deadly

matters at hand. A harsh, bit-

The sequels grow darker. In "Beneath the Planet of the Apes," the gorilla army ignores antiwar protesters and marches oo human mutants living in an underground For-hiddeo Zooe (a hlitzed New York City). The humans are praying to their god. "Glory be to the bomh and to the holy

fallout as it was in the beginning." intones a priest.

By the second sequel, "Escape From the Planet of the Apes" (1971), humans again have the upper hand. The engaging chimpanzees Cornelius and Zira are refugees oo Earth, having escaped nuclear destruction in the spaceship Taylor rode in on in the first film. As the apes were with Taylor, humans are startled to learn that Zira can talk ("I is). Later it is discovered that Zira is pregnant. and she and Cornelius are hunted down and killed by humans who fear the onset of an ape baby boom.

In the third sequel, "Conquest of the Planet of the Apes" (1972), the apes are trained as slaves. After much provocation. Caesar organizes his species and stages a revolution. In keeping with the rising tide of violence in American movies in the early '70s, pitched battles are fought in the streets of Los Angeles.

At test screenings, women gathered up their children and ran for the exits. The studio was alarmed. With family appeal threatened, the violence was toned down in "Battle for the Planet of the Apes" (1973), the final film of the series. At the seemed to know better.

Jose Quintero: Rescuing O'Neill, and Himself

By Mel Gussow New York Times Service

NEW YORK — The theater is Jose Quintero's lifeline. "It is oot a mere profession," he said. "It helps me to clarify the process of living. I know my way around this ground. It's like reading Braille."

He was standing in front of the stage at the Provincetowo Playhouse in Greenwich Village and facing a group of theater students, teachers and professionals.

"I am here to open doors," he continued. The doors are to the plays of Eugene O'Neill. For nearly 50 years, Quintero has been the preeminent director of O'Neill and the artist most responsible for re-establishing the reputation of the Nobel Prize-winning playwright.

This month Quintero is back in New York from his home in Sarasota, Florida, for a series of public forums, a feature of the Play-wrights Theater's festival of O'Neill. The festival's inaugural program, early O'Neill one-acts, runs through Sept. 11 at the Provincetown, and over the next seven years the company plans to present all 49 of O'Neill's plays.

Since 1987, when throat cancer took away his normal power of speech, Quintero has spoken with the aid of a Servox, a micropbonelike instrument that he holds firmly to his neck. Speaking slowly and precisely, he sounds like a robot in an echo chamber. But listeners can attune themselves to his voice, and when he talks it is with his customary passion, especially when the subject is O'Neill and in this case "Long Day's Journey Into Night."

Io this opening session, he spoke for two hours about his loog re-lationship with the work of O'Neill and with the playwright's widow, Carlotta Monterey O'Neill. Relat-ing his own life to "Long Day's Journey," he took his audience step by step through the text. In subsequent forums, actors joined him onstage and acted out scenes

from the works being analyzed.



Quintero, who speaks with the aid of a mechanical voice box.

tor has created a new career as a offers ended and he found himself lecturer and university professor. He teaches directing and acting, dividing his year between the University of Houstoo and Florida State University.

In his roller-coaster career, Quintero has moved from euphoria to despair and back again. He has hatiled alcoholism and other private demons while repeatedly revitalizing himself. In the 1950s, with Theodore Mann at Circle in the Square, he reclaimed the careers of Tennessee Williams and O'Neill with his historic revivals of "Summer and Smoke" and "The Iceman Cometh," which made stars of Geraldine Page and Jason Robards.

He moved to Broadway with "Long Day's Journey Into Night" and other plays, hut hy the early Despite his handicap, the direc- 1970s, after a series of crises, the

emotionally and artistically destimte. Then, with his 1973 Broadway revival of "A Moon for the Misbegotten," starring Robards and Colleen Dewhurst, he per-formed another theatrical miracle. At the time he said: "Life is a series of deaths and resurrections. I

suppose O'Neill taught me that."
Sitting in a borrowed Manhattan apartment, he looked back on his bout with cancer. "I marvel that I'm still here," he said. "As you may imagine, when I was told I was to lose my voice, it was a terrible shock. Although the doctor gave me a very slim chance of survival. I oever thought about dying. My main preoccupation was how I was

going to earn my living. My whole life had been communication."

tive theatrical life. He conducted newed clarity. He began talking workshops in California. Then Sidabout his landmark production of one Berger, a former student of his oey Berger, a former student of his and the director of the School of Theater at the University of Houston, invited him to teach.

"He's a great gift," said Berger, who attends all the director's classes. "One of the students said that going to Jose's classes is like going to church. He gives you not just technique but the spiritual jus-tification for being in the theater."

Occasionally Quintero has re-

turned to directing, most recently in 1996, when he did "The Long Voyage Home" in Provincetown, Massachusetts, but teaching has become almost a full-time occupation.

Reflecting on his past, he said that "A Moon for the Misbegotten" was one play he would never do again because it was impossible for him to see it without thinking of his actors. "It was never regarded as a great play," he said. "Then with Colleen and Jason and myself and Ed Flanders, something happened, and the play came into full bloom. Many times I went to see it and there was a line of luminosity." That production, he said, "will live in my imagination as long as I live — and in the imagination of those who saw it."

He said that one reason for his success with O'Neill is that he never thought of him as a realistic playwright. One model for his version of "Moon" was Van Gogh's "Starry Night." The day before the inter-view he had gone to the Museum of Modern Art to look at the painting "You wouldn't call that a realistic painting," he said, "and yet he really caught the magnificent drunken feeling of moonlight and

stars swirling in the sky."

Looking back oo his life, he said the happiest times were at the beginning of Circle in the Square, when the excitement of discovery was in the air every day. For all his success on Broadway, he has al-ways considered himself an off-Broadway director. As he recalled those days, his enthusiasm in-wright. He adde Eventually he returned to an ac-creased and his words took on re-people's lives."

In 1956 he decided to revive the play, which had been a disappointment in its original Broadway run in 1946. Robards had acted for him once, and Quintero wanted him for the small role of Jimmy Tomorrow. The actor, who was driving a taxicab

The actor, who was driving a taxicab to make a fiving, came to see him.

"Very timidly," Quintero remembered, "he said he would like a crack at Hickey," the central role and at that point not yet cast.

"Jason looked like the opposite of the description by O'Neili. He was so thin and his eyes were so haunting. He seemed like the last person you would think of casting person you would think of casting as Hickey." Nevertheless, Quintero agreed to let him read the role. For an audience of one, Robards

Sur His E

started Hickey's monologue, his long aria of culpability, and Quin-tero was astonished. "Suddenly my understanding of the depths of the play began to emerge," he said.
"He knew more about O'Neill than
I did. He added texture, and I could almost feel it in my hands. I could certainly feel it resonating inside me. Not since 'Crime and Punishment' had guilt been so tangible to me. He went on like a man possessed. He began to sweat rivers of sweat — and I did too.
Finally I said, "That's enough."
He explained, "From the moment

he began to talk, the part belonged to him. He was Hickey. It was one of those illuminating moments - almost an epiphany. I knew Jason was a good actor. I didn't know he was a great actor." That evening, he tele-phoned Robards and said, "The part is yours."

The opening, the ecstatic reviews, the acclamation, the careers all followed, but it was that reading that made everything possible. As Quintero said, "There in one aftermoon that seemed like any afternoon, this was taking place, and it changed three people's lives" -the actor, the director and the playwright. He added, "Not only three



end, ape and human children mingle in a hopeful sign of HONORING NAMIBIA - Fishing and Maritime harmony. But from first film to last, the "Planet" series Minister Abraham Iyambo with Gil, the Lisbon Expo mascot, at celebrations at the Namibia pavilion.

THE "Titanic" star Leonardo Di-L Caprio is out of the running as the serial killer in "American Psycho," an adaptation of the Bret Easton Ellis oovel. The 23-year-old actor and the independent studio Lions Gate Films couldn't agree on a starting date, the Los Angeles Times and the New York Daily News reported. DiCaprio is scheduled to begin filming "The Beach" in January.

Priscilla Presley was awarded a man who claimed they had an affair before she married Elvis Presley. The court ruled that Lavern Currie Grant, a former army buddy of Presley's, made false statements that were used as the source for the book "Child Bride: The Uotold Story of Priscilla Beaulieu Presley" by Suzanne Finstad.

The mention of John Dos Passos brings to mind fiction like "Three Sol-diers," "Manhattan Transfer" and the "U.S.A." trilogy. But Dos Passos was a former record-holder in the peculiar

also an artist of another sort - a modernist whose earliest works were drawn in the trenches during World War I, when be drove ambulances in Italy for the Red Cross. Over more than 50 years, Dos Passos created about 600 works. Beginning on Sept. 9, 32 works will be exhibited through Oct. 8 under the title "Colors That Will Not Fade" at the Century Association in New York. . . .

PEOPLE

A Salvador Dali fan began an attempt \$75,000 in a defamation lawsuit against—to deliver the world's longest speech to mark the 33th anniversary of the day the late surrealist painter declared the railroad station in Perpignan, France, the center of the universe. Lluis Colet plans to speak nonstop for more than 24 hours, until Thursday at 4:21 P.M., the time Dali arrived in Pezpignan in 1965 to make his pronouncement.

> A British man will spend half a year entombed in the garden of his local pub as a tribute to his dead mother - herself

sport of being buried alive. Geoff Smith, 37, plans to climb into a box. Saturday that will be lowered into a hole near the Railway Inn pub in Mansfield, England, He hopes to stay underground 180 days — long enough to beat the current world record-holder. In 1968, Smith's mother, Emma, spent 101 days buried alive in Skegness, setting a world record that stood until 1981.

Gary Coleman, the former child star of TV's "Diff rent Strokes" from 1978 to 1986, pleaded not guilty to slugging a woman who sought his autograph at the mall where he works as a security guard. Coleman, 30, did not appear in court for arraignment on a misdemeanor assault charge. The judge set a pretrial hearing for Oct. 20. Tracy Fields, a Los Angeles bus driver, said Coleman signed an autograph and then flew into a rage when she asked him to personalize it for her son on July 30. In a \$1 million lawsuit against Coleman, Fields alleges that she suffers headaches and nuscle spasms as a result of the attack.



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